

THE EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

16TH YEAR. NO. 80.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1900.

TWO CENTS

MOTHER AND CHILD BURNED TO A CRISP.

Husband Jumped From the Window and Called to Them to Follow Suit.

THEY FAILED TO DO IT

Only the Charred Remains Were Found After the Fire Had Been Extinguished.

DETAILS OF THE CALAMITY

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George Brown then endeavored to find an alarm box, but not being familiar with their location, gave up the search and ran to the fire station, where the department were notified and were on the ground almost immediately.

The fire had gained such headway before the inmates of the house could be aroused that the entire building was enveloped in smoke. Samuel Lichtenstein's family slept in the upstairs room and the man saved himself by jumping from a window about nine feet from the ground, calling to his wife and child to follow.

They either did not hear him or were confused or overcome by the smoke that they could not move, for they were found lying where the bed had been, apparently never having moved.

The bed on which they laid had been entirely consumed and the bodies were burned beyond recognition.

Lichtenstein was attired only in his under garments and soon after his escape was provided with a pair of trousers and a quilt, which was wrapped about his body.

He was much affected and sobbed and wailed continually. He was afterward given a pair of shoes and a hat by some of the neighbors.

Mr. and Mrs. Markus Lichtenstein slept in a downstairs room and when the fire broke out in the kitchen next to their rooms, warned Bert, a brother of Mark, who slept upstairs, who succeeded in escaping through the lower part of the house.

Mark stated that he made an attempt to arouse his mother and sister and thinks he heard them answer, but owing to the confusion might have been mistaken in this. He went to the upstairs room in the portion of the building occupied by him and attempted to break in the door, but it

became so hot he was compelled to return, having had his right leg badly burned.

The people in the back of the building had no difficulty in getting away, and were lucky enough to save some few articles from the fire, but the other families will lose everything they possessed, not even saving enough clothing to keep them comfortable.

Mrs. Lichtenstein was 50 years of age and leaves a husband and three sons.

Charles Pifer, who resides across the street, informed a reporter this morning that he saw Mrs. Lichtenstein at the window just after her husband had made his escape and states that had she so wished she could have easily made her way from the burning building, but it is thought the lady became so excited that she hesitated and before she could make her escape was suffocated by the smoke, which was blowing in dense clouds from the west side of the building, where it originated.

Mark Lichtenstein and his wife were taken to the home of Thomas McCann, Sixth street, where they were provided with clothing, while the father was brought to the residence of Mrs. Ann Fry, Seventh street, where he now is.

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The actual cost of constructing the sewers was \$6,151 69; stringer bid, \$7,690 54.

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To the Honorable Body of City Council.

Gentlemen—We, the members of the board of sewer commissioners herewith hand you a detailed report of the business transacted by this body to date, and you will also please find attached thereto an itemized report, together with a comparative statement by the city engineer, in which comparison you will find the fact set forth that notwithstanding the many discouragements incident to the work, and the heavy increase in price of labor and material, it has been the privilege of the board, under the system by which the installing of the sewers has been conducted to date, i. e., the laying of the lines in small sections—to make a net saving to the city of over \$1,500, as against what it would have cost under the lowest bid submitted for the whole of district No. 2. You will notice in comparing our cash balance with approximate bills payable, that the board are in need of funds, and would therefore request in this connection that you proceed at this meeting to place to the credit of the treasurer of the sewer commissioners the sum of \$2,000, with which to meet present needs and to provide for contemplated improvements.

Respectfully submitted,
F. H. CROXALL,
Secretary Board of Sewer Commissioners.

Receipts and Expenditures of Sewer Commissioners from Jan. 14, 1898, to Sept. 1, 1900.

Jan. 14, 1898, cash from city	\$1,040 85
Nov. 24, 1899, note from Council	500 00
Dec. 8, 1899, note from Council	1,000 00
March 17, 1900, cash for city	1,000 00
April 30, 1900, cash for city	2,000 00
July 26, 1900, cash from Arbuthnot Bros.	5 00
Total	\$5,545 85
Expenditures	\$5,014 99
Cash balance	530 86
Bills payable	\$1,221 95
Less balance	530 86

Deficit \$ 691 09
The following is the total number of feet laid:
2,200 lineal feet Franklin avenue, Rural lane and Seventh street; 1,558 lineal feet Grant street, Basil avenue and Spring street; 156 lineal feet Ten foot alley, east of Lincoln avenue; 1,526 lineal feet Thompson avenue; 128 lineal feet Thompson avenue contin-

ued August, 1900; 158 lineal feet Thompson avenue and Forest street for lot 1610; 1,250 lineal feet West Market street; 134 lineal feet Norton street; 146 lineal feet Woodlawn avenue; 4,859 lineal feet Main Trunk sewer; total 12,115 lineal feet or 2.29 miles.

Expenditures.	
Franklin avenue, Rural lane and Seventh street	\$1,040 92
Grant street, Basil avenue and Spring street	659 09
Ten foot alley leading off Lincoln avenue	38 32
Thompson avenue	979 88
Thompson avenue continued August, 1900	48 09
Thompson avenue and Forest street	69 81
West Market street	204 82
Norton street	44 66
Woodlawn avenue	111 67
Main trunk sewer	4,090 53
Pipe in stock to date	131 85
Material to city of East Liverpool	108 30
Material to East Liverpool Land company	74 09
Total	\$7,620 03
Less amount spent on Thompson avenue and other city sewers	\$1,088 18
	\$6,531 85

The actual cost of constructing the sewers was \$6,151 69; stringer bid, \$7,690 54.

JOHN A. GEORGE,
City Engineer.

When the clerk finished reading this report President Marshall remarked that it did not comply with his request, and what he wanted to know was what authority the commissioners had for spending the money and if they could collect the assessments.

The commissioners were given \$2,000 on account, Marshall, Peach and Smith voting no.

A post mortem was then held and everybody had something to say, Marshall remarked that he had been trying to get the legal status of affairs for a year. He said he was in favor of the sewer, but didn't want all the taxpayers to have to pay for it.

Peach said he thought the commissioners had used up the \$7,000 they had asked for and wanted to know where it was going to stop.

Smith said some of the sewers had been completed and the assessments should be collected.

George remarked that the assessments were now being made out and would be ready in 10 days and then the city would get several thousand dollars.

Solicitor Gaston will give council a legal opinion on the matter at their next meeting.

COUNCIL.

Didn't Transact a Great Deal of Business in a Three Hour Session.

All members of council were present last night when the session was called to order at 8:10 o'clock by President Marshall.

They adjourned at 11:20 after one of the longest drawn out and most uninteresting sessions in their history.

REQUEST GRANTED

Pennsylvania Residents Will Have a 12-Foot Instead of 10-Foot Sidewalks.

The property owners on Pennsylvania avenue last evening petitioned council to change the sidewalks from 8 feet to 10 feet between Sugar street and Vine street. Upon motion of Mc-Lane the request was granted.

NARROW ESCAPE FOR THE BRIDGE

Fire Broke Out In a Small Straw Pile Near the Freight Depot This Morning.

A BOY DROPPED A MATCH

And For a Time It Seemed as Though the New Bridge Was Doomed.

DEPARTMENT ACTED PROMPTLY

Fire broke out at 11 o'clock this morning at a point between the outbound platform of the Pennsylvania company and the C. C. Thompson pottery.

Several small boys had been noticed in the vicinity earlier in the day, and it is supposed they either dropped a match in the straw, which was scattered about, or had been smoking and dropped the cigar stump in the straw.

A number of crates were lying on the ground between the track immediately under the bridge, and each contained a quantity of straw for packing purposes. On the north side of the pile of straw is a platform some 40 feet long, used by the Thompson company in loading cars, and this was soon ablaze.

On the other side just opposite stood two box cars, one of which caught fire and burned like tinder.

An alarm had been sent in and the department responded. When they arrived the car was almost entirely consumed and the second one had started to burn.

By this time the blaze had become so hot that the flooring in the bridge caught fire and the department were compelled to direct their attention in that direction.

The loss to the Thompson company will amount to \$300, and that sustained by the railway company will reach about \$100.

An attempt will be made to find the boys who started the fire.

GASOLINE STOVE

Caused a Small Fire Last Evening at the Home of Henry J. Abrams.

A small fire occurred in Drury lane last evening, which, had it not been for the prompt action of Henry J. Abrams, would doubtless have resulted disastrously.

About 11 o'clock a gasoline stove exploded and the whole room was enveloped in flames. Mr. Abrams quickly secured a blanket and it was some time before the flames were extinguished.

The gentleman had his hand badly burned and some damage was done to the house. The department was not called.

STRIKE WILL BE DECLARED TODAY.

Special to News Review.
Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 12.—President Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers of America, says that unless something unforeseen happens a strike will be declared today. LEWIS.

The News Review for all the news.

OUR DEAR BOY LETTERS--NO 5

He Deals With "Paramount" Issues
and Tells of Burned
Powder.

TALKS OF GOLD STANDARD

Asserts That "Militarism" and
"Imperialism" Are Made Use
of to Hide "Free Coinage."

GLORIES IN OUR VOLUNTEERS

My Dear Boy--You ask why the
Democrats insist that imperialism and
militarism are the "paramount issues
of this campaign."

The reason, my son, is very plain.
Our Democratic friends are pushing
these things to the front because
there isn't anything else for them
to talk about this year. All the rest
of their powder has been burnt once
and wont even fizzle this year. Their
platform denounces the Dingley tariff
bill, but they do not wish to meet us
before the people on that issue. The
hard times under the Wilson bill and
the recent prosperity under our pro-
tective tariff furnish an object lesson
which makes it uphill business to ar-
gue free trade this year.

Their platform also denounces the
gold standard legislation and demands
free coinage of silver at the ratio of
16 to 1. But that powder was burnt
four years ago and events have shown
the falsity of their predictions.

They are like the boy who when
beaten playing marbles says, "Let's
play something else." Beaten on tar-
riff and the money question, they want
to play "militarism" awhile. Their
lack of any other issue is responsible
for the conjuring up of the spectre of
"imperialism."

But while they are not talking
about free trade or free silver, the
people are not going to forget that
they are the free trade and free sil-
ver party. And, as Mr. Lincoln used
to say, that reminds me of a little
story.

One of our excellent missionaries
and his good wife went to an island
in Polynesia about fifty years ago.
They stayed there 16 years and their
work was wonderfully successful.
They found a tribe of savages. They
left a tribe of civilized, Christian
people, industrious and temperate,
"clothed in their right minds."

The incident which illustrates my
point occurred during the first year
of their residence on the island. A
chief clothed in sunshine and nothing
else called on the missionaries. They
treated him politely, but as he left the
house the missionary followed him
and said:

"Chief, we are glad to see you and
want you to come again, but in my
country men wear clothes and my
wife is not accustomed to see men
without clothing. The next time you
come to see us, wont you please put
on a little clothing, one or two gar-
ments at least?"

The chief promised compliance. A
few nights after he entered the mis-
sionaries' home with a satisfied smile
on his face, saying: "Me all right
now."

He had on a shirt collar and a pair
of socks.

My son, Mr. Bryan and his friends
are badly deceived if they think that
their "imperialism" collar and "mili-
tarism" socks will hide the free trade
and free silver nakedness of the Demo-
cratic party from the gaze of the
American people.

By the way, speaking of "militar-
ism," I advise you always to watch
with suspicion any man or any party

that is afraid of the United States
army. Our army is a volunteer army
of as gallant men as the sun ever
shone upon. They are our defenders
and the protectors of our persons and
property. Hard-working, uncomplain-
ing, brave and faithful, they follow the
flag through summer's sun and winter's
storm, through tropical jungles and
the dangers of fever and of battle for
you and me and for their country's
sake. If a man is a good, law-abiding
citizen he has no reason to be afraid
of an American soldier.

I was one, my father was one, my
grandfather was one, and my great-
grandfather was one, and I feel like
taking off my hat to every soldier I
meet. And whenever I find a man who
is afraid of the "tyranny" of our gal-
lant little army, I feel like asking
him what he has been doing. It is
a small army for so great a nation,
and the introduction of "militarism"
in this campaign shows that our Dem-
ocratic friends are hard up for an
issue.

YOUR FATHER.

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But Council Finally Settled Where the
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After everybody had a turn at the
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The rest of the way it will be loca-
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ing ladies, 1; assault, 1; assault and
battery, 2; fighting, 2; non-support, 1;
wife beating, 1; gambling, 2; at-
tempted burglary, 1; lewd conduct, 2;
provoking breach of peace, 1; total,
68.

A FUNNY INCIDENT.

Chairman Peach Caused a Laugh at
the Expense of Councilman
O. D. Nice.

Last night while council was ac-
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and Peach was making a speech, Nice
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"We might give them a leather
medal."

"Never mind the leather, you need
all the leather you got," replied
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There was a general laugh and it
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to the solicitor and engineer.

Report of Chief Morley.

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Fire patrol, 31; ambulance, 9; pris-
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Night In Regard to the
Transient Dealers.

WILL NOW COST \$25 A DAY

If They Wish to Ship Goods In
Here and Sell Them Out by
the Car Load.

CAN IT BE ENFORCED BY LAW

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it. The ordinance provides that
transient dealers must pay a license
fee of not less than \$25 or more than
\$50 per day, and the mayor can at
any time revoke their licenses. For
failure to secure the license it pro-
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than \$25 or more than \$50.

Grosshans explained that the pur-
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people from coming in here and sell-
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McHenry said some of the residents
here did business that way and he
didn't think they should be excluded.

Cripps said the ordinance was sim-
ply introduced for the benefit of one
firm and would give them a monop-
oly on fruit if it passed.

Heddleston said he was in business,
and he said let them come.

Smith said the people got the advan-
tage of the transient dealers and gave
instances where fruit and melons had
been sold very cheap.

The ordinance finally passed after
the word transient had been changed
to non-resident.

Cripps and McHenry voted against
the ordinance.

STREET COMMISSIONER

Has Been Instructed to Improve Ra-
vine Street and Bradshaw
Avenue.

Last night at council Chairman
Peach of the street committee re-
ported that the street committee had
viewed Ravine street and Bradshaw
avenue.

They recommended that 75 or 80
feet of sewer be put in on Ravine
street and Bradshaw avenue be im-
proved.

The report was received and the
street commissioner instructed to do
the work under the direction of the
street committee.

FUMIGATED.

The Last Case of Scarlet Fever in the
City of East Liver-
pool.

Health Officer Burgess yesterday
fumigated the residence of John Mc-
Henry, Oak street, where William Mc-
Henry, the 16-year-old son of the
householder, was ill with scarlet fe-
ver. The house was quarantined on
the 27th of August.

The health officer informs us that
this is the last case of scarlet fever
in our city.

Shoes Shaken Up.

You don't need a search-light to find
the Bargains we are offering this
month.

Ladies' \$1.50 Black Lace Shoes, (up to date style)	\$1.20
Ladies' \$1 50 Tan Lace Shoes, (up to date style,)	\$1.00
A lot of Ladies' \$2 50 Button Shoes.....	\$1.50
A lot of Ladies' \$1 25 to \$2 00 Oxfords (on Job Counter)	50 ^c
A lot of Ladies' \$1 25 and \$1 00 Black Shoes.....	85 ^c
A lot of Ladies' \$3.00 and \$3 50 Tan Shoes.....	\$1.90

Men's Tan Shoes Still go at Great Reductions.

We have an extraordinary large selection of
Boys' and Girls' School Shoes, the kind that
are easy on pocketbook and feet.

THE HEISLER-BENCE SHOE CO.



Young Women

The entry into womanhood is a critical time
for a girl. With her whole being undergoing a
change, the seeds of female troubles are sown.
Little menstrual disorders, if neglected at the
time, will follow the woman all her life and
grow into fatal complications. That female
troubles are robbing homes and filling grave-
yards, proves this. Yet, irregular and painful
menstruation are often permitted to go on, sap-
ping the life and energy, while Wine of Cardui,
the positive relief for these ills, is on the shelf
of every drug store. Wine of Cardui helps the
maiden sustain the shock of puberty by induc-
ing a painless and natural menstrual flow.
When once this important function is started
right, a healthy life will usually follow. Wine
of Cardui is an emmenagogue of great power,
and works wonders in strengthening the deli-
cate and sensitive female organs. Many young
women owe their lives to Wine of Cardui. No
woman should give up hope until she has given
Wine of Cardui a trial. If thousands have
secured relief through it, why not you?

WINE OF CARDUI

Tully, Kas., Feb. 24, 1899.
I have suffered untold pain at menstrual
periods for a long time; was nervous, had no
appetite, and lost interest in everything; in
fact was miserable. I have taken four bottles
of Wine of Cardui with Black-Draught when
needed and to-day I am entirely cured. I can-
not express the thanks I feel for what you
have done for me.

Miss DELLA M. STRAYER.

In cases requiring special directions,
address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies'
Advisory Department," The Chat-
ta-nooga Medicine Company, Chat-
ta-nooga, Tenn.

OHIO VALLEY Business College

Has an excellent corps of teachers, each a specialist in his line. Individual
Instruction in all branches. ACTUAL BUSINESS Bookkeeping,
Banking, Corporation, etc.; Shorthand, Typewriting, (Touch System) Penman-
ship and Common Branches. Enter at the opening of the term, Sept 4, 1900.

J. H. WEAVER, M. S.,

President.

F. T. WEAVER, B. C. S.,

Secretary and Business Manager.

SUMMER OUTINGS.

Where to go and How to get There

The seashore, mountain and lake
resorts constitute the most attractive
pleasure grounds for the summer idler.

They are within easy reach via Penn-
sylvania lines, and agents of that rail-
way system will furnish full informa-
tion about rates, train service and
through car comforts to any of the
summer havens. They will assist in
arranging details for vacation trips
and give valuable information free of
charge. Apply to the nearest Penn-
sylvania lines passenger and ticket
agents and be relieved of all bother in
shaping preliminaries for your summer
outing and vacation trip. Adam Hill,
ticket agent, East Liverpool, O.

Excursions to Richmond, Va., Via
Pennsylvania Lines.

September 13, 14, 15 and 16 for Sov-
ereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., con-
vention, excursion tickets will be sold
to Richmond, Va., via Pennsylvania
lines, good returning Tuesday, Sept.
25, inclusive.

Special Low Rate Excursion to Pitts-
burg Exposition Sept. 15.

\$1.75 from Toronto; \$1.70 from
Wellsville; \$1.55 from East Liverpool
via Pennsylvania lines special excu-
sion to Pittsburg exposition Saturday,
Sept. 15, returning coupons valid until
Monday, Sept. 17. The fare includes
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month.

Ladies' \$1.50 Black Lace Shoes, (up to date style)	\$1.20
Ladies' \$1 50 Tan Lace Shoes, (up to date style,)	\$1.00
A lot of Ladies' \$2 50 Batton Shoes.....	\$1.50
A lot of Ladies' \$1 25 to \$2 00 Oxfords (on Job Counter)	50 ^c
A lot of Ladies' \$1 25 and \$1 00 Black Shoes.....	85 ^c
A lot of Ladies' \$3.00 and \$3 50 Tan Shoes.....	\$1.90

Men's Tan Shoes Still go at Great Reductions.

We have an extraordinary large selection of
Boys' and Girls' School Shoes, the kind that
are easy on pocketbook and feet.

THE HEISLER-BENCE SHOE CO.



Young Women

The entry into womanhood is a critical time
for a girl. With her whole being undergoing a
change, the seeds of female troubles are sown.
Little menstrual disorders, if neglected at the
time, will follow the woman all her life and
grow into fatal complications. That female
troubles are robbing homes and filling grave-
yards, proves this. Yet, irregular and painful
menstruation are often permitted to go on, sap-
ping the life and energy, while Wine of Cardui,
the positive relief for these ills, is on the shelf
of every drug store. Wine of Cardui helps the
maiden sustain the shock of puberty by induc-
ing a painless and natural menstrual flow.
When once this important function is started
right, a healthy life will usually follow. Wine
of Cardui is an emmenagogue of great power,
and works wonders in strengthening the deli-
cate and sensitive female organs. Many young
women owe their lives to Wine of Cardui. No
woman should give up hope until she has given
Wine of Cardui a trial. If thousands have
secured relief through it, why not you?

WINE OF CARDUI

Tully, Kas., Feb. 24, 1899.
I have suffered untold pain at menstrual
periods for a long time; was nervous, had no
appetite, and lost interest in everything; in
fact was miserable. I have taken four bottles
of Wine of Cardui with Black-Draught when
needed and to-day I am entirely cured. I can-
not express the thanks I feel for what you
have done for me.

Miss DELLA M. STRAYER.

In cases requiring special directions,
address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies'
Advisory Department," The Chat-
ta-nooga Medicine Company, Chat-
ta-nooga, Tenn.

OHIO VALLEY Business College

Has an excellent corps of teachers, each a specialist in his line. Individual
Instruction in all branches. ACTUAL BUSINESS Bookkeeping,
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ship and Common Branches. Enter at the opening of the term, Sept. 4, 1900.

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President.

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Secretary and Business Manager.

SUMMER OUTINGS.

Where to go and How to get There

The seashore, mountain and lake
resorts constitute the most attractive
pleasure grounds for the summer idler.

They are within easy reach via Penn-
sylvania lines, and agents of that rail-
way system will furnish full informa-
tion about rates, train service and
through car comforts to any of the
summer havens. They will assist in
arranging details for vacation trips
and give valuable information free of
charge. Apply to the nearest Penn-
sylvania lines passenger and ticket
agents and be relieved of all bother in
shaping preliminaries for your summer
outing and vacation trip. Adam Hill,
ticket agent, East Liverpool, O.

Excursions to Richmond, Va., Via
Pennsylvania Lines.

September 13, 14, 15 and 16 for Sov-
ereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., con-
vention, excursion tickets will be sold
to Richmond, Va., via Pennsylvania
lines, good returning Tuesday, Sept.
25, inclusive.

Special Low Rate Excursion to Pitts-
burg Exposition Sept. 15.

\$1.75 from Toronto; \$1.70 from
Wellsville; \$1.55 from East Liverpool
via Pennsylvania lines special excu-
sion to Pittsburg exposition Saturday,
Sept. 15, returning coupons valid until
Monday, Sept. 17. The fare includes
admission to the exposition, which is
better, more extensive and complete
than ever. Hear Banda Rossa, Italy's
famous "Red band."

OUR DEAR BOY LETTERS--NO 5

He Deals With "Paramount" Issues
and Tells of Burned
Powder.

TALKS OF GOLD STANDARD

Asserts That "Militarism" and
"Imperialism" Are Made Use
of to Hide "Free Coinage."

GLORIES IN OUR VOLUNTEERS

My Dear Boy—You ask why the Democrats insist that imperialism and militarism are the "paramount issues of this campaign."

The reason, my son, is very plain. Our Democratic friends are pushing these things to the front because there isn't anything else for them to talk about this year. All the rest of their powder has been burnt once and wont even fizzle this year. Their platform denounces the Dingley tariff bill, but they do not wish to meet us before the people on that issue. The hard times under the Wilson bill and the recent prosperity under our protective tariff furnish an object lesson which makes it uphill business to argue free trade this year.

Their platform also denounces the gold standard legislation and demands free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. But that powder was burnt four years ago and events have shown the falsity of their predictions.

They are like the boy who when beaten playing marbles says, "Let's play something else." Beaten on tariff and the money question, they want to play "militarism" awhile. Their lack of any other issue is responsible for the conjuring up of the spectre of "imperialism."

But while they are not talking about free trade or free silver, the people are not going to forget that they are the free trade and free silver party. And, as Mr. Lincoln used to say, that reminds me of a little story.

One of our excellent missionaries and his good wife went to an island in Polynesia about fifty years ago. They stayed there 16 years and their work was wonderfully successful. They found a tribe of savages. They left a tribe of civilized, Christian people, industrious and temperate, "clothed in their right minds."

The incident which illustrates my point occurred during the first year of their residence on the island. A chief clothed in sunshine and nothing else called on the missionaries. They treated him politely, but as he left the house the missionary followed him and said:

"Chief, we are glad to see you and want you to come again, but in my country men wear clothes and my wife is not accustomed to see men without clothing. The next time you come to see us, wont you please put on a little clothing, one or two garments at least?"

The chief promised compliance. A few nights after he entered the missionaries' home with a satisfied smile on his face, saying: "Me all right now."

He had on a shirt collar and a pair of socks.

My son, Mr. Bryan and his friends are badly deceived if they think that their "imperialism" collar and "militarism" socks will hide the free trade and free silver nakedness of the Democratic party from the gaze of the American people.

By the way, speaking of "militarism," I advise you always to watch with suspicion any man or any party

that is afraid of the United States army. Our army is a volunteer army of as gallant men as the sun ever shone upon. They are our defenders and the protectors of our persons and property. Hard-working, uncomplaining, brave and faithful, they follow the flag through summer's sun and winter's storm, through tropical jungles and the dangers of fever and of battle for you and me and for their country's sake. If a man is a good, law-abiding citizen he has no reason to be afraid of an American soldier.

I was one, my father was one, my grandfather was one, and I feel like taking off my hat to every soldier I meet. And whenever I find a man who is afraid of the "tyranny" of our gallant little army, I feel like asking him what he has been doing. It is a small army for so great a nation, and the introduction of "militarism" in this campaign shows that our Democratic friends are hard up for an issue.

YOUR FATHER.

IT TOOK TIME

But Council Finally Settled Where the Calcutta Road Street Car Tracks Will be Located.

Council spent a long time deciding where to locate the street railway track on Calcutta road.

Smith wanted it located three feet from the west curb. Peach wanted it located in the middle of the road.

After everybody had a turn at the discussion it was decided to locate the track in the middle of the street from the head of Walnut street to Wall street.

The rest of the way it will be located three feet from the west curb.

THE REPORT

Chief Thompson for Last Month Shows That 68 Arrests Were Made.

The report of the police department from August 14 to September 1 is as follows:

Disorderly conduct, 23; grand larceny, 1; jumping freight cars, 1; intoxication, 22; petit larceny, 7; insulting ladies, 1; assault, 1; assault and battery, 2; fighting, 2; non-support, 1; wife beating, 1; gambling, 2; attempted burglary, 1; lewd conduct, 2; provoking breach of peace, 1; total, 68.

A FUNNY INCIDENT.

Chairman Peach Caused a Laugh at the Expense of Councilman O. D. Nice.

Last night while council was actively engaged in discussing a question and Peach was making a speech, Nice remarked:

"We might give them a leather medal."

"Never mind the leather, you need all the leather you got," replied Peach.

There was a general laugh and it was several minutes before the councilmen and the audience settled down.

THE PAY ORDINANCE.

Council Added a Few Bills to It And Then Passed it by a Unanimous Vote.

Council passed the pay roll last night after the newspaper bills and several other small bills had been placed on it.

Rinehart & Ryan were given \$1,500 on account of Calcutta road and Thomas McLaughlin was given \$2,000 on account.

The damage claims from the residents of Fourth street were referred to the solicitor and engineer.

Report of Chief Morley.

The report of the fire department for the last month is as follows:

Fire patrol, 31; ambulance, 9; prisoners hauled to city lockup, 32.

THEY MUST PAY A LICENSE FEE

Council Passed an Ordinance Last Night In Regard to the Transient Dealers.

WILL NOW COST \$25 A DAY

If They Wish to Ship Goods In Here and Sell Them Out by the Car Load.

CAN IT BE ENFORCED BY LAW

Council last night spent a great deal of time passing an ordinance regulating transient dealers, and in the opinion of some of the councilmen it was only time wasted, as the ordinance comes under the prohibitory head, and they do not think it can be enforced.

While Mayor Bough was in office he held that such an ordinance could not be enforced and gave a supreme court decision in support of his position.

The ordinance introduced last night was written by Attorney F. E. Grosshans and he was present to support it. The ordinance provides that transient dealers must pay a license fee of not less than \$25 or more than \$50 per day, and the mayor can at any time revoke their licenses. For failure to secure the license it provides a penalty of a fine of not less than \$25 or more than \$50.

Grosshans explained that the purpose of the ordinance was to prevent people from coming in here and selling goods from the car to the detriment of the home merchants.

McHenry said some of the residents here did business that way and he didn't think they should be excluded.

Cripps said the ordinance was simply introduced for the benefit of one firm and would give them a monopoly on fruit if it passed.

Heddlston said he was in business, and he said let them come.

Smith said the people got the advantage of the transient dealers and gave instances where fruit and melons had been sold very cheap.

The ordinance finally passed after the word transient had been changed to non-resident.

Cripps and McHenry voted against the ordinance.

STREET COMMISSIONER

Has Been Instructed to Improve Ravine Street and Bradshaw Avenue.

Last night at council Chairman Peach of the street committee reported that the street committee had viewed Ravine street and Bradshaw avenue.

They recommended that 75 or 80 feet of sewer be put in on Ravine street and Bradshaw avenue be improved.

The report was received and the street commissioner instructed to do the work under the direction of the street committee.

FUMIGATED.

The Last Case of Scarlet Fever in the City of East Liverpool.

Health Officer Burgess yesterday fumigated the residence of John McHenry, Oak street, where William McHenry, the 16-year-old son of the householder, was ill with scarlet fever. The house was quarantined on the 27th of August.

The health officer informs us that this is the last case of scarlet fever in our city.

Shoes Shaken Up.

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DID NOT PROPOSE TO BE INSULTED

Attorney McDonald Made Some
Very Heated Remarks at
Council Last Night.

AIMED AT ENGINEER GEORGE

President Marshall Rapped For
Order and the Storm Soon
Blew Over.

ALL ABOUT AN OLD BILL

Attorney J. S. McDonald and Engi-
neer George had a wordy war at coun-
cil last night and it was the only thing
to enliven what would have been a
very dull meeting.

The attorney was present to repre-
sent the East Liverpool and Rock
Springs street railway, and to talk
about that old bill for gratings used
on Third and Cook streets.

The attorney reviewed the case and
stated that the bill called for \$889.78
and that his company was desirous of
paying everything due the city, but
he thought there was some misunder-
standing in regard to the matter, as
\$447.56 of the bill was for relaying
pavements, curbing, etc.

He stated that he had gone over the
street with Superintendent Flood, of
the street railway, and they had count-
ed the gratings on the street and there
was just 213 of them.

He then presented cancelled checks
to show that the company had paid
\$458.51 for gratings on that street,
and made the assertion that the ex-
tra gratings they were charged with
were not on the street, and said if
the members of council would take
the time to go over the street they
would find that his statement was cor-
rect.

Engineer George remarked that the
company was not charged with a dol-
lar they did not owe and that every
grating for which they had been
charged was on the street and not one
of them was among the number that
had been paid for.

He closed his remarks by stating
that council had heard Mr. McDonald
talk before.

Mr. McDonald then remarked: "I
am not a rich man, but I will give you
or anybody else \$50 if you will find
more gratings on that street than I
have accounted for."

"I don't want your money," replied
George; "I earn my money."

"I don't know whether you do or
not," remarked McDonald, "and if I
had my way you wouldn't earn it very
long."

Called George Hard Names.
McDonald then became angry and
rising to his feet said:

Gentlemen, I come here as a citizen
and taxpayer and expect to be accord-
ed fair treatment. I did not come
here to be insulted by that thing
there, and I will not stand it."

He looked very much as though it
would not take very much for him
to try conclusions with the city engi-
neer.

Marshall rapped for order and said:
"Mr. McDonald we will not permit
that kind of language here. You
must keep your temper under con-
trol."

"I beg pardon as far as council is
concerned," said McDonald.

Peach poured oil on the troubled
waters by moving that the matter be
referred to a committee composed of
the president of council, the solicitor
and engineers with power to settle the
affair.

The motion carried and George ob-
jected and said it would not settle the
question.

Peach then remarked: "My object
was to get the matter out of council
and you can go down on the street
and view the place and will have
plenty of room to either fight or run."
"I will neither fight or run," re-
marked the engineer and the affair
closed.

RICH AND TAYLOR.

COUNCIL DISCUSSED THEIR TROU-
BLES LAST NIGHT,

And Finally Decided to Let the Par-
ties Settle the Dispute
Themselves.

The Leon Rich-W. J. Taylor quarrel
had another inning at council last
night.

Cripps, as chairman of the commit-
tee to investigate the affair, stated
that they had viewed the property and
recommended to Dr. Taylor that he
put in ground glass windows and that
Rich take down a piece of old fence
he has up.

He stated that Taylor was satisfied,
but Rich was not and said he would
rather move his house.

He closed by saying that if Rich
was on the alley every house was on
the alley. He suggested that council
let them fight it out themselves.

Marshall suggested that they each
be furnished a club and told to go
ahead.

Nice said it was a neighbors' quar-
rel and that Rich had said he would
not give Taylor light in his house for
\$1,000.

He closed his remarks by saying
that council should let it alone and
let the "mayor get a piece of money
out of it."

No action was taken on the mat-
ter.

CITY FINANCES

Are Not in the Best Possible Condition
And Some Funds Are
Overdrawn.

The report of Treasurer Herbert
shows balances in the following
funds:

Wharf, \$14 70; police, \$1,811 56;
light, \$4,419 88; sinking, \$50,108 30;
library, \$1,426 56.

The following funds are over-
drawn:

General, \$12,523 50; street, \$16,-
838 39; fire, \$2,882 33; interest, \$7,-
821 74; sanitary, \$1,810 31; bridge,
\$100 65.

Chestnut Street Sewer.

The ordinance to construct a sani-
tary sewer on Chestnut street from
Lisbon street to John street was placed
on third reading at council last night
and passed, all members voting yes.

ATLANTIC TEA CO. FRUIT. FRUIT.

The fruit crop is abundant and every
body will need Tin Cans, Glass Jars,
extra Rubbers and Caps, Jelly Glasses
Sealing Wax, etc. Now is the time to
buy and our stores are the places to do
your buying. Our Jelly Glasses are full
half pints, Glass Jars, smooth finish
with porcelain caps. You run no risk
of having spoiled fruit if you get your
supplies at our stores. Sugar away
down.

Price List:

Mason Quart Jars.....	per dozen	55c
Mason Pint Jars.....	"	50c
Large Lemons.....	"	15c
Covered Jellies 1/2 pint.....	"	25c
Finished Tumblers 1/2 pint	"	25c
Extra Caps and Rings.....	"	25c
Extra Rings.....	"	5c
Hand-made Tin Cans.....	"	40c
Crystal Sealing Wax.....	2 pkgs.	5c

ATLANTIC TEA CO.
We lead; let those who can, follow

WM. E. ENGLISH

Denounces Bryan and His Cry
of Imperialism.

INDIANA DEMOCRAT TALKS.

Pours Hot Shot Into Popocracy and
Its Leader.

BRYAN THE ONLY IMPERIALIST.

Captain English Regards the Democracy
as Too Cowardly to Stand For the
Right, and Therefore He Leaves It
Forever—Patriotic Attitude of Indi-
ana's Distinguished Son, of Straight
Democratic Lineage.

"Unsafe, unwise and unpatriotic,
hurtful in their present effect and dan-
gerous to the future welfare and pros-
perity of the country."

That's the way one lifelong Demo-
crat talks about the Democratic plat-
form of 1900. Only five elections ago
his father was the Democratic candi-
date for vice president on the ticket
with General Hancock. William E.
English has maintained the promi-
nence of William H. English among
the Democrats of Indiana, has repre-
sented them in congress from the In-
dianapolis district, and twice in Dem-
ocratic national conventions. Now he
declares that "when the party I belong
to is too cowardly to make a stand for
the right, I leave it, and leave it for
good."

He further says that he does this
"wanting no office of any description,
seeking no emolument of any kind,
with no personal ax to grind of any
character, and perfectly independent
of political rewards or punishments." He
acknowledges the general principle
of majority rule in party matters, but
says that "when the honor of the
country is at stake, its credit attack-
ed, its judiciary denounced, the su-
premacy of its laws menaced, the
glory of its flag assailed, and, by the
open advocacy of the principles of an-
archy, the existence of the republic
endangered, party fealty must give
way to public weal, and the party that
arrays itself against that which is po-
litically honest, honorable and true,
must be opposed, let the consequences
to the individual be what they may."

He further says, "Upon these great
questions, in consideration of which
neither compromise nor expediency
can legitimately hold a place and upon
which to be wrong is to be wholly
wrong. I take my position individ-
ually for the right as it is given me
to see the right, and as a free and
untrammeled voter with no personal
interests to be affected except such as
affect every other good and loyal citi-
zen. The demagogue's well-worn cry
of 'trust' or 'monopolist' has no ter-
rors for me, as I am in no way en-
gaged in the business of money lend-
ing, hold no mortgages for money
loaned, and own no stock whatsoever
in any bank, insurance company, rail-
road, trust, monopoly, corporation, or
combination."

He further puts upon Bryan the
mark of being the "first and only
known example of the real American
'imperialist' in the full exercise of his
dictatorial powers." He refers in this
to the "unsafe financial policy which
the autocrat of Lincoln, Neb., made
the 'paramount issue' of the campaign
by forcing its adoption on the Kan-
sas City convention over the wishes
of the majority of the delegates them-
selves, and by refusing, as is alleged,
to be a candidate unless it was in-
corporated in the platform."

Mr. English was a captain in the
war with Spain, and served at San
Juan and Santiago, and declares that
he has no "sympathy with these same
gentlemen, who, when the war has
ended triumphantly to the American
arms, are equally anxious now to de-
prive the nation of the fruits of that
war, attained through the sufferings
and sacrifices of its soldiers, and per-
sistently devote themselves to giving
every possible aid and encouragement
to those who are in armed and active
rebellion against the United States
government, its flag, and its author-
ity."

RIVERVIEW CEMETERY. RULES FOR VISITORS.

Section 1. Visitors are reminded that these grounds are sacredly de-
voted to the interment of the dead, and a strict observance of all that is
proper, in a place so dedicated, will be required of all who visit it.

2. Visitors will be admitted to the cemetery at all times during week
days. On Sundays no one will be admitted except lot owners or those hav-
ing a special ticket. Tickets can be procured at office of the secretary in
First National bank, or the residence of the superintendent at cemetery.

3. Every person driving in the cemetery shall be responsible for any
damage done by him or by the animals in his charge.

4. No vehicle will be allowed to pass through the grounds at a rate ex-
ceeding six miles an hour, and no one is permitted to drive on any of the
walks. No horse must be left on the grounds unfastened. Drivers must
remain on their seats or by their horses during funeral services. Carriages
will not be permitted to turn on any avenue.

5. All persons are prohibited from picking any flowers, either wild or
cultivated, or breaking any trees, shrub or plant, anywhere within the en-
closure; and also from writing upon, defacing, or in any way injuring any
ornament, tree or structure in or belonging to the cemetery.

6. Persons with refreshments will not be admitted to the cemetery, and
all bags or baskets must be left at the entrance. Children will not be ad-
mitted to the cemetery unless in the care of adults.

7. Dogs will not be permitted in the cemetery.

8. Except in case of emergency, when lots are required for immediate
use, the superintendent will not attend to the selection or sale of lots on
Sunday.

9. Shooting will not be allowed, and no firearms will be permitted with-
in the grounds except at military funerals.

10. The Superintendent and his deputies are vested by an Act of the
General Assembly of the State of Ohio with full police power to arrest
without warrant and take before a Justice of the Peace any offender in
these grounds, and the Association exact the discharge of this duty. They
will expel from the cemetery any person disturbing its sanctity by noisy,
boisterous or other improper conduct, or who shall violate any of the fore-
going rules, and will subject the offender to due punishment.

By Order of Trustees,

DAVID BOYCE, Pres.

FOR SALE.

WANTED—Twenty-five girls wanted
immediately at Mountford & Sons.

FOR SALE—Novelty store, East End.
For full particulars call on HILL &
HAWKINS.

FOR SALE—Residence of M. E. Gold-
ing. Apply to owner, 216 Pennsylva-
nia avenue, city.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—An eight-roomed house.
Inquire of E. B. Gould, 169 Washing-
ton street.

OFFICE OF CITY CLERK,
East Liverpool, O., Aug. 25th., 1900.

NOTICE OF SALE OF BONDS—Sealed
proposals will be received at this office
until 12 o'clock, m., of Monday, October 1st.,
1900, for the purchase of sewer bonds of the
said city to amount to \$10,000, dated Novem-
ber 1st., 1900, bonds to be of denomination of
\$1,000, with interest at six per cent per
annum payable annually, the said bonds to
be redeemed at the rate of \$2,000 each year
from date of issue until the whole amount is
paid, both principal and interest will be paid
at the office of the treasurer of said city.
Said bonds are issued for the purpose of
obtaining money to construct sewers in sani-
tary sewer district No. 2, of said city and by
authority of section 2406 of the Revised
Statutes of Ohio and an ordinance of the
council of said city, passed February 27th.,
1900.

Bidders will be required to state in writing
and in figures, the gross amount they will
pay for the bonds bid for in addition to the
accrued interest at the date of delivery, and
no bid will be accepted for less than par and
accrued interest at date of delivery.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a
certified check on some national bank for 5
per cent of the amount of the bid, check to
be made payable to the order of the Clerk of
said City, as a guarantee that if the bid is
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Captain English argues strongly for
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campaign that overshadows and over-
whelms all others is William Jennings
Bryan himself, who, of his own vol-
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the safe, conservative, order-loving,
law-abiding citizens of the republic as
the appointed and selected representa-
tive of all that they must fear in
our beloved political system and all
that is dangerous, menacing, and
threatening to law, order, and good
government."

"Give the choice between McKinley
and Roosevelt upon the one hand, and
Bryan and Stevenson, on the unpatri-
otic Kansas City and Chicago plat-
forms, upon the other, I shall, without
hesitation, record my vote on election
day for that patriotic defender of the
national honor, faithful guardian of
the public credit, and gallant soldier
of the civil war, William McKinley,
whom four years of trial has proven
to be a sagacious leader, upright chief
magistrate, and true-hearted Ameri-
can, and that statesman in peace and
hero in war, Theodore Roosevelt,
whose name and fame is dear to the
heart of every comrade of the San-
tiago campaign, every soldier of the
Spanish-American war, and every citi-
zen of the United States who vener-
ates honest, courageous, incorruptible
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He closed his remarks by stating that council had heard Mr. McDonald talk before.

Mr. McDonald then remarked: "I am not a rich man, but I will give you or anybody else \$50 if you will find more gratings on that street than I have accounted for."

"I don't want your money," replied George; "I earn my money."

"I don't know whether you do or not," remarked McDonald, "and if I had my way you wouldn't earn it very long."

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McDonald then became angry and rising to his feet said:

Gentlemen, I come here as a citizen and taxpayer and expect to be accorded fair treatment. I did not come here to be insulted by that thing there, and I will not stand it."

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Marshall rapped for order and said: "Mr. McDonald we will not permit that kind of language here. You must keep your temper under control."

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Peach then remarked: "My object was to get the matter out of council and you can go down on the street and view the place and will have plenty of room to either fight or run." "I will neither fight or run," remarked the engineer and the affair closed.

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Price List:

Mason Quart Jars.....	per dozen	55c
Mason Pint Jars.....	"	50c
Large Lemons.....	"	15c
Covered Jellies 1/2 pint.....	"	25c
Finished Tumblers 1/2 pint.....	"	25c
Extra Caps and Rings.....	"	5c
Hand-made Tin Cans.....	"	40c
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We lead; let those who can, follow

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Denounces Bryan and His Cry
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INDIANA DEMOCRAT TALKS.

Pours Hot Shot Into Popocracy and
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He further says that he does this "wanting no office of any description, seeking no emolument of any kind, with no personal axe to grind of any character, and perfectly independent of political rewards or punishments." He acknowledges the general principle of majority rule in party matters, but says that "when the honor of the country is at stake, its credit attacked, its judiciary denounced, the glory of its flag assailed, and, by the open advocacy of the principles of anarchy, the existence of the republic endangered, party fealty must give way to public weal, and the party that arrays itself against that which is politically honest, honorable and true, must be opposed, let the consequences to the individual be what they may."

He further says, "Upon these great questions, in consideration of which neither compromise nor expediency can legitimately hold a place and upon which to be wrong is to be wholly wrong. I take my position individually for the right as it is given me to see the right, and as a free and untrammelled voter with no personal interests to be affected except such as affect every other good and loyal citizen. The demagogue's well-worn cry of 'trust' or 'monopolist' has no terrors for me, as I am in no way engaged in the business of money lending, hold no mortgages for money loaned, and own no stock whatsoever in any bank, insurance company, railroad, trust, monopoly, corporation, or combination."

He further puts upon Bryan the mark of being the "first and only known example of the real American 'imperialist' in the full exercise of his dictatorial powers." He refers in this to the "unsafe financial policy which the autocrat of Lincoln, Neb., made the 'paramount issue' of the campaign by forcing its adoption on the Kansas City convention over the wishes of the majority of the delegates themselves, and by refusing, as is alleged, to be a candidate unless it was incorporated in the platform."

Mr. English was a captain in the war with Spain, and served at San Juan and Santiago, and declares that he has no "sympathy with these same gentlemen, who, when the war has ended triumphantly to the American arms, are equally anxious now to deprive the nation of the fruits of that war, attained through the sufferings and sacrifices of its soldiers, and persistently devote themselves to giving every possible aid and encouragement to those who are in armed and active rebellion against the United States government, its flag, and its authority."

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RULES FOR VISITORS.

Section 1. Visitors are reminded that these grounds are sacredly devoted to the interment of the dead, and a strict observance of all that is proper, in a place so dedicated, will be required of all who visit it.

2. Visitors will be admitted to the cemetery at all times during week days. On Sundays no one will be admitted except lot owners or those having a special ticket. Tickets can be procured at office of the secretary in First National bank, or the residence of the superintendent at cemetery.

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"Give the choice between McKinley and Roosevelt upon the one hand, and Bryan and Stevenson, on the unpatriotic Kansas City and Chicago platforms, upon the other, I shall, without hesitation, record my vote on election day for that patriotic defender of the national honor, faithful guardian of the public credit, and gallant soldier of the civil war, William McKinley, whom four years of trial has proven to be a sagacious leader, upright chief magistrate, and true-hearted American, and that statesman in peace and hero in war, Theodore Roosevelt, whose name and fame is dear to the heart of every comrade of the Santiago campaign, every soldier of the Spanish-American war, and every citizen of the United States who venerates honest, courageous, incorruptible American manhood."

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THE NEWS REVIEW

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY

Published Daily Except Sunday by
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HARRY PALMER,

Manager and Proprietor.

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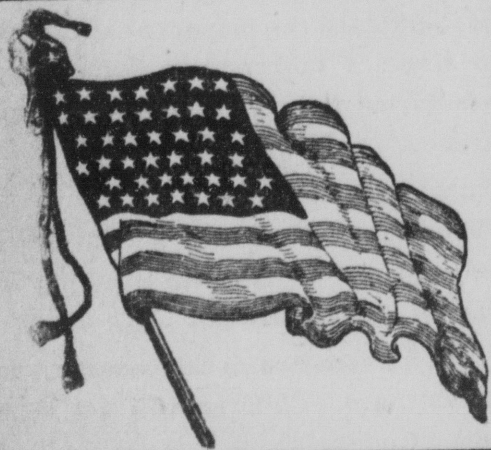
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By the week..... 10

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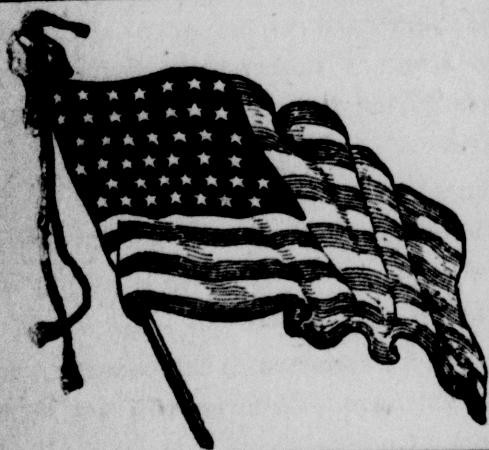
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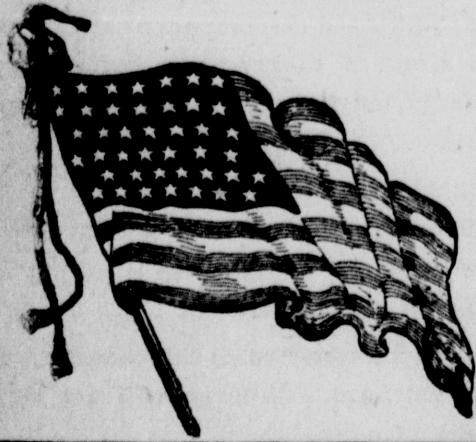
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Council Prepared Last Night to Collect Some Money for Improvements They Have Made.

Council last night passed the following assessing ordinances:

East side of Avondale street, from Bradshaw avenue to Bnk street for sanitary purposes.

Woodlawn avenue from Basil avenue to Spring street.

Drury lane between Market and Jackson streets.

Take Notice.

There will be a special meeting of Stratton Circle, No. 40, Thursday, Sept. 13, at the home of J. C. Allison, 198 Fourth street. Very important business.

By order of

GEORGE SMITH,
President.

Quarrelled: Named Separate Tickets.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Sept. 12.—The police had to restore order several times at the Democratic county convention. Finally the Garman and Lenahan factions held separate conventions and named separate tickets, the former naming, among other candidates, Devewert for congress and the later Devitt.

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5,000 HAVE PERISHED

Estimate of Number Dead by Mayor of Galveston.

AN APPEAL MADE FOR AID.

At Least 5,000 People Are Shelterless and Destitute—Immediate Need of Food, Clothing and Household Goods of All Kinds.

Houston, Tex., Sept. 12.—The Post correspondent was instructed to forward the following address to the people of the United States:

"Galveston, Tex., Sept. 11.—It is my opinion, based on personal information, that 5,000 people have lost their lives here. Approximately one-third of the residence portion of the city has been swept away. There are several thousand people who are homeless and destitute. How many there is no way of finding out.

"Arrangements are now being made to have the women and children sent to Houston and other places, but the means of transportation are limited. Thousands are still to be cared for here. We appeal to you for immediate aid.

Walter C. Jones, Mayor.

Mr. Jones is the mayor of Galveston, Galveston, Tex., Sept. 12.—The following statement of conditions at Galveston and appeal for aid is issued by the local relief committee:

"A conservative estimate of the loss of life is that it will reach 3,000; at least 5,000 families are shelterless and wholly destitute. The entire remainder of the population is suffering in greater or less degree. Not a single church, school or charitable institution, of which Galveston had so many, is left intact. Not a building escaped damage and half the whole number were entirely obliterated. There is immediate need for food, clothing and household goods of all kinds. If nearby cities will open asylums for women and children the situation will be greatly relieved. Coast cities should send us water as well as provisions, including kerosene oil, gasoline and candles.

(Signed) W. C. JONES, Mayor.

"M. LASKER, President Island City Savings Bank.

"J. D. SKINNER, President Cotton Exchange.

"C. H. McMASTER, for Chamber of Commerce.

"R. G. LOWE, Manager Galveston News.

"CLARENCE OWSLEY, Manager Galveston Tribune."

Galveston, Sept. 12 (via tug to Houston).—The white cotton screw men's organization held a meeting and tendered their services, that of 500 able bodied men, to the public committee to clear the streets of debris. Big forces were at work and the situation was much improved so far as the passage of vessels was concerned. The streets were patrolled by regular soldiers and citizen soldiers. No was allowed on the street without a pass. Several negroes were shot for not halting when ordered. It was thought that three of the citizen soldiers were shot by negroes.

The steamer Lawrence arrived here from Houston with water and provisions.

A committee of 100 citizens were aboard, among them being doctors and cooks. W. G. Van Vleck, general manager of the Southern Pacific railroad, arrived here. He thought it would be possible to establish mail service from Houston to Texas City with transfer boats to Galveston.

Dead bodies had decomposed so badly it was impossible to send them to sea for burial. The water had receded so far, however, that it was possible to dig trenches and bodies were being buried where found. Debris, covering bodies, was being burned where it could be done so safely.

Work on the water works was being rushed. The city needs feed for horses. It is also badly in need of disinfectants. A large load of lime at this time would be a blessing.

Brazoria county offered armed men to protect the city.

THE QUAY MAN WON.

Berkelbach Almost Had a Walkover, in His Fight With Walton, at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Sept. 12.—The primary elections of the Republican party were held throughout this city from 6 to 8 o'clock last night. Delegates were elected to conventions which will be held today to nominate candidates. The contest in the Fifth senatorial district overshadowed every other battle in the city. The candidates for the

nomination were ex-Speaker of the House of Representatives Henry F. Walton, and Street Inspector Wm. H. Berkelbach. Walton had the endorsement of the anti-Quay or Martin wing of the party, while the Quay faction and the city administration as far as it was controlled by Mayor Ashbridge was the power behind Berkelbach's candidacy.

Berkelbach had almost a walkover, he winning over Walton by about 16 to 55. There is an unconfirmed rumor in circulation that Walton will run independent.

In the legislative districts the contests were in the Twentieth, Twenty-first, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth districts, in all entitled to nine members. Of the 29 members nominated without opposition 12 are anti-Quayites.

HILL STILL BACKS COLER.

Determined to Have His Name Presented—Stanchfield to Be Named For Governor.

Saratoga, Sept. 12.—John B. Stanchfield will be nominated for governor by the Democratic state convention today, and his name will be presented to the convention by Judge S. S. Taylor, of Chemung.

Hon. Wm. F. Mackey, of Erie, has been offered second place on the ticket, and agreed to give an answer as to whether or not he would accept before the convention assembled today. Mr. Mackey was expected to accept.

Other names on the ticket are not so certain, and probably will not be decided until tomorrow.

Despite the absolute hopelessness of the prospect, Mr. Hill is still determined to present the name of Mr. Coler to the convention and in order that the nomination shall come from his own county, Otto Kemper, of Kings, is understood to have been prevailed upon to make the nominating speech.

Senator Hill, it was expected, will make a speech seconding the nomination.

There was an eruption caused by the presentation of an anti-ice trust resolution by Prof. Duncan C. Lee, of Cornell.

AMERICANS DID NO LOOTING.

Such Reports From Officers—Secretary of War Ordered Punishment, if Guilty.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The war department made public the following telegram:

"Fowler, Che Foo: "Send following cablegram to Coolidge, commanding United States forces Tien Tsin. Reported here extensive looting in Tien Tsin. Report immediately whether American troops took part. If so, punish severely, repress sternly. Absolute regard for life and property of non-combatants enjoined by order of secretary of war. (Signed) "Corbin."

Che Foo.

Corbin, Washington:

"Tien Tsin, July 25.—Looting by American troops wall city Tien Tsin unfounded and denied. Silver taken from burned mint under direction Col. Meade (Marine Corps) commanding, who was invalided today. No property destroyed except under military exigency. American troops have orders to protect life and property non-combatants in American southeast quarter (of) city assigned them. Will forward reports commanders of American guards in city. (Signed) "Coolidge."

Supplementary to the above, Colonel Coolidge also transmitted the reports of Major Waller, Major J. M. Lee and Major Morris C. Foote, and also an additional report signed by himself, all of which confirmed the above. All reports indicate that the Chinese themselves were foremost in the looting, and that pillaged property covered the streets before the allied forces entered the city.

The report of Major Foote, while excluding the Americans from any share in the plundering, testifies that looting was indulged in by the troops of the other nations.

EMPRESS REPORTED CAPTURED.

Li Decided to Proceed to Peking Aboard a Chinese Steamer.

Sagaski, Sept. 12.—It is announced here that the Russians have captured the empress dowager.

Shanghai, Sept. 12.—Li Hung Chang decided to proceed to Peking aboard the Chinese steamer Apping, via Taku, on Friday, September 14.

SOME MINERS WENT OUT.

Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 12.—It is reported that 126 men employed at the Scotch valley colliery, 15 miles from here and inaccessible by either telephone or telegraph, have gone out on a strike for higher wages. They are not members of the United Mine Workers' organization, and it is expected that the trouble will be settled in a few days.

FORAKER AND MCCOMAS SPOKE.

Baltimore, Sept. 12.—Under the auspices of the Maryland League of Republican clubs in Music Hall, Senator J. B. Foraker, of Ohio, and Sena-

CALLS FOR VENGEANCE

Horrors of Pao-Ting-Fu Massacre Revealed.

YET TROOPS REMAIN INACTIVE.

Complaint Made by London Times Correspondent—White Women Ravished and Carried Into Captivity—Russians Prepared to Remain in Peking.

London, Sept. 12.—The Times publishes this morning additional advices from its Peking correspondent, Dr. Morrison, under date of August 31. "The censorship, which is under Sir Alfred Gasalee's control, makes it difficult," says the correspondent, "to convey a true picture of the present situation in Peking. Today the foreign community was thrilled with horror at the news of the massacre of the missionaries at Pao-Ting-Fu, who were under the protection of the imperial troops. Children were butchered before the eyes of their parents. White women were ravished and carried into captivity. Parents were tortured and murdered.

"Massacres by red Indians never call in vain for vengeance. Yet the troops remain here inactive. Their one thought and wish are to be given work or to be recalled from Peking. Surely the civilized world will not suffer this cruel massacre to remain unavenged and make no effort to ascertain the fate of the poor martyred Christians and white men.

"Since the relief of the legations one feature stands conspicuous, the predominance of Russia and the overmastering position she is now asserting here. The pazeant in the forbidden city on August 28 was a triumphant entry by Russia, followed by the other powers. Russia did the honors greatly to the chagrin of the other ministers.

"Russian troops are pouring into Peking daily. Nineteen hundred came yesterday and 2,800 the day before. Already the Russians outnumber the Japanese and they will soon outnumber the combined forces. Their stay is assuming every characteristic of permanency. Cossacks daily raid the country and drive the Chinese peasants and laborers in herds through the deserted and dismantled city, setting them to build their military camp.

"No one, not even Sir Claude MacDonald, is allowed to enter the Summer palace and the splendid palace buildings within the imperial domain which is occupied by the Russians without permission. The expected arrival of Vice Admiral Alexieff, who, it is announced, will remain during the winter, indicates the importance which Russia attaches to future developments.

"Russia has occupied Kin-Chan and the branch railway to the Nan-Piao collieries, thus securing the possible control of the richest coal mines in North China. She will also occupy Shan-Hai-Kwan.

"The British position is anomalous. The aimless action of detaining the brigades at Hong Kong has had a bad effect. The Japanese are openly expressing dissatisfaction that a smaller British force has been sent than was promised. The outlook is not promising. It is unaccountable why Japan, to whom belonged the honors of the rescue, should consent consistently to give way to Russia and apparently accept Russian predominance. Fortune favors Russia, for Baron Nishi formerly Japanese minister at St. Petersburg, is credited, perhaps unjustly, with being much under the influence of M. de Giers and the appointment of Li Hung Chang to negotiate peace is grateful tidings to Russia.

"Meanwhile a famine is inevitable. The government must quickly make preparations if the British troops are to winter here.

"The effect of Emperor William's impassioned speech has been marred by his permitting the Chinese minister to remain accredited to his quarters. The kaiser now knows that Baron Von Ketteler was murdered, not by brigands, but by an imperial officer acting under imperial orders.

"It has been discovered that the empress dowager and Prince Tuan had planned a massacre of all the ministers that fatal morning. Whatever else is done, the powers should insist upon the deposition of the empress dowager and the execution of Prince Tuan and the high officials who led the Boxers and directed the massacres."

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FORAKER AND MCCOMAS SPOKE.

Baltimore, Sept. 12.—Under the auspices of the Maryland League of Republican clubs in Music Hall, Sena-

For Louis E. McCormack, of this state, addressed a large and enthusiastic gathering in the interest of the Republican national candidates.

EVASIVE REPLY TO CHINA.

The United States Not Yet Ready to Open Negotiations With Li Hung Chang.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The Chinese Minister Wu was twice a caller at the state department. It was understood that his first call was in part, at least, to secure transportation for Li Hung Chang from Shanghai to Taku on a United States vessel. His later call was to receive the answer of the department to that application, as well as to the communication respecting Li Hung Chang's functions. The answer returned by the state department to the latter communication apparently made it necessary at this time to pursue the inquiry as to the ship.

The answer of the United States of the notification of Li's appointment with full powers, said:

"The United States does not feel called upon to express any opinion at this time as to the sufficiency of Li Hung Chang's authority, but hopes it will transpire that his credentials are full and authoritative not only for negotiations, but to enable him without further delay to give assurance that the life and property of Americans will henceforth be respected throughout the Chinese empire."

22 Dead About Velasco.

Houston, Sept. 12.—Editor O. O. Nation, of the Velasco World, brings information of the death of 22 persons in and around Velasco as a result of the storm. Seventeen are negroes.

VIA PENNSYLVANIA LINES, ACCOUNT THE EXPOSITION.

The dates on which excursion tickets to Pittsburg will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines this year, account the Exposition are as follows: Thursdays, September, 6, 13, 20 and 27, and October 4, 11 and 18. The rate will be single fare for round trip, plus 25 cents to cover admission coupon to the Exposition.

Excursion tickets will be sold at that rate from Dennison, Ohio; Cadiz, Ohio; Chester, W. Va.; Wheeling, W. Va.; Washington, Pa. and intermediate ticket stations on the Southwest system; and from Massillon, O.; Ashtabula, O.; Erie, Pa.; Stoneboro, Pa.; New Philadelphia, O.; Powhatan, O., and intermediate ticket stations on the Northwest system. Excursion tickets, including admission to the Exposition, will not be sold for less than 75 cents.

The return limit on all tickets will be three days, including date of sale.

The Pittsburg Exposition will be greater and grander this season than ever before. The popular features of former years will be retained, and many new ones will be added, including A Day in the Alps; Jim Key, the marvelous Educated Horse; A Crystal Maze; A Mexican Village; special exhibits of the products of the entire world from the Philadelphia Commercial Museum.

Music will be furnished by the world's leading musical organizations. The famous Banda Rossa, Italy's greatest musical organization, will appear at the Exposition Sept. 5 to 15; Emil Paur, with the New York Metropolitan Opera House orchestra, will be here Sept. 17 to 22; Damsch's New York Symphony orchestra of 50 pieces will be the musical attraction Oct. 1 to Oct. 13; Sousa and his great band, direct from triumphs in Europe, will fill two engagements at the Expo., the first from Sept. 24 to Sept. 29 and the second from Oct. 15 to Oct. 20, closing the Exposition on the latter date.

Information concerning tickets, rates, time of trains, etc., will be furnished upon application to Pennsylvania Lines ticket agents in territory mentioned.

EXCURSIONS TO FORT WAYNE VIA PENNSYLVANIA LINES.

September 9, 10, 11 and 12 for National encampment, Union Veteran Legion, excursion tickets will be sold to Fort Wayne via Pennsylvania Lines, good returning until Tuesday, September 18.

MCKINLEY EVENT TONIGHT.

Miss Mabel Weds This Evening—President and Mrs. McKinley and Others Entertained at Dinner.

Somerset, Pa., Sept. 12.—President and Mrs. McKinley and Mr. and Mrs. Abner McKinley were entertained at dinner last evening at the house of P. A. Schell, Mrs. Abner McKinley's brother-in-law. This will be the only time the president and his wife will be entertained at any place other than at the home of his brother.

Those present at the dinner were: Miss Mabel McKinley, Miss Nora Jarvis, Miss Mary Barber, Miss Grace McKinley, Miss Lide Endsley, Mrs. Wilbur K. Endsley, Miss Rachael Aiken, Dr. Hermanus Baer, Col. W. C. Brown, Rayburn C. Fairman, Louis H. Baer.

The decorations were pink carnations and pink lamps. The bride wore a light blue gown. Col. W. C. Brown, in a happy little speech, toasted the bride.

The president expressed himself as enjoying himself here exceedingly well. He is annoyed very little with callers. In fact none but his friends call to see him and most of them have already paid their respects and will not again see him until the wedding tonight.

Wake up, wage-earners, each of you to his own interest imperilled by Bryanism. Imperialism is a bugaboo, and away off, at any rate; but a business panic, repeating the experiment of 1892, is right at hand for 1900, if you fail to work and vote against Bryan and all his associates.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.		335	309	361	303	339	301
		AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Ashtabula	..lv.	15	30	10	27	10	14
Chester	6	20	8	10	2	12
Warren	6	25	8	16	2	15
Ashtabula	6	30	8	21	2	15
Warren	6	40	8	31	2	15
Ashtabula Ferry	6	53	8	41	2	40
Ashtabula Ferry	7	03	8	53	2	49
Ashtabula Ferry	7	18	9	10	3	02
Ashtabula Ferry	7	25			3	10
Ashtabula Ferry	7	30				
Ashtabula Ferry	7	35				
Ashtabula Ferry	7	42				
Ashtabula Ferry	7	44				
Ashtabula Ferry	8	03				
Ashtabula Ferry	8	42				
Ashtabula Ferry	9	10				
Ashtabula Ferry	9	10				
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Ashtabula Ferry	10	20				
Ashtabula Ferry	11	15				
Ashtabula Ferry	7	30	11	12	9	15
Ashtabula Ferry	7	35	11	15	9	20
Ashtabula Ferry	7	40	11	20	9	25
Ashtabula Ferry	7	50	11	28	9	35
Ashtabula Ferry	7	54	11	31	9	38
Ashtabula Ferry	8	02	11	38	9	45
Ashtabula Ferry	8	23	11	59	10	00
Ashtabula Ferry	8	29	12	05	10	06
Ashtabula Ferry	8	38	12	10	10	12
Ashtabula Ferry	8	42	12	15	10	16
Ashtabula Ferry	8	57	12	26	10	31
Ashtabula Ferry	9	15	12	34	10	51
Ashtabula Ferry	9	25	12	40	11	03
Ashtabula Ferry	9	35	12	50	11	13
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Ashtabula Ferry						

5,000 HAVE PERISHED

Estimate of Number Dead by Mayor of Galveston.

AN APPEAL MADE FOR AID.

At Least 5,000 People Are Shelterless and Destitute—Immediate Need of Food, Clothing and Household Goods of All Kinds.

Houston, Tex., Sept. 12.—The Post correspondent was instructed to forward the following address to the people of the United States:

"Galveston, Tex., Sept. 11.—It is my opinion, based on personal information, that 5,000 people have lost their lives here. Approximately one-third of the residence portion of the city has been swept away. There are several thousand people who are homeless and destitute. How many there is no way of finding out.

"Arrangements are now being made to have the women and children sent to Houston and other places, but the means of transportation are limited. Thousands are still to be cared for here. We appeal to you for immediate aid.

Walter C. Jones, Jr., Mr. Jones is the mayor of Galveston, Galveston, Tex., Sept. 12.—The following statement of conditions at Galveston and appeal for aid is issued by the local relief committee:

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CALLS FOR VENGEANCE

Horrors of Pao-Ting-Fu Massacre Revealed.

YET TROOPS REMAIN INACTIVE.

Complaint Made by London Times Correspondent—White Women Ravished and Carried Into Captivity—Russians Prepared to Remain in Peking.

London, Sept. 12.—The Times publishes this morning additional advices from its Peking correspondent, Dr. Morrison, under date of August 31. "The censorship, which is under Sir Alfred Gasalee's control, makes it difficult," says the correspondent, "to convey a true picture of the present situation in Peking. Today the foreign community was thrilled with horror at the news of the massacre of the missionaries at Pao-Ting-Fu, who were under the protection of the imperial troops. Children were butchered before the eyes of their parents. White women were ravished and carried into captivity. Parents were tortured and murdered.

"Massacres by red Indians never call in vain for vengeance. Yet the troops remain here inactive. Their one thought and wish are to be given work or to be recalled from Peking. Surely the civilized world will not suffer this cruel massacre to remain unavenged and make no effort to ascertain the fate of the poor martyred Christians and white men.

"Since the relief of the legations one feature stands conspicuous, the predominance of Russia and the overmastering position she is now asserting here. The pazeant in the forbidden city on August 28 was a triumphant entry by Russia, followed by the other powers. Russia did the honors, greatly to the chagrin of the other ministers.

"Russian troops are pouring into Peking daily. Nineteen hundred came yesterday and 2,800 the day before. Already the Russians outnumber the Japanese and they will soon outnumber the combined forces. Their stay is assuming every characteristic of permanency. Cossacks daily raid the country and drive the Chinese peasants and laborers in herds through the deserted and dismantled city, setting them to build their military camp.

"No one, not even Sir Claude MacDonald, is allowed to enter the Summer palace and the splendid palace buildings within the imperial domain which is occupied by the Russians without permission. The expected arrival of Vice Admiral Alexieff, who, it is announced, will remain during the winter, indicates the importance which Russia attaches to future developments.

"Russia has occupied Kin-Chan and the branch railway to the Nan-Piao collieries, thus securing the possible control of the richest coal mines in North China. She will also occupy Shan-Hai-Kwan.

"The British position is anomalous. The aimless action of detaining the brigades at Hong Kong has had a bad effect. The Japanese are openly expressing dissatisfaction that a smaller British force has been sent than was promised. The outlook is not promising. It is unaccountable why Japan, to whom belonged the honors of the rescue, should consent consistently to give way to Russia and apparently accept Russian predominance. Fortune favors Russia, for Baron Nishi formerly Japanese minister at St. Petersburg, is credited, perhaps unjustly, with being much under the influence of M. de Giers and the appointment of Li Hung Chang to negotiate peace is grateful tidings to Russia.

"Meanwhile a famine is inevitable. The government must quickly make preparations if the British troops are to winter here.

"The effect of Emperor William's impassioned speech has been marred by his permitting the Chinese minister to remain accredited to his quarters. The kaiser now knows that Baron Von Ketteler was murdered, not by brigands, but by an imperial officer acting under imperial orders.

"It has been discovered that the empress dowager and Prince Tuan had planned a massacre of all the ministers that fatal morning. Whatever else is done, the powers should insist upon the deposition of the empress dowager and the execution of Prince Tuan and the high officials who led the Boxers and directed the massacres."

Foraker and McComas Spoke.

Baltimore, Sept. 12.—Under the auspices of the Maryland League of Republican clubs in Music Hall, Senator J. B. Foraker, of Ohio, and Sena-

tor Louis E. McComas, of this state, addressed a large and enthusiastic gathering in the interest of the Republican national candidates.

EVASIVE REPLY TO CHINA.

The United States Not Yet Ready to Open Negotiations With Li Hung Chang.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The Chinese Minister Wu was twice a caller at the state department. It was understood that his first call was in part, at least, to secure transportation for Li Hung Chang from Shanghai to Taku on a United States vessel. His later call was to receive the answer of the department to that application, as well as to the communication respecting Li Hung Chang's functions. The answer returned by the state department to the latter communication apparently made it necessary at this time to pursue the inquiry as to the ship.

The answer of the United States of the notification of Li's appointment with full powers, said:

"The United States does not feel called upon to express any opinion at this time as to the sufficiency of Li Hung Chang's authority, but hopes it will transpire that his credentials are full and authoritative not only for negotiations, but to enable him without further delay to give assurance that the life and property of Americans will henceforth be respected throughout the Chinese empire."

22 Dead About Velasco.

Houston, Tex., Sept. 12.—Editor O. O. Nation, of the Velasco World, brings information of the death of 22 persons in and around Velasco as a result of the storm. Seventeen are negroes.

Via Pennsylvania Lines, Account the Exposition.

The dates on which excursion tickets to Pittsburg will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines this year, account the Exposition are as follows: Thursdays, September, 6, 13, 20 and 27, and October 4, 11 and 18. The rate will be single fare for round trip, plus 25 cents to cover admission coupon to the Exposition.

Excursion tickets will be sold at that rate from Dennison, Ohio; Cadiz, Ohio; Chester, W. Va.; Wheeling, W. Va.; Washington, Pa. and intermediate ticket stations on the Southwest system; and from Massillon, O.; Ash-tabula, O.; Erie, Pa.; Stoneboro, Pa.; New Philadelphia, O.; Powhatan, O., and intermediate ticket stations on the Northwest system. Excursion tickets, including admission to the Exposition, will not be sold for less than 75 cents.

The return limit on all tickets will be three days, including date of sale.

The Pittsburg Exposition will be greater and grander this season than ever before. The popular features of former years will be retained, and many new ones will be added, including A Day in the Alps; Jim Key, the marvelous Educated Horse; A Crystal Maze; A Mexican Village; special exhibits of the products of the entire world from the Philadelphia Commercial Museum.

Music will be furnished by the world's leading musical organizations. The famous Banda Rossa, Italy's greatest musical organization, will appear at the Exposition Sept. 5 to 15; Emil Paur, with the New York Metropolitan Opera House orchestra, will be here Sept. 17 to 22; Damosch's New York Symphony orchestra of 50 pieces will be the musical attraction Oct. 1 to Oct. 13; Sousa and his great band, direct from triumphs in Europe, will fill two engagements at the Expo., the first from Sept. 24 to Sept. 29 and the second from Oct. 15 to Oct. 20, closing the Exposition on the latter date.

Information concerning tickets, rates, time of trains, etc., will be furnished upon application to Pennsylvania Lines ticket agents in territory mentioned.

Excursions to Fort Wayne via Pennsylvania Lines.

September 9, 10, 11 and 12 for National encampment, Union Veteran Legion, excursion tickets will be sold to Fort Wayne via Pennsylvania Lines, good returning until Tuesday, September 18.

M'KINLEY EVENT TONIGHT.

Miss Mabel Weds This Evening—President and Mrs. McKinley and Mr. and Mrs. Others Entertained at Dinner.

Somerset, Pa., Sept. 12.—President and Mrs. McKinley and Mr. and Mrs. Abner McKinley were entertained at dinner last evening at the house of P. A. Schell, Mrs. Abner McKinley's brother-in-law. This will be the only time the president and his wife will be entertained at any place other than at the home of his brother.

Those present at the dinner were: Miss Mabel McKinley, Miss Nora Jarvis, Miss Mary Barber, Miss Grace McKinley, Miss Lide Endsley, Mrs. Wilbur K. Endsley, Miss Rachael Aiken, Dr. Hermanus Baer, Col. W. C. Brown, Rayburn C. Fairman, Louis H. Baer.

The decorations were pink carnations and pink lamps. The bride wore a light blue gown. Col. W. C. Brown, in a happy little speech, toasted the bride.

The president expressed himself as enjoying himself here exceedingly well. He is annoyed very little with callers. In fact none but his friends call to see him and most of them have already paid their respects and will not again see him until the wedding tonight.

Wake up, wage-earners, each of you to his own interest imperilled by Bryanism. Imperialism is a bugaboo, and away off, at any rate; but a business panic, repeating the experiment of 1892, is right at hand for 1900, if you fail to work and vote against Bryan and all his associates.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.	AM	AM	PM	PM	PM
Cincinnati, N.Y.	10:30	10:17	10:11	10:40	11:00
Chester, Pa.	6:20	8:10	8:10	2:12	5:20
Chester, W. Va.	6:25	8:16	8:16	2:17	5:25
Chester, O.	6:30	8:21	8:21	2:22	5:30
Chester, Pa.	6:40	8:31	8:31	2:32	5:40
Chester, W. Va.	6:42	8:34	8:34	2:34	5:42
Chester, O.	6:53	8:41	8:41	2:40	5:53
Chester, Pa.	7:03	8:53	8:53	2:49	6:03
Chester, W. Va.	7:18	9:10	9:10	3:02	6:18
Chester, O.	7:25			3:10	6:25
Chester, Pa.	7:30				6:30
Chester, W. Va.	7:35				6:35
Chester, O.	7:42				6:42
Chester, Pa.	7:44				6:44
Chester, W. Va.	7:48				6:48
Chester, O.	8:03				6:58
Chester, Pa.	8:02				6:57
Chester, W. Va.	8:10				7:05
Chester, O.	8:20				7:15
Chester, Pa.	8:30				7:25
Chester, W. Va.	8:40				7:35
Chester, O.	8:50				7:45
Chester, Pa.	9:00				7:55
Chester, W. Va.	9:10				8:05
Chester, O.	9:20				8:15
Chester, Pa.	9:35				8:30
Chester, W. Va.	9:45				8:40
Chester, O.	10:00				8:55
Chester, Pa.	10:15				9:10

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Chester, Pa.	7:35	11:20	29:15	3:22	6:38
Chester, W. Va.	7:40	11:25	29:20	3:27	6:43
Chester, O.	7:50	11:35	29:30	3:37	6:53
Chester, Pa.	7:54	11:39	29:34	3:41	6:57
Chester, W. Va.	8:02	11:48	29:43	3:50	7:06
Chester, O.	8:11	11:58	29:53	4:00	7:16
Chester, Pa.	8:21	12:08	30:03	4:10	7:26
Chester, W. Va.	8:31	12:18	30:13	4:20	7:36
Chester, O.	8:42	12:28	30:23	4:30	7:46
Chester, Pa.	8:52	12:38	30:33	4:40	7:56
Chester, W. Va.	9:03	12:48	30:43	4:50	8:06
Chester, O.	9:14	12:58	30:53	5:00	8:16
Chester, Pa.	9:25	13:08	31:03	5:10	8:26
Chester, W. Va.	9:36	13:18	31:13	5:20	8:36
Chester, O.	9:47	13:28	31:23	5:30	8:46
Chester, Pa.	9:58	13:38	31:33	5:40	8:56
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5,000 HAVE PERISHED

Estimate of Number Dead by Mayor of Galveston.

AN APPEAL MADE FOR AID.

At Least 5,000 People Are Shelterless and Destitute—Immediate Need of Food, Clothing and Household Goods of All Kinds.

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YET TROOPS REMAIN INACTIVE.

Complaint Made by London Times Correspondent—White Women Ravished and Carried Into Captivity—Russians Prepared to Remain in Peking.

London, Sept. 12.—The Times publishes this morning additional advices from its Peking correspondent, Dr. Morrison, under date of August 31. "The censorship, which is under Sir Alfred Gasalee's control, makes it difficult," says the correspondent, "to convey a true picture of the present situation in Peking. Today the foreign community was thrilled with horror at the news of the massacre of the missionaries at Pao-Ting-Fu, who were under the protection of the imperial troops. Children were butchered before the eyes of their parents. White women were ravished and carried into captivity. Parents were tortured and murdered.

"Massacres by red Indians never call in vain for vengeance. Yet the troops remain here inactive. Their one thought and wish are to be given work or to be recalled from Peking. Surely the civilized world will not suffer this cruel massacre to remain unavenged and make no effort to ascertain the fate of the poor martyred Christians and white men.

"Since the relief of the legations one feature stands conspicuous, the predominance of Russia and the overmastering position she is now asserting here. The pazeant in the forbidden city on August 28 was a triumphant entry by Russia, followed by the other powers. Russia did the honors greatly to the chagrin of the other ministers.

"Russian troops are pouring into Peking daily. Nineteen hundred came yesterday and 2,800 the day before. Already the Russians outnumber the Japanese and they will soon outnumber the combined forces. Their stay is assuming every characteristic of permanency. Cossacks daily raid the country and drive the Chinese peasants and laborers in herds through the deserted and dismantled city, setting them to build their military camp.

"No one, not even Sir Claude MacDonald, is allowed to enter the Summer palace and the splendid palace buildings within the imperial domain which is occupied by the Russians without permission. The expected arrival of Vice Admiral Alexieff, who, it is announced, will remain during the winter, indicates the importance which Russia attaches to future developments.

"Russia has occupied Kin-Chan and the branch railway to the Nan-Piao collieries, thus securing the possible control of the richest coal mines in North China. She will also occupy Shan-Hai-Kwan.

"The British position is anomalous. The aimless action of detaining the brigades at Hong Kong has had a bad effect. The Japanese are openly expressing dissatisfaction that a smaller British force has been sent than was promised. The outlook is not promising. It is unaccountable why Japan, to whom belonged the honors of the rescue, should consent consistently to give way to Russia and apparently accept Russian predominance. Fortune favors Russia, for Baron Nishi formerly Japanese minister at St. Petersburg, is credited, perhaps unjustly, with being much under the influence of M. de Giers and the appointment of Li Hung Chang to negotiate peace is grateful tidings to Russia.

"Meanwhile a famine is inevitable. The government must quickly make preparations if the British troops are to winter here.

"The effect of Emperor William's impassioned speech has been marred by his permitting the Chinese minister to remain accredited to his quarters. The kaiser now knows that Baron Von Ketteler was murdered, not by brigands, but by an imperial officer acting under imperial orders.

"It has been discovered that the empress dowager and Prince Tuan had planned a massacre of all the ministers that fatal morning. Whatever else is done, the powers should insist upon the deposition of the empress dowager and the execution of Prince Tuan and the high officials who led the Boxers and directed the massacres."

FORAKER AND MCCOMAS SPOKE.

Baltimore, Sept. 12.—Under the auspices of the Maryland League of Republican clubs in Music Hall, Senator J. B. Foraker, of Ohio, and Sena-

tor Louis B. McComas, of this state, addressed a large and enthusiastic gathering in the interest of the Republican national candidates.

EVASIVE REPLY TO CHINA.

The United States Not Yet Ready to Open Negotiations With Li Hung Chang.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The Chinese Minister Wu was twice a caller at the state department. It was understood that his first call was in part, at least, to secure transportation for Li Hung Chang from Shanghai to Taku on a United States vessel. His later call was to receive the answer of the department to that application, as well as to the communication respecting Li Hung Chang's functions. The answer returned by the state department to the latter communication apparently made it necessary at this time to pursue the inquiry as to the ship.

The answer of the United States of the notification of Li's appointment with full powers, said:

"The United States does not feel called upon to express any opinion at this time as to the sufficiency of Li Hung Chang's authority, but hopes it will transpire that his credentials are full and authoritative not only for negotiations, but to enable him without further delay to give assurance that the life and property of Americans will henceforth be respected throughout the Chinese empire."

22 DEAD ABOUT VELASCO.

Houston, Sept. 12.—Editor O. O. Nation, of the Velasco World, brings information of the death of 22 persons in and around Velasco as a result of the storm. Seventeen are negroes.

Via Pennsylvania Lines, Account the Exposition.

The dates on which excursion tickets to Pittsburg will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines this year, account the Exposition are as follows: Thursdays, September, 6, 13, 20 and 27, and October 4, 11 and 18. The rate will be single fare for round trip, plus 25 cents to cover admission coupon to the Exposition.

Excursion tickets will be sold at that rate from Dennison, Ohio; Cadiz, Ohio; Chester, W. Va.; Wheeling, W. Va.; Washington, Pa. and intermediate ticket stations on the Southwest system; and from Massillon, O.; Ash-tabula, O.; Erie, Pa.; Stoneboro, Pa.; New Philadelphia, O.; Powhatan, O., and intermediate ticket stations on the Northwest system. Excursion tickets, including admission to the Exposition, will not be sold for less than 75 cents.

The return limit on all tickets will be three days, including date of sale.

The Pittsburg Exposition will be greater and grander this season than ever before. The popular features of former years will be retained, and many new ones will be added, including A Day in the Alps; Jim Key, the marvelous Educated Horse; A Crystal Maze; A Mexican Village; special exhibits of the products of the entire world from the Philadelphia Commercial Museum.

Music will be furnished by the world's leading musical organizations. The famous Banda Rossa, Italy's greatest musical organization, will appear at the Exposition Sept. 5 to 15; Emil Paur, with the New York Metropolitan Opera House orchestra, will be here Sept. 17 to 22; Damrosch's New York Symphony orchestra of 50 pieces will be the musical attraction Oct. 1 to Oct. 13; Sousa and his great band, direct from triumphs in Europe, will fill two engagements at the Expo., the first from Sept. 24 to Sept. 29 and the second from Oct. 15 to Oct. 20, closing the Exposition on the latter date.

Information concerning tickets, rates, time of trains, etc., will be furnished upon application to Pennsylvania Lines ticket agents in territory mentioned.

Excursions to Fort Wayne via Pennsylvania Lines.

September 9, 10, 11 and 12 for National encampment, Union Veteran Legion, excursion tickets will be sold to Fort Wayne via Pennsylvania lines, good returning until Tuesday, September 18.

MCKINLEY EVENT TONIGHT.

Miss Mabel Weds This Evening—President and Mrs. McKinley and Others Entertained at Dinner.

Somerset, Pa., Sept. 12.—President and Mrs. McKinley and Mr. and Mrs. Abner McKinley were entertained at dinner last evening at the house of P. A. Schell, Mrs. Abner McKinley's brother-in-law. This will be the only time the president and his wife will be entertained at any place other than at the home of his brother.

Those present at the dinner were: Miss Mabel McKinley, Miss Nora Jarvis, Miss Mary Barber, Miss Grace McKinley, Miss Lyde Endsley, Mrs. Wilbur K. Endsley, Miss Rachael Aiken, Dr. Hermanus Baer, Col. W. C. Brown, Rayburn C. Fairman, Louis H. Baer.

The decorations were pink carnations and pink lamps. The bride wore a light blue gown. Col. W. C. Brown, in a happy little speech, toasted the bride.

The president expressed himself as enjoying himself here exceedingly well. He is annoyed very little with callers. In fact none but his friends call to see him and most of them have already paid their respects and will not again see him until the wedding tonight.

Wake up, wage-earner, each of you to his own interest imperilled by Bryanism. Imperialism is a bugaboo, and away off, at any rate; but a business panic, repeating the experiment of 1892, is right at hand for 1900, if you fail to work and vote against Bryan and all his associates.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

	335	309	361	303	339	301
Westward.	AM	AM	AM	PM	PM	PM
Pittsburgh	15:30	17:10	17:10	10:10	14:40	11:00
Allegheny	6:20	8:10	8:10	2:12	5:28	11:50
Amport	6:25	8:15	8:15	2:17	5:33	11:55
Industry	6:30	8:20	8:20	2:22	5:38	12:00
Conneaut	6:35	8:25	8:25	2:27	5:43	12:05
Conneaut Ferry	6:42	8:34	8:34	2:34	5:50	12:12
Conneaut Ferry	6:53	8:41	8:41	2:40	5:58	12:23
Ashtabula	7:03	8:53	8:53	2:49	6:08	12:31
Ashtabula	7:18	9:10	9:10	3:02	6:23	12:43
Wellsville	7:25	9:17	9:17	3:10	6:32	12:50
Wellsville Shop	7:30	9:22	9:22	3:15	6:37	12:55
Yellow Creek	7:35	9:27	9:27	3:20	6:42	13:00
Hammondsville	7:42	9:34	9:34	3:27	6:49	13:07
Hammondsville	7:44	9:36	9:36	3:29	6:51	13:09
Salineville	8:03	9:55	9:55	3:42	7:04	13:22
Bayard	8:12	10:04	10:04	3:51	7:13	13:31
Alliance	8:19	10:11	10:11	3:58	7:20	13:38
Avon	8:30	10:22	10:22	4:09	7:31	13:49
Avon	8:38	10:30	10:30	4:17	7:39	13:57
Avon	8:47	10:39	10:39	4:26	7:48	14:06
Avon	8:57	10:49	10:49	4:36	7:58	14:16
Avon	9:15	11:07	11:07	4:54	8:16	14:34
Avon	9:25	11:17	11:17	5:04	8:26	14:44
Avon	9:35	11:27	11:27	5:14	8:36	14:54
Avon	9:45	11:37	11:37	5:24	8:46	15:04
Avon	9:55	11:47	11:47	5:34	8:56	15:14
Avon	10:05	11:57	11:57	5:44	9:06	15:24
Avon	10:15	12:07	12:07	5:54	9:16	15:34
Avon	10:25	12:17	12:17	6:04	9:26	15:44
Avon	10:35	12:27	12:27	6:14	9:36	15:54
Avon	10:45	12:37	12:37	6:24	9:46	16:04
Avon	10:55	12:47	12:47	6:34	9:56	16:14
Avon	11:05	12:57	12:57	6:44	10:06	16:24
Avon	11:15	13:07	13:07	6:54	10:16	16:34

Eastward.	340	338	300	316	48	363
AM	AM	PM	PM	PM	PM	PM
Avon	14:40	19:00	1:05	14:45	16:30	23:25
Allegheny	4:48	9:09	1:15	4:53	6:39	3:35
Amport	4:55	9:15	1:23	5:00	6:45	3:42
Industry	5:05	9:25	1:33	5:10	6:55	3:52
Conneaut	5:09	9:28	1:36	5:14	7:04	3:57
Conneaut Ferry	5:14	9:33	1:41	5:19	7:09	4:02
Conneaut Ferry	5:21	9:41	1:49	5:26	7:17	4:10
Conneaut Ferry	5:30	9:50	1:58	5:35	7:26	4:19
Conneaut Ferry	5:41	9:58	2:08	5:46	7:37	4:30
Conneaut Ferry	5:51	10:08	2:18	5:56	7:47	4:40
Conneaut Ferry	6:03	10:21	2:31	6:09	8:02	4:55
Conneaut Ferry	6:05	10:23	2:33	6:11	8:04	4:57
Conneaut Ferry	6:10	10:28	2:38	6:16	8:09	5:02
Conneaut Ferry	6:23	10:48	2:47	6:29	8:22	5:15
Conneaut Ferry	6:30	10:54	2:54	6:36	8:29	5:22
Conneaut Ferry	6:35	10:59	2:59	6:41	8:34	5:27
Conneaut Ferry	7:25	11:59	3:49	7:31	9:24	6:17
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Conneaut Ferry	12:15	16:49	8:39	12:21	14:14	11:07
Conneaut Ferry	12:25	16:59	8:49	12:31	14:24	11:1

FEARS FOR A SHIP.

Vessel Left Holland, Mich.,
In Fierce Gale.

OVER 300 PASSENGERS ABOARD.

Life Saving Crew Patrolled the Beach,
at Milwaukee, but Had Not Sighted
the Steamer—Two People Lost Their
Lives at Chicago.

Milwaukee, Sept. 12.—In midst of a 60 mile gale the steamer F and P No. 5, of the Pere Marquette line, is reported to have left Holland, Mich., Tuesday afternoon with over 300 passengers. The life saving crew at this port was patrolling the lake front, but up to 12:30 this morning the steamer had not been sighted. The passenger list is said to include a number of delegates to the convention of Red Men. The Marquette line's agent said the steamer was not yet due, and he believed the vessel was safe.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—The storm here was one of the most severe that has visited Chicago in years. At one time the wind reached a velocity of 72 miles an hour, and was not less than 50 miles some of the time. Two people lost their lives as a result of the gale and a number were injured. The damage from broken windows, falling signs and trees will run into thousands of dollars. Marine interests were warned by storm signals early in the day and only the staunchest vessels of the regular lines ventured out.

STRIKE SEEMS IMMINENT.

Mitchell Says Operators Must Confer, or
He Will Order Anthracite
Miners Out.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—"I will leave for Indianapolis tomorrow night and if upon arrival there Thursday morning I fail to hear anything from the operators in New York indicative of their willingness to meet us in conference I shall immediately order a strike." These were the words of John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America last night. "It is with the greatest reluctance that I take this step," continued Mr. Mitchell, "but nothing else remains for us to do. It is possible that the operators will at the last moment agree to arbitrate our difficulties but I must say the prospect is not encouraging."

A DAY IN WALL STREET.

Prevalent Ease of Money Apparently Due
to Scanty Demand—Movements
of Some Stocks.

New York, Sept. 12.—There was a larger attendance of members of the stock exchange at the opening of the board Tuesday morning than for several months past. This was due partly to the returning tide from summer vacations, but there seemed to be an expectation among brokers and operators, which was not realized, that some renewal of interest in securities was about to be shown. London bought on a moderate scale here, that market being encouraged by continued ease of money and this helped the recovery from the opening decline here. The enthusiasm of the professional traders was short-lived, however. They created a slight flurry in the coalers, marking up New Jersey Central 2 1/2 and Reading first preferred a point on the prevalent belief that a way will be found to adjust the differences of the miners and coal operators. There was some short covering in Sugar, People's Gas and Brooklyn Transit, these three stocks maintaining their conspicuous position in the trading. Later there was some demand for Southern Railway preferred and Louisville & Nashville, seemingly based on the immunity of their cotton territory from damage by the hurricane. There were isolated movements in United States Leather preferred, General Electric, Colorado Fuel preferred, Chicago & Eastern Illinois, Cleveland C. C. & St. Louis preferred, and Chicago Great Western preferred. These were all gains except for Chicago & Eastern Illinois. The better comprehension of the extent of the Texas disaster and St. Paul's decreased earnings proved depressing factors and helped to overcome the advance. Missouri Pacific, Kansas & Texas preferred and St. Louis Southwest preferred were all weak. Otherwise the roads in the affected territory moved narrowly. This was true, in fact, of the whole list and the final prices showed very few important net changes. A stiffening of the rate for call loans to 2 per cent attracted attention to the possibilities of a money squeeze during the autumn. The rate fell back to 1 1/4 per cent when the banks came into the stock exchange with their unplaced balances late in the day. The prevalent ease of money is evidently due to the exceedingly scanty demand, and any active speculation will probably make rapid inroads upon the resources of the banks. It is pointed out that the surplus of the associated banks is concentrated in a few institutions.

Kansas City Southern 3s rallied 2 1/2.

Otherwise the bond market was without any feature. Total sales par value, \$940,000.

United States old 4s advanced 1/4 and the 3s reg. 1/2 00. coup. 1/4 per cent in the bid price.

WANT THE MILWAUKEE TERMS.

Youngstown Union Plants Demand Illinois Steel Company's Privileges.

Youngstown, O., Sept. 12.—Manager Parrick, of the American Steel Hoop Company's plant in this city, which, with all other mills having relations with the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, are shut down pending a settlement of the scale question, assembled his men, and after informing them of the agreement entered into by the Amalgamated officials with the Illinois Steel Company, whereupon the latter is privileged to operate its Milwaukee plant on the terms proposed by the manufacturers at the late conference at Detroit, demanded that they go to work on the same terms.

The men would not commit themselves, but agreed to communicate the demand to President Shaffer and abide by his decision. District Manager Campbell, of the Republican Iron & Steel Company, also announced his purpose to make a similar demand on the men employed in the several plants under his jurisdiction.

THE WEATHER.

West Virginia—Fair, cooler today. Tomorrow fair; south to west winds. Western Pennsylvania—Showers and cooler today, with south to west gales. Tomorrow fair.

Ohio—Cooler today, with showers, except in extreme southern portion, south to west gales on Lake Erie. Tomorrow fair.

LEAGUE GAMES YESTERDAY.

At New York—Chicago, 3 runs, 8 hits and 5 errors; New York, 14 runs, 23 hits and 2 errors. Batteries—Callahan, Dexter and Chance; Hawley and Bowerman. Umpire—Emslie.

At New York—(Second game)—Chicago, 3 runs, 7 hits and 0 errors; New York, 3 runs, 6 hits and 2 errors. Batteries—Griffith and Kling; Carrick and Bowerman. Umpire—Emslie. Attendance—2,000.

At Philadelphia—Pittsburg, 2 runs, 8 hits and 1 error; Philadelphia, 0 runs, 3 hits and 0 errors. Batteries—Leeper and O'Connor; Orth and McFarland. Umpire—O'Day. Attendance, 2,942.

At Boston—Boston, 7 runs, 10 hits and 2 errors; St. Louis, 4 runs, 7 hits and 3 errors. Batteries—Lewis and Clark; Sudhoff and Buelow. Umpire—Hurst. Attendance—1,000.

At Brooklyn—Cincinnati, 6 runs, 14 hits and 2 errors; Brooklyn, 6 runs, 7 hits and 2 errors. Batteries—Phillips and Kahoe; McGinnity, Howell and McGuire. Umpire—Snyder. Attendance—1,100.

How the Clubs Stand.

W. L. Pe	W. L. Pe
Brooklyn.....60 44	Chicago.....55 60
Pittsburg.....56 39	St. Louis.....52 60
Philadelphia.....58 54	Cincinnati.....52 60
Boston.....54 58	New York.....47 65

League Schedule Today.

Pittsburg at Philadelphia, Chicago at New York, Cincinnati at Brooklyn and St. Louis at Boston.

American League Games Yesterday.

At Chicago—Chicago, 9 runs, 11 hits and 4 errors; Cleveland, 1 run, 6 hits and 3 errors. Batteries—Denzer and Wood; Baker and Cross. Umpire—Dwyer. Attendance—400.

At Kansas City—Kansas City, 6 runs, 11 hits and 2 errors; Indianapolis, 3 runs, 11 hits and 5 errors. Batteries—Gear and Gonding; Milligan and Heydon. Umpire—Cantillon. Attendance—1,000.

At Kansas City—(Second game)—Kansas City, 4 runs, 15 hits and 6 errors; Indianapolis, 10 runs, 11 hits and 1 error. Batteries—Patten and McManus; Gardner and Powers. Umpire—Cantillon.

The two Minneapolis-Buffalo games were postponed on account of rain.

Milwaukee-Detroit game postponed account wet grounds.

Yesterday's Inter-State Results.

At Toledo—Toledo, 2 runs, 9 hits and 3 errors; Dayton, 7 runs, 14 hits and 0 errors. Batteries—Kenna and Arthur; Gilpatrick and Deal.

At Wheeling—Wheeling, 4 runs, 12 hits and 2 errors; Mansfield, 3 runs, 11 hits and 0 errors. Batteries—Pardee and Ritter; Ames and Fox.

At Wheeling—(Second game)—Wheeling, 3 runs, 6 hits and 4 errors; Mansfield, 8 runs, 7 hits and 2 errors. Batteries—Skopec and Ritter; Meredith and Fox.

At Marion—Marion, 3 runs, 5 hits and 5 errors; New Castle, 2 runs, 7 hits and 0 errors. Batteries—Guese and Lynch; Taylor and Graffius.

At Anderson—Anderson, 0 runs, 7 hits and 4 errors; Fort Wayne, 7 runs, 9 hits and 1 error. Batteries—Mahaffey and Quinn; Swain and Kleinow.

The Inter-State Standing.

W. L. Pe	W. L. Pe
Dayton.....89 44	Mansfield.....67 64
Ft. Wayne.....81 54	Anderson.....58 75
Toledo.....79 56	New Castle.....44 92
Wheeling.....76 57	Marion.....40 92

Inter-State Games Scheduled For Today.

Anderson at New Castle, Toledo at Marion, and Mansfield at Wheeling.

OHIO IN CONGRESS FROM 1803 TO 1901.

CHARLES E. BROWN.

Charles Elwood Brown was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, July 4, 1834. He was educated in the public schools, Greenfield academy and Miami university, where he graduated in the class of 1854. He went to Baton Rouge in the capacity of a tutor, and while thus engaged read law. He returned to Chillicothe, Ohio, in 1859, and was admitted to the bar and began the practice of his profession. On the 23d of October, 1861, he enlisted as a private soldier in Company B, Sixty-third Ohio Volunteer Infantry, was commissioned captain and promoted to major for meritorious service, March 20, 1863, and to lieutenant colonel May 17 of the same year.

He commanded his regiment in the Atlanta campaign, and in the battle in front of Atlanta, July 22, 1864, lost his left leg. While invalided he served as provost marshal of the Eighteenth Ohio district. He was promoted to colonel June 6, 1865, and subsequently brevetted brigadier general for gallant and meritorious conduct in front of Atlanta. He resumed the practice of law in Chillicothe in 1866. In 1872 he was appointed pension agent at Cincinnati by President Grant, and took up his residence there.

He was elected as a Republican to the Forty-ninth congress in 1884 from the Second district, a part of Hamilton county. He was elected to the Fiftieth congress from the same district in 1886. His record in congress was highly commendable. After retiring from congress he continued the practice of his profession in Cincinnati.

CHARLES M. ANDERSON.

Charles M. Anderson of Greenville, Darke county, where he still resides in the practice of his profession, has been for many years a Democratic leader and organizer, has been chairman of the Democratic state executive committee, and during the civil war was a brave, dashing and gallant soldier and officer, winning repeated promotions.

He was born in Juniata county, Pennsylvania, Jan. 5, 1845, and came to Ohio ten years later. He was educated in the public schools, and through his own exertions read law and was admitted to the practice in 1868, and rose to the head of his profession. He is a brilliant and forcible speaker and incisive debater.

He was elected to the Forty-ninth congress in 1884 from the Fourth district, comprising the counties of Darke, Miami and Montgomery. Owing to a change of districts he failed of a renomination. He has since followed the practice of his profession in his adopted city, and was for many years one of the managers of the Soldiers' Home at Dayton, in which he still takes a deep interest.

JOHN LITTLE.

John Little of Xenia, Greene county, was born in Ross township of that county in 1837. He attended the common schools and graduated from Antioch college in 1862. He read law with Judge James A. Winans, and was admitted to the practice in 1865, and entered actively upon his profession in 1867.

He was prosecuting attorney of Greene county from 1867 to 1869, when he resigned to enter the Ohio legislature as a member of the house, where he served two terms, from 1870 to 1873. He was elected attorney general of the state in 1873 and re-elected to the same position in 1875, being among the ablest attorneys general of the state.

He was elected as a Republican to the Forty-ninth congress in 1884, from the Eighth district, composed of the counties of Greene, Fayette, Champaign, Clark and Clinton. He served but one term in congress. In 1899 he is in the practice of his profession at Xenia.

WILLIAM C. COOPER.

William C. Cooper of Mt. Vernon was born in that city Dec. 18, 1832, receiving his education in the public schools and the Mt. Vernon academy. He was admitted to the bar and achieved success in the legal profession, being still active in it. He was prosecuting attorney of Knox county from January, 1859, to January, 1863; mayor of Mt. Vernon from April, 1862, to April, 1864; was a member of the lower house of the legislature from January, 1872, to January, 1874, and was judge advocate general of the state from January, 1879, to January, 1884, and was for many years president of the board of education of Mt. Vernon. He has always been a Republican.

In 1884 he was elected to the Forty-ninth congress from the Ninth district, Knox, Delaware, Madison, Marion, Morrow and Union counties. He was elected to the Fiftieth in 1886 from the Ninth district, then composed of Knox, Delaware, Morrow, Union, Marion and Hardin counties, and was re-elected from the same district in 1888 to the Fifty-first congress. His services in congress were satisfactory to his party and constituents generally.

WILLIAM W. ELLSBERRY.

Dr. William W. Ellsberry of Georgetown was one of the leading physicians of that part of the state. He was born in New Hope, Brown county, Ohio, Dec. 18, 1833. He received a thorough education in the public schools and in a private academy in Clermont county, and graduated with high honors from the Cincinnati Medical college.

He was prominent in medical societies and circles, and actively participated in all conventions for the improvement of medical science. He declined the position of superintendent of the Central Hospital for the Insane tendered him by Governor R. M. Bishop. He was an active Democrat and was a delegate to the Democratic national convention in Cincinnati, 1880.

He was elected to the Forty-ninth congress in 1884 from the Eleventh district, Brown, Adams, Highland and Ross counties, and served one term.

ALBERT C. THOMPSON.

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J. M. KELLY. O. O. VODREY.
B. O. SIMMS. JNO. C. THOMPSON.
JAS. N. VODREY.

Capital, - - - \$100,000
Surplus, - - - 80,000

General Banking Business.

Invite Business and Personal Account

Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent.

193 Washington Street.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.

7-room dwelling on Ridgeway ave., lot 31 by 130, with summer kitchen, in perfect condition. Price \$5,700.
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daily except Sunday. Central time.

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No. 40.....	6 20 a. m.	7 25 a. m.
No. 36.....	12 00 a. m.	2 20 p. m.

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No. 6.....	8 25 a. m.	9 30 a. m.
No. 45.....	5 10 p. m.	6 08 p. m.
No. 35.....	5 00 a. m.	11 15 a. m.

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Ninth Street, Wellsville, Ohio.

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RESTAURANT,

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WANT THE MILWAUKEE TERMS.

Youngstown Union Plants Demand Illinois Steel Company's Privileges. Youngstown, O., Sept. 12.—Manager Patrick of the American Steel Hoop Company's plant in this city, which, with all other mills having relations with the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, are shut down pending a settlement of the scale question, assembled his men, and after informing them of the agreement entered into by the Amalgamated officials with the Illinois Steel Company, whereupon the latter is privileged to operate its Milwaukee plant on the terms proposed by the manufacturers at the late conference at Detroit, demanded that they go to work on the same terms. The men would not commit themselves, but agreed to communicate the demand to President Shaffer and abide by his decision. District Manager Campbell, of the Republican Iron & Steel Company, also announced his purpose to make a similar demand on the men employed in the several plants under his jurisdiction.

THE WEATHER.

West Virginia—Fair, cooler today. Tomorrow fair; south to west winds. Western Pennsylvania—Showers and cooler today, with south to west gales. Tomorrow fair. Ohio—Cooler today, with showers, except in extreme southern portion, south to west gales on Lake Erie. Tomorrow fair.

LEAGUE GAMES YESTERDAY.

At New York—Chicago, 3 runs, 8 hits and 5 errors; New York, 14 runs, 23 hits and 2 errors. Batteries—Callahan, Dexter and Chance; Hawley and Bowerman. Umpire—Emslie.

At New York—(Second game)—Chicago, 3 runs, 7 hits and 0 errors; New York, 3 runs, 6 hits and 2 errors. Batteries—Griffith and Kling; Carriek and Bowerman. Umpire—Emslie. Attendance—2,000.

At Philadelphia—Pittsburg, 2 runs, 8 hits and 1 error; Philadelphia, 0 runs, 3 hits and 0 errors. Batteries—Leever and O'Connor; Orth and McFarland. Umpire—O'Day. Attendance, 2,942.

At Boston—Boston, 7 runs, 10 hits and 2 errors; St. Louis, 4 runs, 7 hits and 3 errors. Batteries—Lewis and Clark; Sudhoff and Buelow. Umpire—Hurst. Attendance—1,000.

At Brooklyn—Cincinnati, 6 runs, 14 hits and 2 errors; Brooklyn, 6 runs, 7 hits and 2 errors. Batteries—Phillips and Kahoe; McGinnity, Howell and McGuire. Umpire—Snyder. Attendance—1,100.

How the Clubs Stand.

	W. L. P.		W. L. P.
Brooklyn.....	66 44	Chicago.....	55 60 478
Pittsburg.....	66 39	St. Louis.....	52 60 404
Phila.....	58 54	Cincinnati.....	52 60 404
Boston.....	54 58	New York.....	47 65 420

League Schedule Today.

Pittsburg at Philadelphia, Chicago at New York, Cincinnati at Brooklyn and St. Louis at Boston.

American League Games Yesterday.

At Chicago—Chicago, 9 runs, 11 hits and 4 errors; Cleveland, 1 run, 6 hits and 3 errors. Batteries—Denzer and Wood; Baker and Cross. Umpire—Dwyer. Attendance—400.

At Kansas City—Kansas City, 6 runs, 11 hits and 2 errors; Indianapolis, 3 runs, 11 hits and 5 errors. Batteries—Gear and Goding; Milligan and Heydon. Umpire—Cantillon. Attendance—1,000.

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The two Minneapolis-Buffalo games were postponed on account of rain.

Milwaukee-Detroit game postponed account wet grounds.

Yesterday's Inter-State Results.

At Toledo—Toledo, 2 runs, 9 hits and 3 errors; Dayton, 7 runs, 14 hits and 0 errors. Batteries—Kenna and Arthur; Gilpatrick and Deal.

At Wheeling—Wheeling, 4 runs, 12 hits and 2 errors; Mansfield, 3 runs, 11 hits and 0 errors. Batteries—Pardee and Ritter; Ames and Fox.

At Wheeling—(Second game)—Wheeling, 3 runs, 6 hits and 4 errors; Mansfield, 8 runs, 7 hits and 2 errors. Batteries—Skopec and Ritter; Meredith and Fox.

At Marion—Marion, 3 runs, 5 hits and 5 errors; New Castle, 2 runs, 7 hits and 0 errors. Batteries—Gusee and Lynch; Taylor and Graffius.

At Anderson—Anderson, 0 runs, 7 hits and 4 errors; Fort Wayne, 7 runs, 9 hits and 1 error. Batteries, Mahaffey and Quinn; Swaim and Kleinow.

The Inter-State Standing.

	W. L. P.		W. L. P.
Dayton.....	89 44	Mansfield.....	67 64 511
Ft. Wayne.....	81 54	Anderson.....	58 75 486
Toledo.....	79 56	New Castle.....	44 92 324
Wheeling.....	76 57	Marion.....	40 92 303

Inter-State Games Scheduled For Today.

Anderson at New Castle, Toledo at Marion, and Mansfield at Wheeling.

OHIO IN CONGRESS FROM 1803 TO 1901.

CHARLES E. BROWN.

Charles Elwood Brown was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, July 4, 1834. He was educated in the public schools, Greenfield academy and Miami university, where he graduated in the class of 1854. He went to Baton Rouge in the capacity of a tutor, and while thus engaged read law. He returned to Chillicothe, Ohio, in 1859, and was admitted to the bar and began the practice of his profession. On the 23d of October, 1861, he enlisted as a private soldier in Company B, Sixty-third Ohio Volunteer Infantry, was commissioned captain and promoted to major for meritorious service, March 20, 1863, and to lieutenant colonel May 17 of the same year.

He commanded his regiment in the Atlanta campaign, and in the battle in front of Atlanta, July 22, 1864, lost his left leg. While invalided he served as provost marshal of the Eighteenth Ohio district. He was promoted to colonel June 6, 1865, and subsequently brevetted brigadier general for gallant and meritorious conduct in front of Atlanta. He resumed the practice of law in Chillicothe in 1866. In 1872 he was appointed pension agent at Cincinnati by President Grant, and took up his residence there.

He was elected as a Republican to the Forty-ninth congress in 1884 from the Second district, a part of Hamilton county. He was elected to the Fiftieth congress from the same district in 1886. His record in congress was highly commendable. After retiring from congress he continued the practice of his profession in Cincinnati.

CHARLES M. ANDERSON.

Charles M. Anderson of Greenville, Darke county, where he still resides in the practice of his profession, has been for many years a Democratic leader and organizer, has been chairman of the Democratic state executive committee, and during the civil war was a brave, dashing and gallant soldier and officer, winning repeated promotions.

He was born in Juniata county, Pennsylvania, Jan. 5, 1845, and came to Ohio ten years later. He was educated in the public schools, and through his own exertions read law and was admitted to the practice in 1868, and rose to the head of his profession. He is a brilliant and forcible speaker and incisive debater.

He was elected to the Forty-ninth congress in 1884 from the Fourth district, comprising the counties of Darke, Miami and Montgomery. Owing to a change of districts he failed of a renomination. He has since followed the practice of his profession in his adopted city, and was for many years one of the managers of the Soldiers' Home at Dayton, in which he still takes a deep interest.

JOHN LITTLE.

John Little of Xenia, Greene county, was born in Ross township of that county in 1837. He attended the common schools and graduated from Antioch college in 1862. He read law with Judge James A. Winans, and was admitted to the practice in 1865, and entered actively upon his profession in 1867.

He was prosecuting attorney of Greene county from 1867 to 1869, when he resigned to enter the Ohio legislature as a member of the house, where he served two terms, from 1870 to 1873. He was elected attorney general of the state in 1873 and re-elected to the same position in 1875, being among the ablest attorneys general of the state.

He was elected as a Republican to the Forty-ninth congress in 1884, from the Eighth district, composed of the counties of Greene, Fayette, Champaign, Clark and Clinton. He served but one term in congress. In 1899 he is in the practice of his profession at Xenia.

WILLIAM C. COOPER.

William C. Cooper of Mt. Vernon was born in that city Dec. 18, 1832, receiving his education in the public schools and the Mt. Vernon academy. He was admitted to the bar and achieved success in the legal profession, being still active in it. He was prosecuting attorney of Knox county from January, 1859, to January, 1863; mayor of Mt. Vernon from April, 1862, to April, 1864; was a member of the lower house of the legislature from January, 1872, to January, 1874, and was judge advocate general of the state from January, 1879, to January, 1884, and was for many years president of the board of education of Mt. Vernon. He has always been a Republican.

In 1884 he was elected to the Forty-ninth congress from the Ninth district, Knox, Delaware, Madison, Marion, Morrow and Union counties. He was elected to the Fiftieth in 1886 from the Ninth district, then composed of Knox, Delaware, Morrow, Union, Marion and Hardin counties, and was re-elected from the same district in 1888 to the Fifty-first congress. His services in congress were satisfactory to his party and constituents generally.

WILLIAM W. ELLSBERRY.

Dr. William W. Ellsberry of Georgetown was one of the leading physicians of that part of the state. He was born in New Hope, Brown county, Ohio, Dec. 18, 1833. He received a thorough education in the public schools and in a private academy in Clermont county, and graduated with high honors from the Cincinnati Medical college.

He was prominent in medical societies and circles, and actively participated in all conventions for the improvement of medical science. He declined the position of superintendent of the Central Hospital for the Insane tendered him by Governor R. M. Bishop. He was an active Democrat and was a delegate to the Democratic national convention in Cincinnati, 1880.

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How the Clubs Stand.

	W.	L.	Pc.		W.	L.	Pc.
Brooklyn	66	44	600	Chicago	55	60	478
Pittsburg	66	49	574	St. Louis	52	63	454
Phila.	58	54	518	Cincinnati	52	60	464
Boston	54	58	482	New York	47	65	420

League Schedule Today.

Pittsburg at Philadelphia, Chicago at New York, Cincinnati at Brooklyn and St. Louis at Boston.

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At Wheeling—Wheeling, 4 runs, 12 hits and 2 errors; Mansfield, 3 runs, 11 hits and 0 errors. Batteries—Pardee and Ritter; Ames and Fox.

At Wheeling—(Second game)—Wheeling, 3 runs, 6 hits and 4 errors; Mansfield, 8 runs, 7 hits and 2 errors. Batteries—Skopec and Ritter; Meredith and Fox.

At Marion—Marion, 3 runs, 5 hits and 5 errors; New Castle, 2 runs, 7 hits and 0 errors. Batteries—Guese and Lynch; Taylor and Graffius.

At Anderson—Anderson, 0 runs, 7 hits and 4 errors; Fort Wayne, 7 runs, 9 hits and 1 error. Batteries, Mahaffey and Quinn; Swain and Kleinow.

The Inter-State Standing.

	W.	L.	Pc.		W.	L.	Pc.
Dayton	89	44	669	Mansfield	67	64	511
Ft. Wayne	81	54	600	Anderson	68	75	486
Toledo	79	56	585	New Castle	42	82	324
Wheeling	76	57	571	Marion	40	92	303

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OHIO IN CONGRESS FROM 1803 TO 1901.

CHARLES E. BROWN.

Charles Elwood Brown was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, July 4, 1834. He was educated in the public schools, Greenfield academy and Miami university, where he graduated in the class of 1854. He went to Baton Rouge in the capacity of a tutor, and while thus engaged read law. He returned to Chillicothe, Ohio, in 1859, and was admitted to the bar and began the practice of his profession. On the 23d of October, 1861, he enlisted as a private soldier in Company B, Sixty-third Ohio Volunteer Infantry, was commissioned captain and promoted to major for meritorious service, March 20, 1863, and to lieutenant colonel May 17 of the same year.

He commanded his regiment in the Atlanta campaign, and in the battle in front of Atlanta, July 22, 1864, lost his left leg. While invalided he served as provost marshal of the Eighteenth Ohio district. He was promoted to colonel June 6, 1865, and subsequently brevetted brigadier general for gallant and meritorious conduct in front of Atlanta. He resumed the practice of law in Chillicothe in 1866. In 1872 he was appointed pension agent at Cincinnati by President Grant, and took up his residence there.

He was elected as a Republican to the Forty-ninth congress in 1884 from the Second district, a part of Hamilton county. He was elected to the Fiftieth congress from the same district in 1886. His record in congress was highly commendable. After retiring from congress he continued the practice of his profession in Cincinnati.

CHARLES M. ANDERSON.

Charles M. Anderson of Greenville, Darke county, where he still resides in the practice of his profession, has been for many years a Democratic leader and organizer, has been chairman of the Democratic state executive committee, and during the civil war was a brave, dashing and gallant soldier and officer, winning repeated promotions.

He was born in Juniata county, Pennsylvania, Jan. 5, 1845, and came to Ohio ten years later. He was educated in the public schools, and through his own exertions read law and was admitted to the practice in 1868, and rose to the head of his profession. He is a brilliant and forcible speaker and incisive debater.

He was elected to the Forty-ninth congress in 1884 from the Fourth district, comprising the counties of Darke, Miami and Montgomery. Owing to a change of districts he failed of a renomination. He has since followed the practice of his profession in his adopted city, and was for many years one of the managers of the Soldiers' Home at Dayton, in which he still takes a deep interest.

JOHN LITTLE.

John Little of Xenia, Greene county, was born in Ross township of that county in 1837. He attended the common schools and graduated from Antioch college in 1862. He read law with Judge James A. Winans, and was admitted to the practice in 1865, and entered actively upon his profession in 1867.

He was prosecuting attorney of Greene county from 1867 to 1869, when he resigned to enter the Ohio legislature as a member of the house, where he served two terms, from 1870 to 1873. He was elected attorney general of the state in 1873 and re-elected to the same position in 1875, being among the ablest attorneys general of the state.

He was elected as a Republican to the Forty-ninth congress in 1884, from the Eighth district, composed of the counties of Greene, Fayette, Champaign, Clark and Clinton. He served but one term in congress. In 1899 he is in the practice of his profession at Xenia.

WILLIAM C. COOPER.

William C. Cooper of Mt. Vernon was born in that city Dec. 18, 1832, receiving his education in the public schools and the Mt. Vernon academy. He was admitted to the bar and achieved success in the legal profession, being still active in it. He was prosecuting attorney of Knox county from January, 1859, to January, 1863; mayor of Mt. Vernon from April, 1862, to April, 1864; was a member of the lower house of the legislature from January, 1872, to January, 1874, and was judge advocate general of the state from January, 1879, to January, 1884, and was for many years president of the board of education of Mt. Vernon. He has always been a Republican.

In 1884 he was elected to the Forty-ninth congress from the Ninth district, Knox, Delaware, Madison, Marion, Morrow and Union counties. He was elected to the Fiftieth in 1886 from the Ninth district, then composed of Knox, Delaware, Morrow, Union, Marion and Hardin counties, and was re-elected from the same district in 1888 to the Fifty-first congress. His services in congress were satisfactory to his party and constituents generally.

WILLIAM W. ELLSBERRY.

Dr. William W. Ellsberry of Georgetown was one of the leading physicians of that part of the state. He was born in New Hope, Brown county, Ohio, Dec. 18, 1833. He received a thorough education in the public schools and in a private academy in Clermont county, and graduated with high honors from the Cincinnati Medical college.

He was prominent in medical societies and circles, and actively participated in all conventions for the improvement of medical science. He declined the position of superintendent of the Central Hospital for the Insane tendered him by Governor R. M. Bishop. He was an active Democrat and was a delegate to the Democratic national convention in Cincinnati, 1880.

He was elected to the Forty-ninth congress in 1884 from the Eleventh district, Brown, Adams, Highland and Ross counties, and served one term.

ALBERT C. THOMPSON.

Judge Albert Clifton Thompson of Portsmouth was born in Brookville, Jefferson county, Pennsylvania, Jan. 23, 1842, and received his education in the common schools of that town and at Cannonsburg, Pennsylvania. He was admitted to the bar Dec. 13, 1864, and began the practice at Portsmouth.

He was elected probate judge of Scioto county in October, 1869, and judge of the court of common pleas in the Seventh judicial district in 1881. During the Civil War he served as second lieutenant of company B, One Hundred and Fifth Pennsylvania volunteer infantry, and was made captain of company K of the same regiment Nov. 28, 1861, and was discharged March 23, 1863, because of wounds received in battle.

He was elected as a Republican to the Forty-ninth congress in 1884 from the Twelfth district, Scioto, Lawrence, Vinton, Pike and Jackson counties; was elected to the Fiftieth in 1886 from the Eleventh district, consisting of Scioto, Adams, Lawrence, Gallia, Jackson and Vinton, and re-elected from the same district to the Fifty-first congress in 1888. He was legislated out of congress in 1890 after making a good record.

In 1897 he was a made a member of the commission to codify the laws of the United States, and in 1898 was made a United States district judge, a position for which he was peculiarly fitted, and is still on the bench.

TO BE CONTINUED

The First National Bank Of East Liverpool, O.

President—DAVID BOYCE.
Vice President—J. M. KELLY.
Cashier—N. G. MACRUM.
Asst. Cash'r—THOS. H. FISHER.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

DAVID BOYCE. W. L. THOMPSON.
J. M. KELLY. O. O. VODREY.
B. C. SIMMS. JNO. C. THOMPSON.
JAS. N. VODREY.

Capital, - - - \$100,000
Surplus, - - - 80,000

General Banking Business.

Invite Business and Personal Account

Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent;

193 Washington Street.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.

7-room dwelling on Ridgeway ave., lot 31 by 130, with summer kitchen, in perfect condition. Price \$8,700.

11-room business building on East Market street, with all modern improvements, one square from Diamond. Call at office for price.

8-room double dwelling on Second street, a splendid investment. Price \$2,800.

A modern dwelling on Sixth street, lot 30 by 130. This is one of the most desirable dwellings on Sixth street, and anyone that is desirous of owning a home without having the trouble of building should look at this. Price \$5,500.

Geo. H. Owen & Co.

General Insurance and Real Estate Agents.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,
Both Phones 49.



Time table effective May 28, 1900. Trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

	Lv. Lisbon.	Ar. N. Gallies.
No. 6.....	2 35 p. m.	3 40 p. m.
No. 40.....	6 20 a. m.	7 25 a. m.
No. 36.....	12 00 a. m.	2 20 p. m.

	Lv. N. Gallies.	Ar. Lisbon.
No. 6.....	8 25 a. m.	9 30 a. m.
No. 45.....	5 10 p. m.	6 08 p. m.
No. 35.....	5 00 a. m.	11 15 a. m.

CONNECTIONS AT NEW GALLIES.

Connections at New Gallies with Pennsylvania Co's trains to and from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburg, Beaver Falls, East Liverpool, Wellsville, Bellaire, Alliance, Canton, Chicago, Erie, New Castle, Ashtabula, Youngstown, and intermediate points.

R. F. BARINGER,
General Passenger Agent

5^c ICE CREAM SODA

East Liverpool Visitors Always Welcome.

A FULL LINE OF CIGARS.

T. A. McINTOSH.

PHARMACIST.
Ninth Street, Wellsville, Ohio.

S. J. MARTIN,

RESTAURANT,

175 BROADWAY.

CHOICE MEALS. Only 25c.

The Sanitary Reduction Co.

James Murphy, Manager, dispose of all refuse by incineration according to Board of Health regulations.

Bell 'phone 373.

ALL the latest and best local and telegraph news be can found in this paper.

You Remember the Good Soda Water You Drank at BULGER'S PHARMACY LAST SEASON!

Well, we have opened our fountain for the season and can promise you, on our reputation, to furnish you the best Soda Water in the city. We do not ask you to patronage our soda if we do not satisfy you that the above is correct.

Respectfully,

ALVIN H. BULGER.

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Now, therefore, as the mayor of the city of East Liverpool, I most earnestly appeal to the people of East Liverpool to contribute to the relief of the suffering thousands of Galveston with that same prompt generosity which has ever marked their response to appeals for suffering humanity in the past. Prompt relief is necessary if many of the lives which escaped the disastrous flood are to be saved, and it is sincerely to be hoped that East Liverpool will not be backward in furnishing a liberal share of it. The Pottery Building & Savings Co. has kindly consented to act as treasurer of the Galveston Relief Fund, and all remittances to the fund, whether in cash or by check, should be sent to that company at its office on Fifth street. Remember that instant relief is needed. Every day but adds to the horrors of the situation of the sufferers in Galveston, so let your contributions be quick and generous, that they may do the most good before sickness and death set in among the stricken people.

W. C. DAVIDSON,
Mayor.

DODGE THE FACT.

When cornered by the plain proof that Bryan, if he were president, could start silver into circulation as practically the sole currency, putting the country upon a silver basis, by a mere presidential order; the only Democratic reply is that, "Oh, the Republicans control the senate and house just now, and therefore there is no danger." If it is so good to have a Republican senate and house, let's keep them, and keep a president of the same opinion. Why risk a panic?

Business men are very busy, and all are glad of it. Many of them are perhaps too busy to give time to politics. But Democratic politics will give time to them and to their business, and if they don't look out they may get caught as they were in 1892, and in the same way. Then they will not be too busy.

Bank clearings at the money centers show that actual business throughout the country is practically as good as it was last year at this time, but as to new investments, there is everywhere a holding off until it is found out whether Bryanism and its attack upon all values stands a ghost of a chance in the election.

The News Review for all the news.

IN THE PAST.

Democratic Views of Lincoln in the Civil War.

OPINIONS IN THAT CRISIS

Contrasted With What They Say at Present.

LOOKING BACK TO THE CIVIL WAR.

Arguments of Bryan Today the Same as Those in the Storm and Stress of the Civil War—Same Charges Against Lincoln as Are Made Now Against the Present Republican Administration.

A Republican voter who was on the stage of active life during the civil war, and remembers the infamous treatment that Abraham Lincoln received at the hands of the Democratic party and press, will not be deceived by the sham laudations of Mr. Bryan, or the complimentary references to the great war president by the Democratic national platform this year. These are mere traps to catch new voters—men who were not old enough at that period to know of the depth of infamy to which the Democrats descended in their abuse of Lincoln and their opposition to the war for the maintenance of the Union.

No man in American political history (unless it be Washington himself) ever received so much vulgar abuse as did Abraham Lincoln at the hands of the Democratic press and orators. He was habitually referred to as a tyrant, a gorilla, a baboon, a Nero, a Caesar, and an imperialist. He was accused of violating the constitution, of having departed from the principles of the Declaration of Independence, of having a desire to overthrow the republic and set up an empire, and the same cry of "imperialism" was raised against him as is now raised against McKinley. It was alleged that the immense Union army would be used to subvert the liberties of the people, crush the republic, and set up an imperial regime. The absolute folly of all this is patent to every observer. Only a third of a century has passed, and we find the chief apostle of Democracy, and the party itself, in its platform, lauding Lincoln and deploring the departure of the Republican party of today from the precedents he set.

There is no warrant for this. Abraham Lincoln was a progressive man. The Republican party is progressive. There is no doubt that, were Lincoln alive today, he would be in the van of the Republican party and a staunch supporter of every policy which it enunciates. The Democratic cry this year is the same as it was 37 years ago. Below are given a number of extracts from Democratic newspapers of Ohio in the campaigns of '64. They have a familiar ring today, because, allowing for the change in conditions, the charges brought against the Republican party by Mr. Bryan and his crowd, are the same that were brought in those years of civil war:

"It is inconceivable how a war like that which is now carried on against the South, can, if successful, do any thing else than establish a government of force."—Editorial in Cincinnati Enquirer, Oct. 11, 1864.

"Many thousands of soldiers in the army have been grossly duped, deceived and defrauded by the radical Republican and Abolition leaders."—Editorial of Ohio Statesman Sept. 20, 1863, discussing Lincoln's war policy.

"The only way the country and Union can be saved is for the people, in such numbers and such force, to rally and unite for the restoration of peace on the basis of the constitution, that the consent of dreamy, crazy Abolition fanatics shall not be necessary."—Editorial in Ohio Statesman, Sept. 8, 1863.

"Nero fiddled while Rome was burning. Cromwell bedaubed the face of another judge with ink while he was signing the death warrant of Charles

I, and Abraham Lincoln called for a comic negro song when he was surrounded by corpses upon the battlefield of Antietam."—Editorial in Cincinnati Enquirer, Sept. 8, 1864.

"A restoration of the Union on the basis of the constitution, and the consequent cessation of this murderous and desolating war."—Editorial in Ohio Statesman, July 1, 1863.

"Some go so far as to desire Mr. Lincoln's death, to get him out of the way."—Editorial in Cincinnati Enquirer, Aug. 29, 1864.

"If Lincoln is entitled to the gratitude of the black, ought he not to receive the eternal curses and maledictions of the white race?"—Editorial in Cincinnati Enquirer, Aug. 11, 1864.

"The administration will find out that tyranny can not permanently succeed in this country."—Editorial in Cincinnati Enquirer, Aug. 10, 1864.

"The Negro and Lincoln stand in the way of peace."—Editorial in Ohio Statesman, Aug. 1, 1864.

"An Absolute dictator—as absolute as Peter the Great or Philip II. Thus has American liberty perished in form, as well as in substance."—Editorial in Cincinnati Enquirer, Aug. 4, 1864.

"A voluntary union of 20 or even 10 states is to be preferred to a coerced unity of 40 states."—Editorial in Cincinnati Enquirer, Aug. 3, 1864.

"We are now making excellent progress toward calling out that 'last man and last dollar,' to whom the Lincolnites are so partial."—Editorial in Cincinnati Enquirer, July 21, 1864.

"The Lincoln flag is the red one of carnage and the black one of unlicensed pillage."—Editorial in Cincinnati Enquirer, Sept. 17, 1864.

"The issue between George B. McClellan and Abraham Lincoln we regard as involving the life and death of the nation—the former carries with it the best hopes of republican government; the latter is the representative and exponent of the destructive element in our politics."—Editorial in Ohio Statesman, Nov. 3, 1864.

"There is in the presidential chair of the United States a ruler as heartless and wicked as any that ever oppressed a people."—Editorial in Ohio Statesman, Oct. 25, 1864.

"The greatest, bloodiest and least profitable war ever waged, must still go on."—"Four years more of war if Lincoln is re-elected."—Editorial in Ohio Statesman, July 23, 1864.

"If Abraham the First should take it into his head to try to re-elect himself 'at the point of the bayonet.'"—Editorial in Ohio Statesman, July 12, 1864.

The American people are soon to be brought face to face at the polls with the author (Lincoln) of all our national calamities. They are to pass upon the conduct of him who, in order to carry out a fanatical theory, has carried mourning into every household."—Editorial in Cincinnati Enquirer, Oct. 14, 1864.

"My paramount object is to save the Union."—From Lincoln's letter to Horace Greeley on Aug. 23, 1862.

This reminds one of Mr. Bryan's "paramount issue" on account of the difference.

BILLY B.
Says he

Don't want
Prosperity.

—Fostoria Review-Dispatch.

About \$250,000,000 is the shrinkage in 18 months in the stock quotations in some 20 of the principal trusts, and all of it brought about by natural conditions—the best enemy of unnatural trade combinations.

The Toledo Blade asks in all seriousness "Can Bryan Dodge?" There never was a mudhen that could beat him, and they're pretty good at that. —Urbana Citizen.

COLORED EMPLOYES.

Many of the Race in Governmental Employ.

SALARIES OVER \$6,000,000 A YEAR

What the Present Republican Administration is Doing for the Race Whose People Dare Not Vote in the South. Facts and Figures.

An official of the treasury department has prepared statistics which show that the tremendous sum of \$6,224,508 has been paid in the form of salaries to colored people by the Federal government in one year. This doubtless will surprise most of those who read this, but it indicates what the present administration has been doing while the Democratic party has been disfranchising the negro in the south.

Many extremely desirable places are filled by colored men under the present administration. J. W. Lyon, as register of the treasury, and H. P. Cheatham, as recorder of deeds, get salaries of \$4,000. In the consular service one colored man gets \$5,000 annually, another \$4,000, two \$2,500, three \$2,000, and several others receive a smaller compensation. Former State Senator John P. Green, of Cleveland, is enjoying a salary of \$2,500 a year as chief of the stamp division of the postoffice department.

There are 50 other colored employees in the postoffice department whose salaries aggregate \$31,530, and in the secretary's office of the department of the interior 23 get \$19,400.

In the land office 26 colored men get \$34,244, and in the pension office 96 get over \$90,000. In the printing office \$167,737.50 is annually paid to colored men, and under the government of the District of Columbia they get \$55,260. In the treasury department \$250,000 goes in salaries to colored men. In the war department, \$25,000; state department, \$36,000.

In the war with Spain the pay rolls showed that \$4,751,072 was paid to colored men in the army, and in the war in the Philippines the amount paid them annually is \$487,200. In the Spanish war 266 colored men held commissions in the army and received an average salary of \$1,600 each. In the war in the Philippines 72 colored men are commissioned officers and receive salaries of from \$1,400 to \$1,800 per annum. In the war with Spain there were 14,784 enlisted colored men, and in the Philippine war there are now 2,400 colored privates. Two colored men hold appointments as assistant surgeons in the Philippines, and four colored men have been promoted from the ranks to be lieutenants in the army.

NO DEED NEEDED.

Unbroken Democratic Precedent Opposed by Mr. Bryan.

Mr. Bryan said recently: "If a Republican says 'Imperialism' is good, you ask him why it is; if he says that the Filipinos belong to us, ask him how we got them; demand of him an abstract of title to the Filipinos, and he can not show even a quitclaim deed from anybody who ever had authority to give it."

Let Mr. Bryan ask the same questions about our purchase of Florida from Spain, of Louisiana from France, of Arizona and California from Mexico. Andrew Jackson, Thomas Jefferson and James K. Polk ought to be good enough Democrats, even yet, to have their presidential acts stand approved by the present Democratic party; and they acquired French, Spaniards, Mexicans and Indians, along with the lands, in the very way that the Filipinos have been included with the islands, and not otherwise. What was good enough for the extension of slavery under the old Democracy, certainly ought to be good enough for the extension of freedom in these days.

The managers of the Democratic national campaign are in a predicament. They are realizing that it will become necessary to undertake the most difficult feat possible in a political campaign—to change position and front. The anti-imperialism bugaboo does not go as an issue.

You Remember the Good Soda Water You Drank at BULGER'S PHARMACY LAST SEASON!

Well, we have opened our fountain for the season and can promise you, on our reputation, to furnish you the best Soda Water in the city. We do not ask you to patronage our soda if we do not satisfy you that the above is correct.

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There is no warrant for this. Abraham Lincoln was a progressive man. The Republican party is progressive. There is no doubt that, were Lincoln alive today, he would be in the van of the Republican party and a staunch supporter of every policy which it enunciates. The Democratic cry this year is the same as it was 37 years ago. Below are given a number of extracts from Democratic newspapers of Ohio in the campaigns of '64. They have a familiar ring today, because, allowing for the change in conditions, the charges brought against the Republican party by Mr. Bryan and his crowd, are the same that were brought in those years of civil war:

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Let Mr. Bryan ask the same questions about our purchase of Florida from Spain, of Louisiana from France, of Arizona and California from Mexico. Andrew Jackson, Thomas Jefferson and James K. Polk ought to be good enough Democrats, even yet, to have their presidential acts stand approved by the present Democratic party; and they acquired French, Spanish, Mexicans and Indians, along with the lands, in the very way that the Filipinos have been included with the islands, and not otherwise. What was good enough for the extension of slavery under the old Democracy, certainly ought to be good enough for the extension of freedom in these days.

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You Remember the Good Soda Water You Drank at BULGER'S PHARMACY LAST SEASON!

Well, we have opened our fountain for the season and can promise you, on our reputation, to furnish you the best Soda Water in the city. We do not ask you to patronage our soda if we do not satisfy you that the above is correct.

Respectfully,

ALVIN H. BULGER.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Applegate left today for Pittsburg.

Miss Bertha Sample returned home yesterday from New York.

Rev. and Mrs. O. C. Crawford are the guests of friends in the city.

Mayor Davidson collected \$207 40 in fines and licenses last month.

William Cline was drunk this morning and Officers Rhue and Rose arrested him.

The household goods of William Witchie were received at the freight station yesterday.

The remains of Miss Jane Elizabeth Ault were taken to Beaver on the noon train for interment.

Fred Booth, Jr., of this city, and Miss Myrtle Moore, of Lisbon, were married today by Rev. George Fowler.

Miss Kate Hurley, of Salineville, who has been the guest of Miss McGalley, returned to her home yesterday.

Mrs. Blanche Corns has returned to her home in Pittsburg after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Clark, Sixth street.

A small boy while endeavoring to jump a street car on Franklin street hill last night, was thrown and slightly injured.

At council last night Nice called attention to the fact that the fire plugs ordered had never been placed at the National pottery.

The will in the estate of George Morton, late of this city, was admitted to probate. The estate is left to the legal heirs.

Patrol boxes will be placed in the East End in order that the East End fire department may be called when they are needed.

The street commissioner's report presented at council last night showed that his department did general street work last month.

The Wellsville clerks and East Liverpool clerks played ball yesterday afternoon and the Wellsville clerks won by a score of 11 to 10.

Oscar Russell, of Trentvale street, met with a painful accident while scuffling with a friend a day or so ago. His left shoulder and neck received an awful wrench.

Council last night instructed the clerk to notify the light company to either make the light burn at the corner of Illinois and Fairview streets or put up a new light.

The Young Men's Christian Association met last night and decided to close a part of the building between September 15 and October 15. The bath and reading rooms will be open from 1 to 10 o'clock each day.

The monument now being erected in Riverview cemetery in memory of Joseph Barker, who died at Akron March 9, will be unveiled next Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The monument was donated by the local unions of the Brotherhood of Operative Pot- ters.

S. Swearangan, of Hancock county, who conducts a dairy near Hookstown, was driving along the road not far from his home at an early hour this morning, when a tree was blown down directly across the road, tearing the rear end of his covered milk wagon completely away.

NOBLY RESPONDING.

EAST LIVERPOOL WILL DO HER SHARE

Toward Contributing Funds to Relieve the Distress at Galveston, Texas.

The East Liverpool people are doing all in their power to aid the Galveston sufferers.

Morris Lang, of the Surprise Clothing House, and George Heisler, of the shoe firm of Heisler & Bence, yesterday started a subscription and it was circulated among the merchants of the Diamond and Fifth and Sixth streets.

They met with excellent success and were only a short time in raising \$58.

The work will be taken up again tomorrow, when they anticipate no difficulty in raising the balance necessary to make up \$100.

The amount collected yesterday was deposited in the First National bank.

Mayor Davidson today issued the following proclamation:

To the Citizens of East Liverpool:

An awful calamity has fallen upon the city of Galveston, Texas. The city has been swept almost out of existence by one of the most terrible floods of modern times. The disaster is one of the most appalling in our country's history, and the survivors are left homeless and in utter destitution. A cry for help comes from the sorely stricken people of Galveston, which should meet with instant response.

Now, therefore, as the mayor of the city of East Liverpool, I most earnestly appeal to the people of East Liverpool to contribute to the relief of the suffering thousands of Galveston with that same prompt generosity which has ever marked their response to appeals for suffering humanity in the past. Prompt relief is necessary if many of the lives which escaped the disastrous flood are to be saved, and it is sincerely to be hoped that East Liverpool will not be backward in furnishing a liberal share of it. The Pot- ters Building & Savings Co. has kindly consented to act as treasurer of the Galveston Relief Fund, and all remittances to the fund, whether in cash or by check, should be sent to that company at its office on Fifth street. Remember that instant relief is needed. Every day but adds to the horrors of the situation of the sufferers in Galveston, so let your contributions be quick and generous, that they may do the most good before sickness and death set in among the stricken people.

W. C. DAVIDSON,
Mayor.

DODGE THE FACT.

When cornered by the plain proof that Bryan, if he were president, could start silver into circulation as practically the sole currency, putting the country upon a silver basis, by a mere presidential order; the only Democratic reply is that, "Oh, the Republicans control the senate and house just now, and therefore there is no danger." If it is so good to have a Republican senate and house, let's keep them, and keep a president of the same opinion. Why risk a panic?

Business men are very busy, and all are glad of it. Many of them are perhaps too busy to give time to politics. But Democratic politics will give time to them and to their business, and if they don't look out they may get caught as they were in 1892, and in the same way. Then they will not be too busy.

Bank clearings at the money centers show that actual business throughout the country is practically as good as it was last year at this time, but as to new investments, there is everywhere a holding off until it is found out whether Bryanism and its attack upon all values stands a ghost of a chance in the election.

The News Review for all the news.

IN THE PAST.

Democratic Views of Lincoln In the Civil War.

OPINIONS IN THAT CRISIS

Contrasted With What They Say at Present.

LOOKING BACK TO THE CIVIL WAR.

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THE EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

16TH YEAR. NO. 80.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1900.

TWO CENTS

MOTHER AND CHILD BURNED TO A CRISP.

Husband Jumped From the Window and Called to Them to Follow Suit.

THEY FAILED TO DO IT

Only the Charred Remains Were Found After the Fire Had Been Extinguished.

DETAILS OF THE CALAMITY

A disastrous fire occurred at the foot of Franklin street at 4:30 this morning, and as a result Mrs. Mary Lichtenstein and 11-year-old daughter, Mary, were burned to death.

The building in which the fire occurred is situated on the Horn switch, and is familiar to most people as the old Coulson saloon property.

It had been arranged to accommodate three families and was occupied at the time the fire occurred by the three families of Lichtensteins, Samuel with his wife and daughter occupying the north end, a son, Mark, and wife, with whom another son, Bert, boarded, the center rooms and Wm. Lichtenstein, a brother of Samuel, lived in the back.

The fire was discovered shortly after 4 o'clock by a colored family named Brown, residing next door, and they quickly gave the alarm, succeeding in awaking Samuel Lichtenstein.

George Brown then endeavored to find an alarm box, but not being familiar with their location, gave up the search and ran to the fire station, where the department were notified and were on the ground almost immediately.

The fire had gained such headway before the inmates of the house could be aroused that the entire building was enveloped in smoke. Samuel Lichtenstein's family slept in the upstairs room and the man saved himself by jumping from a window about nine feet from the ground, calling to his wife and child to follow.

They either did not hear him or were confused or overcome by the smoke that they could not move, for they were found lying where the bed had been, apparently never having moved.

The bed on which they laid had been entirely consumed and the bodies were burned beyond recognition.

Lichtenstein was attired only in his under garments and soon after his escape was provided with a pair of trousers and a quilt, which was wrapped about his body.

He was much affected and sobbed and wailed continually. He was afterward given a pair of shoes and a hat by some of the neighbors.

Mr. and Mrs. Markus Lichtenstein slept in a downstairs room and when the fire broke out in the kitchen next to their rooms, warned Bert, a brother of Mark, who slept upstairs, who succeeded in escaping through the lower part of the house.

Mark stated that he made an attempt to arouse his mother and sister and thinks he heard them answer, but owing to the confusion might have been mistaken in this. He went to the upstairs room in the portion of the building occupied by him and attempted to break in the door, but it

became so hot he was compelled to return, having had his right leg badly burned.

The people in the back of the building had no difficulty in getting away, and were lucky enough to save some few articles from the fire, but the other families will lose everything they possessed, not even saving enough clothing to keep them comfortable.

Mrs. Lichtenstein was 50 years of age and leaves a husband and three sons.

Charles Pifer, who resides across the street, informed a reporter this morning that he saw Mrs. Lichtenstein at the window just after her husband had made his escape and states that had she so wished she could have easily made her way from the burning building, but it is thought the lady became so excited that she hesitated and before she could make her escape was suffocated by the smoke, which was blowing in dense clouds from the west side of the building, where it originated.

Mark Lichtenstein and his wife were taken to the home of Thomas McCann, Sixth street, where they were provided with clothing, while the father was brought to the residence of Mrs. Ann Fry, Seventh street, where he now is.

The fire started in a small coal house on the west side of the building, which is used for storing kindling, but the origin is a matter of mystery.

The authorities have taken the case in hand and an attempt will be made to ascertain how the blaze originated. Mayor Davidson appeared on the scene at an early hour this morning and shortly afterward Undertaker West was sent for, and upon viewing the bodies, declared it impossible to move them owing to their charred condition and arrangements were at once made to place them in coffins from where they lie, and this was accomplished between 9 and 10 o'clock.

The bodies were taken to the undertaking rooms of Mr. West, where they were prepared for burial.

The funeral took place this afternoon, interment being made in Spring Grove cemetery.

The entire family are almost prostrated with grief at the sad occurrence, and the fact that their household goods, those of Mark Lichtenstein's being comparatively new, are a total loss, makes the matter particularly unfortunate.

The family of Samuel Lichtenstein have lived in this city but a month, having moved from Wellsville.

The building was owned by General James W. Reilly, of Wellsville, and was fully insured.

The loss to the adjoining buildings was slight, and the department deserves great credit for preventing a spread of the blaze, as the wind was blowing a gale and it is almost a miracle that every building in the neighborhood was not destroyed.

Mayor Davidson notified Justice Rose this morning that an inquest would probably be necessary and the justice went to the scene and viewed the remains of the parties. He will be absent in Lisbon for two days, but that will not interfere with the inquest, which may be held at any time.

Various theories are advanced respecting the origin of the fire. Lichtenstein stated this morning it was started by the rats chewing up matches, which caught with the kindling in the coal house; some say it was the work of a fire bug, while Mrs. Mark Lichtenstein insists she heard the lamp fall after it had been upset by the violent wind. It is probable the true origin will never be known.

COMMISSIONERS FILED A REPORT

They Furnished Council With an Itemized Account of Their Expense On

SANITARY SEWER NO. 2

The Same Old Discussion Took Place In Regard to the Legal Status.

GASTON WILL GIVE OPINION

The sewer commissioners last night presented council with a report of the work done in sanitary sewer No. 2, come up there was a long and tiresome and as usual when sewer matters discussion.

The report is as follows:
East Liverpool, Sept. 11, 1900.
To the Honorable Body of City Council.

Gentlemen—We, the members of the board of sewer commissioners herewith hand you a detailed report of the business transacted by this body to date, and you will also please find attached thereto an itemized report, together with a comparative statement by the city engineer, in which comparison you will find the fact set forth that notwithstanding the many discouragements incident to the work, and the heavy increase in price of labor and material, it has been the privilege of the board, under the system by which the installing of the sewers has been conducted to date, i. e., the laying of the lines in small sections—to make a net saving to the city of over \$1,500, as against what it would have cost under the lowest bid submitted for the whole of district No. 2. You will notice in comparing our cash balance with approximate bills payable, that the board are in need of funds, and would therefore request in this connection that you proceed at this meeting to place to the credit of the treasurer of the sewer commissioners the sum of \$2,000, with which to meet present needs and to provide for contemplated improvements.

Respectfully submitted,
F. H. CROXALL,
Secretary Board of Sewer Commissioners.

Receipts and Expenditures of Sewer Commissioners from Jan. 14, 1898, to Sept. 1, 1900.

Jan. 14, 1898, cash from city.	\$1,040 85
Nov. 24, 1899, note from Council	500 00
Dec. 8, 1899, note from Council	1,000 00
March 17, 1900, cash for city	1,000 00
April 30, 1900, cash for city	2,000 00
July 26, 1900, cash from Arbuthnot Bros.	5 00
Total	\$5,545 85
Expenditures	\$5,014 99
Cash balance	530 86
Bills payable	\$1,221 95
Less balance	530 86

Deficit \$ 691 09
The following is the total number of feet laid:
2,200 lineal feet Franklin avenue, Rural lane and Seventh street; 1,558 lineal feet Grant street, Basil avenue and Spring street; 156 lineal feet Ten foot alley, east of Lincoln avenue; 1,526 lineal feet Thompson avenue; 128 lineal feet Thompson avenue contin-

ued August, 1900; 158 lineal feet Thompson avenue and Forest street for lot 1610; 1,250 lineal feet West Market street; 134 lineal feet Norton street; 146 lineal feet Woodlawn avenue; 4,859 lineal feet Main Trunk sewer; total 12,115 lineal feet or 2.29 miles.

Expenditures.	
Franklin avenue, Rural lane and Seventh street	\$1,040 92
Grant street, Basil avenue and Spring street	659 09
Ten foot alley leading off Lincoln avenue	38 32
Thompson avenue	979 88
Thompson avenue continued August, 1900	48 09
Thompson avenue and Forest street	69 81
West Market street	204 82
Norton street	44 66
Woodlawn avenue	111 67
Main trunk sewer	4,090 53
Pipe in stock to date	131 85
Material to city of East Liverpool	108 30
Material to East Liverpool Land company	74 09
Total	\$7,620 03
Less amount spent on Thompson avenue and other city sewers	\$1,088 18
	\$6,531 85

The actual cost of constructing the sewers was \$6,151 69; stringer bid, \$7,690 54.

JOHN A. GEORGE,
City Engineer.

When the clerk finished reading this report President Marshall remarked that it did not comply with his request, and what he wanted to know was what authority the commissioners had for spending the money and if they could collect the assessments.

The commissioners were given \$2,000 on account, Marshall, Peach and Smith voting no.

A post mortem was then held and everybody had something to say, Marshall remarked that he had been trying to get the legal status of affairs for a year. He said he was in favor of the sewer, but didn't want all the taxpayers to have to pay for it.

Peach said he thought the commissioners had used up the \$7,000 they had asked for and wanted to know where it was going to stop.

Smith said some of the sewers had been completed and the assessments should be collected.

George remarked that the assessments were now being made out and would be ready in 10 days and then the city would get several thousand dollars.

Solicitor Gaston will give council a legal opinion on the matter at their next meeting.

COUNCIL.

Didn't Transact a Great Deal of Business in a Three Hour Session.

All members of council were present last night when the session was called to order at 8:10 o'clock by President Marshall.

They adjourned at 11:20 after one of the longest drawn out and most uninteresting sessions in their history.

REQUEST GRANTED

Pennsylvania Residents Will Have a 12-Foot Instead of 10-Foot Sidewalks.

The property owners on Pennsylvania avenue last evening petitioned council to change the sidewalks from 8 feet to 10 feet between Sugar street and Vine street. Upon motion of McLane the request was granted.

NARROW ESCAPE FOR THE BRIDGE

Fire Broke Out In a Small Straw Pile Near the Freight Depot This Morning.

A BOY DROPPED A MATCH

And For a Time It Seemed as Though the New Bridge Was Doomed.

DEPARTMENT ACTED PROMPTLY

Fire broke out at 11 o'clock this morning at a point between the out-bound platform of the Pennsylvania company and the C. C. Thompson pottery.

Several small boys had been noticed in the vicinity earlier in the day, and it is supposed they either dropped a match in the straw, which was scattered about, or had been smoking and dropped the cigar stump in the straw.

A number of crates were lying on the ground between the track immediately under the bridge, and each contained a quantity of straw for packing purposes. On the north side of the pile of straw is a platform some 40 feet long, used by the Thompson company in loading cars, and this was soon ablaze.

On the other side just opposite stood two box cars, one of which caught fire and burned like tinder.

An alarm had been sent in and the department responded. When they arrived the car was almost entirely consumed and the second one had started to burn.

By this time the blaze had become so hot that the flooring in the bridge caught fire and the department were compelled to direct their attention in that direction.

The loss to the Thompson company will amount to \$300, and that sustained by the railway company will reach about \$100.

An attempt will be made to find the boys who started the fire.

GASOLINE STOVE

Caused a Small Fire Last Evening at the Home of Henry J. Abrams.

A small fire occurred in Drury lane last evening, which, had it not been for the prompt action of Henry J. Abrams, would doubtless have resulted disastrously.

About 11 o'clock a gasoline stove exploded and the whole room was enveloped in flames. Mr. Abrams quickly secured a blanket and it was some time before the flames were extinguished.

The gentleman had his hand badly burned and some damage was done to the house. The department was not called.

STRIKE WILL BE DECLARED TODAY.

Special to News Review.
Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 12.—President Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers of America, says that unless something unforeseen happens a strike will be declared today. LEWIS.

The News Review for all the news.

OUR DEAR BOY LETTERS--NO 5

He Deals With "Paramount" Issues
and Tells of Burnt
Powder.

TALKS OF GOLD STANDARD

Asserts That "Militarism" and
"Imperialism" Are Made Use
of to Hide "Free Coinage."

GLORIES IN OUR VOLUNTEERS

My Dear Boy—You ask why the Democrats insist that imperialism and militarism are the "paramount issues of this campaign."

The reason, my son, is very plain. Our Democratic friends are pushing these things to the front because there isn't anything else for them to talk about this year. All the rest of their powder has been burnt once and wont even fizzle this year. Their platform denounces the Dingley tariff bill, but they do not wish to meet us before the people on that issue. The hard times under the Wilson bill and the recent prosperity under our protective tariff furnish an object lesson which makes it uphill business to argue free trade this year.

Their platform also denounces the gold standard legislation and demands free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. But that powder was burnt four years ago and events have shown the falsity of their predictions.

They are like the boy who when beaten playing marbles says, "Let's play something else." Beaten on tariff and the money question, they want to play "militarism" awhile. Their lack of any other issue is responsible for the conjuring up of the spectre of "imperialism."

But while they are not talking about free trade or free silver, the people are not going to forget that they are the free trade and free silver party. And, as Mr. Lincoln used to say, that reminds me of a little story.

One of our excellent missionaries and his good wife went to an island in Polynesia about fifty years ago. They stayed there 16 years and their work was wonderfully successful. They found a tribe of savages. They left a tribe of civilized, Christian people, industrious and temperate, "clothed in their right minds."

The incident which illustrates my point occurred during the first year of their residence on the island. A chief clothed in sunshine and nothing else called on the missionaries. They treated him politely, but as he left the house the missionary followed him and said:

"Chief, we are glad to see you and want you to come again, but in my country men wear clothes and my wife is not accustomed to see men without clothing. The next time you come to see us, wont you please put on a little clothing, one or two garments at least?"

The chief promised compliance. A few nights after he entered the missionaries' home with a satisfied smile on his face, saying: "Me all right now."

He had on a shirt collar and a pair of socks.

My son, Mr. Bryan and his friends are badly deceived if they think that their "imperialism" collar and "militarism" socks will hide the free trade and free silver nakedness of the Democratic party from the gaze of the American people.

By the way, speaking of "militarism," I advise you always to watch with suspicion any man or any party

that is afraid of the United States army. Our army is a volunteer army of as gallant men as the sun ever shone upon. They are our defenders and the protectors of our persons and property. Hard-working, uncomplaining, brave and faithful, they follow the flag through summer's sun and winter's storm, through tropical jungles and the dangers of fever and of battle for you and me and for their country's sake. If a man is a good, law-abiding citizen he has no reason to be afraid of an American soldier.

I was one, my father was one, my grandfather was one, and my great-grandfather was one, and I feel like taking off my hat to every soldier I meet. And whenever I find a man who is afraid of the "tyranny" of our gallant little army, I feel like asking him what he has been doing. It is a small army for so great a nation, and the introduction of "militarism" in this campaign shows that our Democratic friends are hard up for an issue.

YOUR FATHER.

IT TOOK TIME

But Council Finally Settled Where the
Calcutta Road Street Car Tracks
Will be Located.

Council spent a long time deciding where to locate the street railway track on Calcutta road.

Smith wanted it located three feet from the west curb. Peach wanted it located in the middle of the road.

After everybody had a turn at the discussion it was decided to locate the track in the middle of the street from the head of Walnut street to Wall street.

The rest of the way it will be located three feet from the west curb.

THE REPORT

Chief Thompson for Last Month
Shows That 68 Arrests Were
Made.

The report of the police department from August 14 to September 1 is as follows:

Disorderly conduct, 23; grand larceny, 1; jumping freight cars, 1; intoxication, 22; petit larceny, 7; insulting ladies, 1; assault, 1; assault and battery, 2; fighting, 2; non-support, 1; wife beating, 1; gambling, 2; attempted burglary, 1; lewd conduct, 2; provoking breach of peace, 1; total, 68.

A FUNNY INCIDENT.

Chairman Peach Caused a Laugh at
the Expense of Councilman
O. D. Nice.

Last night while council was actively engaged in discussing a question and Peach was making a speech, Nice remarked:

"We might give them a leather medal."

"Never mind the leather, you need all the leather you got," replied Peach.

There was a general laugh and it was several minutes before the councilmen and the audience settled down.

THE PAY ORDINANCE.

Council Added a Few Bills to It And
Then Passed it by a Unanimous
Vote.

Council passed the pay roll last night after the newspaper bills and several other small bills had been placed on it.

Rinehart & Ryan were given \$1,500 on account of Calcutta road and Thomas McLaughlin was given \$2,000 on account.

The damage claims from the residents of Fourth street were referred to the solicitor and engineer.

Report of Chief Morley.

The report of the fire department for the last month is as follows:

Fire patrol, 31; ambulance, 9; prisoners hauled to city lockup, 32.

THEY MUST PAY A LICENSE FEE

Council Passed an Ordinance Last
Night In Regard to the
Transient Dealers.

WILL NOW COST \$25 A DAY

If They Wish to Ship Goods In
Here and Sell Them Out by
the Car Load.

CAN IT BE ENFORCED BY LAW

Council last night spent a great deal of time passing an ordinance regulating transient dealers, and in the opinion of some of the councilmen it was only time wasted, as the ordinance comes under the prohibitory head, and they do not think it can be enforced.

While Mayor Bough was in office he held that such an ordinance could not be enforced and gave a supreme court decision in support of his position.

The ordinance introduced last night was written by Attorney F. E. Grosshans and he was present to support it. The ordinance provides that transient dealers must pay a license fee of not less than \$25 or more than \$50 per day, and the mayor can at any time revoke their licenses. For failure to secure the license it provides a penalty of a fine of not less than \$25 or more than \$50.

Grosshans explained that the purpose of the ordinance was to prevent people from coming in here and selling goods from the car to the detriment of the home merchants.

McHenry said some of the residents here did business that way and he didn't think they should be excluded.

Cripps said the ordinance was simply introduced for the benefit of one firm and would give them a monopoly on fruit if it passed.

Heddleston said he was in business, and he said let them come.

Smith said the people got the advantage of the transient dealers and gave instances where fruit and melons had been sold very cheap.

The ordinance finally passed after the word transient had been changed to non-resident.

Cripps and McHenry voted against the ordinance.

STREET COMMISSIONER

Has Been Instructed to Improve
Ravine Street and Bradshaw
Avenue.

Last night at council Chairman Peach of the street committee reported that the street committee had viewed Ravine street and Bradshaw avenue.

They recommended that 75 or 80 feet of sewer be put in on Ravine street and Bradshaw avenue be improved.

The report was received and the street commissioner instructed to do the work under the direction of the street committee.

FUMIGATED.

The Last Case of Scarlet Fever in the
City of East Liver-
pool.

Health Officer Burgess yesterday fumigated the residence of John McHenry, Oak street, where William McHenry, the 16-year-old son of the householder, was ill with scarlet fever. The house was quarantined on the 27th of August.

The health officer informs us that this is the last case of scarlet fever in our city.

Shoes Shaken Up.

You don't need a search-light to find
the Bargains we are offering this
month.

Ladies' \$1.50 Black Lace Shoes, (up to date style)	\$1.20
Ladies' \$1.50 Tan Lace Shoes, (up to date style,)	\$1.00
A lot of Ladies' \$2.50 Button Shoes.....	\$1.50
A lot of Ladies' \$1.25 to \$2.00 Oxfords (on Job Counter)	50 ^c
A lot of Ladies' \$1.25 and \$1.00 Black Shoes.....	85 ^c
A lot of Ladies' \$3.00 and \$3.50 Tan Shoes.....	\$1.90

Men's Tan Shoes Still go at Great Reductions.

We have an extraordinary large selection of
Boys' and Girls' School Shoes, the kind that
are easy on pocketbook and feet.

THE HEISLER-BENCE SHOE CO.



Young Women

The entry into womanhood is a critical time for a girl. With her whole being undergoing a change, the seeds of female troubles are sown. Little menstrual disorders, if neglected at the time, will follow the woman all her life and grow into fatal complications. That female troubles are robbing homes and filling graveyards, proves this. Yet, irregular and painful menstruation are often permitted to go on, sapping the life and energy, while Wine of Cardui, the positive relief for these ills, is on the shelf of every drug store. Wine of Cardui helps the maiden sustain the shock of puberty by inducing a painless and natural menstrual flow. When once this important function is started right, a healthy life will usually follow. Wine of Cardui is an emmenagogue of great power, and works wonders in strengthening the delicate and sensitive female organs. Many young women owe their lives to Wine of Cardui. No woman should give up hope until she has given Wine of Cardui a trial. If thousands have secured relief through it, why not you?

WINE OF CARDUI

Tully, Kas., Feb. 24, 1899.
I have suffered untold pain at menstrual periods for a long time; was nervous, had no appetite, and lost interest in everything; in fact was miserable. I have taken four bottles of Wine of Cardui with Black-Draught when needed and to-day I am entirely cured. I cannot express the thanks I feel for what you have done for me.

Miss DELLA M. STRAYER.

In cases requiring special directions,
address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies'
Advisory Department," The Chat-
tahooga Medicine Company, Chat-
tahooga, Tenn.

OHIO VALLEY Business College

Has an excellent corps of teachers, each a specialist in his line. Individual instruction in all branches. ACTUAL BUSINESS Bookkeeping, Banking, Corporation, etc.; Shorthand, Typewriting, (Pouch System) Penmanship and Common Branches. Enter at the opening of the term, Sept 4, 1900.

J. H. WEAVER, M. S.,
President.

F. T. WEAVER, B. C. S.,
Secretary and Business Manager.

SUMMER OUTINGS.

Where to go and How to get There

The seashore, mountain and lake resorts constitute the most attractive pleasure grounds for the summer idler. They are within easy reach via Pennsylvania lines, and agents of that railway system will furnish full information about rates, train service and through car comforts to any of the summer havens. They will assist in arranging details for vacation trips and give valuable information free of charge. Apply to the nearest Pennsylvania lines passenger and ticket agents and be relieved of all bother in shaping preliminaries for your summer outing and vacation trip. Adam Hill, ticket agent, East Liverpool, O.

Excursions to Richmond, Va., Via
Pennsylvania Lines.

September 13, 14, 15 and 16 for Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., convention, excursion tickets will be sold to Richmond, Va., via Pennsylvania lines, good returning Tuesday, Sept. 25, inclusive.

Special Low Rate Excursion to Pitts-
burg Exposition Sept. 15.

\$1.75 from Toronto; \$1.70 from Wellsville; \$1.55 from East Liverpool via Pennsylvania lines special excursion to Pittsburgh exposition Saturday, Sept. 15, returning coupons valid until Monday, Sept. 17. The fare includes admission to the exposition, which is better, more extensive and complete than ever. Hear Banda Rossa, Italy's famous "Red band."

DID NOT PROPOSE TO BE INSULTED

Attorney McDonald Made Some
Very Heated Remarks at
Council Last Night.

AIMED AT ENGINEER GEORGE

President Marshall Rapped For
Order and the Storm Soon
Blew Over.

ALL ABOUT AN OLD BILL

Attorney J. S. McDonald and Engi-
neer George had a wordy war at coun-
cil last night and it was the only thing
to enliven what would have been a
very dull meeting.

The attorney was present to repre-
sent the East Liverpool and Rock
Springs street railway, and to talk
about that old bill for gratings used
on Third and Cook streets.

The attorney reviewed the case and
stated that the bill called for \$889.78
and that his company was desirous of
paying everything due the city, but
he thought there was some misunder-
standing in regard to the matter, as
\$447.56 of the bill was for relaying
pavements, curbing, etc.

He stated that he had gone over the
street with Superintendent Flood, of
the street railway, and they had count-
ed the gratings on the street and there
was just 213 of them.

He then presented cancelled checks
to show that the company had paid
\$458.51 for gratings on that street,
and made the assertion that the ex-
tra gratings they were charged with
were not on the street, and said if
the members of council would take
the time to go over the street they
would find that his statement was cor-
rect.

Engineer George remarked that the
company was not charged with a dol-
lar they did not owe and that every
grating for which they had been
charged was on the street and not one
of them was among the number that
had been paid for.

He closed his remarks by stating
that council had heard Mr. McDonald
talk before.

Mr. McDonald then remarked: "I
am not a rich man, but I will give you
or anybody else \$50 if you will find
more gratings on that street than I
have accounted for."

"I don't want your money," replied
George; "I earn my money."

"I don't know whether you do or
not," remarked McDonald, "and if I
had my way you wouldn't earn it very
long."

Called George Hard Names.
McDonald then became angry and
rising to his feet said:

Gentlemen, I come here as a citizen
and taxpayer and expect to be accord-
ed fair treatment. I did not come
here to be insulted by that thing
there, and I will not stand it."

He looked very much as though it
would not take very much for him
to try conclusions with the city engi-
neer.

Marshall rapped for order and said:
"Mr. McDonald we will not permit
that kind of language here. You
must keep your temper under con-
trol."

"I beg pardon as far as council is
concerned," said McDonald.

Peach poured oil on the troubled
waters by moving that the matter be
referred to a committee composed of
the president of council, the solicitor
and engineer with power to settle the
affair.

The motion carried and George ob-
jected and said it would not settle the
question.

Peach then remarked: "My object
was to get the matter out of council
and you can go down on the street
and view the place and will have
plenty of room to either fight or run."
"I will neither fight or run," re-
marked the engineer and the affair
closed.

RICH AND TAYLOR.

COUNCIL DISCUSSED THEIR TROU-
BLES LAST NIGHT,

And Finally Decided to Let the Par-
ties Settle the Dispute
Themselves.

The Leon Rich-W. J. Taylor quarrel
had another inning at council last
night.

Cripps, as chairman of the commit-
tee to investigate the affair, stated
that they had viewed the property and
recommended to Dr. Taylor that he
put in ground glass windows and that
Rich take down a piece of old fence
he has up.

He stated that Taylor was satisfied,
but Rich was not and said he would
rather move his house.

He closed by saying that if Rich
was on the alley every house was on
the alley. He suggested that council
let them fight it out themselves.

Marshall suggested that they each
be furnished a club and told to go
ahead.

Nice said it was a neighbors' quar-
rel and that Rich had said he would
not give Taylor light in his house for
\$1,000.

He closed his remarks by saying
that council should let it alone and
let the "mayor get a piece of money
out of it."

No action was taken on the mat-
ter.

CITY FINANCES

Are Not in the Best Possible Condition
And Some Funds Are
Overdrawn.

The report of Treasurer Herbert
shows balances in the following
funds:

Wharf, \$14 70; police, \$1,811 56;
light, \$4,419 88; sinking, \$50,108 30;
library, \$1,426 56.

The following funds are over-
drawn:

General, \$12,523 50; street, \$16,-
838 39; fire, \$2,882 33; interest, \$7,-
821 74; sanitary, \$1,810 31; bridge,
\$100 65.

Chestnut Street Sewer.

The ordinance to construct a sani-
tary sewer on Chestnut street from
Lisbon street to John street was placed
on third reading at council last night
and passed, all members voting yes.

ATLANTIC TEA CO. FRUIT. FRUIT.

The fruit crop is abundant and every
body will need Tin Cans, Glass Jars,
extra Rubbers and Caps, Jelly Glasses
Sealing Wax, etc. Now is the time to
buy and our stores are the places to do
your buying. Our Jelly Glasses are full
half pints, Glass Jars, smooth finish
with porcelain caps. You run no risk
of having spoiled fruit if you get your
supplies at our stores. Sugar away
down.

Price List:

Mason Quart Jars.....	per dozen 55c
Mason Pint Jars.....	" " 50c
Large Lemons.....	" " 15c
Covered Jellies 1/2 pint.....	" " 25c
Finished Tumblers 1/2 pint.....	" " 25c
Extra Caps and Rings.....	" " 25c
Extra Rings.....	" " 5c
Hand-made Tin Cans.....	" " 40c
Crystal Sealing Wax.....	2 pkgs. 5c

ATLANTIC TEA CO.

We lead; let those who can, follow

WM. E. ENGLISH

Denounces Bryan and His Cry
of Imperialism.

INDIANA DEMOCRAT TALKS.

Pours Hot Shot Into Popocracy and
Its Leader.

BRYAN THE ONLY IMPERIALIST.

Captain English Regards the Democracy
as Too Cowardly to Stand For the
Right, and Therefore He Leaves It
Forever — Patriotic Attitude of Indi-
ana's Distinguished Son, of Straight
Democratic Lineage.

"Unsafe, unwise and unpatriotic,
hurtful in their present effect and dan-
gerous to the future welfare and pros-
perity of the country."

That's the way one lifelong Demo-
crat talks about the Democratic plat-
form of 1900. Only five elections ago
his father was the Democratic candi-
date for vice president on the ticket
with General Hancock. William E.
English has maintained the promi-
nence of William H. English among
the Democrats of Indiana, has repre-
sented them in congress from the In-
dianapolis district, and twice in Dem-
ocratic national conventions. Now he
declares that "when the party I belong
to is too cowardly to make a stand for
the right, I leave it, and leave it for
good."

He further says that he does this
"wanting no office of any description,
seeking no emolument of any kind,
with no personal ax to grind of any
character, and perfectly independent
of political rewards or punishments."
He acknowledges the general principle
of majority rule in party matters, but
says that "when the honor of the
country is at stake, its credit attack-
ed, its judiciary denounced, the su-
premaccy of its laws menaced, the
glory of its flag assailed, and, by the
open advocacy of the principles of an-
archy, the existence of the republic
endangered, party fealty must give
way to public weal, and the party that
arrays itself against that which is po-
litically honest, honorable and true,
must be opposed, let the consequences
to the individual be what they may."

He further says, "Upon these great
questions, in consideration of which
neither compromise nor expediency
can legitimately hold a place and upon
which to be wrong 'is to be wholly
wrong. I take my position individ-
ually for the right as it is given me
to see the right, and as a free and
untrammeled voter with no personal
interests to be affected except such as
affect every other good and loyal citi-
zen. The demagogue's well-worn cry
of 'trust' or 'monopolist' has no ter-
rors for me, as I am in no way en-
gaged in the business of money lend-
ing, hold no mortgages for money
loaned, and own no stock whatsoever
in any bank, insurance company, rail-
road, trust, monopoly, corporation, or
combination."

He further puts upon Bryan the
mark of being the "first and only
known example of the real American
'imperialist' in the full exercise of his
dictatorial powers." He refers in this
to the "unsafe financial policy which
the autocrat of Lincoln, Neb., made
the 'paramount issue' of the campaign
by forcing its adoption on the Kan-
sas City convention over the wishes
of the majority of the delegates them-
selves, and by refusing, as is alleged,
to be a candidate unless it was in-
corporated in the platform."

Mr. English was a captain in the
war with Spain, and served at San
Juan and Santiago, and declares that
he has no "sympathy with these same
gentlemen, who, when the war has
ended triumphantly to the American
arms, are equally anxious now to de-
prive the nation of the fruits of that
war, attained through the sufferings
and sacrifices of its soldiers, and per-
sistently devote themselves to giving
every possible aid and encouragement
to those who are in armed and active
rebellion against the United States
government, its flag, and its author-
ity."

RIVERVIEW CEMETERY.

RULES FOR VISITORS.

Section 1. Visitors are reminded that these grounds are sacredly de-
voted to the interment of the dead, and a strict observance of all that is
proper, in a place so dedicated, will be required of all who visit it.

2. Visitors will be admitted to the cemetery at all times during week
days. On Sundays no one will be admitted except lot owners or those hav-
ing a special ticket. Tickets can be procured at office of the secretary in
First National bank, or the residence of the superintendent at cemetery.

3. Every person driving in the cemetery shall be responsible for any
damage done by him or by the animals in his charge.

4. No vehicle will be allowed to pass through the grounds at a rate ex-
ceeding six miles an hour, and no one is permitted to drive on any of the
walks. No horse must be left on the grounds unfastened. Drivers must
remain on their seats or by their horses during funeral services. Carriages
will not be permitted to turn on any avenue.

5. All persons are prohibited from picking any flowers, either wild or
cultivated, or breaking any trees, shrub or plant, anywhere within the en-
closure; and also from writing upon, defacing, or in any way injuring any
ornament, tree or structure in or belonging to the cemetery.

6. Persons with refreshments will not be admitted to the cemetery, and
all bags or baskets must be left at the entrance. Children will not be ad-
mitted to the cemetery unless in the care of adults.

7. Dogs will not be permitted in the cemetery.

8. Except in case of emergency, when lots are required for immediate
use, the superintendent will not attend to the selection or sale of lots on
Sunday.

9. Shooting will not be allowed, and no firearms will be permitted with-
in the grounds except at military funerals.

10. The Superintendent and his deputies are vested by an Act of the
General Assembly of the State of Ohio with full police power to arrest
without warrant and take before a Justice of the Peace any offender in
these grounds, and the Association exact the discharge of this duty. They
will expel from the cemetery any person disturbing its sanctity by noisy,
boisterous or other improper conduct, or who shall violate any of the fore-
going rules, and will subject the offender to due punishment.

By Order of Trustees,

DAVID BOYCE, Pres.

FOR SALE.

WANTED—Twenty-five girls wanted
immediately at Mountford & Sons.

FOR SALE—Novelty store, East End.
For full particulars call on HILL &
HAWKINS.

FOR SALE—Residence of M. E. Gold-
ing. Apply to owner, 216 Pennsylv-
ania avenue, city.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—An eight-roomed house.
Inquire of E. B. Gould, 169 Washing-
ton street.

OFFICE OF CITY CLERK,
East Liverpool, O., Aug. 28th, 1900.

NOTICE OF SALE OF BONDS—Sealed
proposals will be received at this office
until 12 o'clock, m., of Monday, October 1st,
1900, for the purchase of sewer bonds of the
said city to amount to \$10,000, dated Novem-
ber 1st, 1900, bonds to be of denomination of
\$1,000, with interest at six per cent per
annum payable annually, the said bonds to
be redeemed at the rate of \$2,000 each year
from date of issue until the whole amount is
paid, both principal and interest will be paid
at the office of the treasurer of said city.

Said bonds are issued for the purpose of
obtaining money to construct sewers in sani-
tary sewer district No. 2, of said city and by
authority of section 3406 of the Revised
Statutes of Ohio and an ordinance of the
council of said city, passed February 27th.,
1900.

Bidders will be required to state in writing
and in figures, the gross amount they will
pay for the bonds bid for in addition to the
accrued interest at the date of delivery, and
no bid will be accepted for less than par and
accrued interest at date of delivery.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a
certified check on some national bank for 5
per cent of the amount of the bid, check to
be made payable to the order of the Clerk of
said City, as a guarantee that if the bid is
accepted the bonds will be promptly paid for
when delivered, otherwise said deposit to be
forfeited to said City.

The City Council reserve the right to re-
ject any or all bids.
Proposals should be addressed to
J. N. HANLEY, City Clerk.

Publish August 29 September 5, 12, 19
and 26.

BONDS! BONDS!!
First-class coupon Bonds are better for invest-
ment than Real Estate Mortgages. They are safe,
convenient and pay good interest. I offer at the
present time Macbeth-Evans Glass Company 5 %
Bonds, Tri-State Gas Company 6 % Bonds, National
Glass Company 6 % Bonds and Cleveland Water
Company 6 % Bonds at prices netting the investor
from 5 % to 6 %. Write for particulars,
ROBERT C. HALL,
Member Pittsburgh Stock Exchange, 331 Fourth Ave.,
Pittsburg, Pa. Long Distance Telephone, 3612.

Read the News Review.

THE NEWS REVIEW

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY

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THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.
HARRY PALMER,
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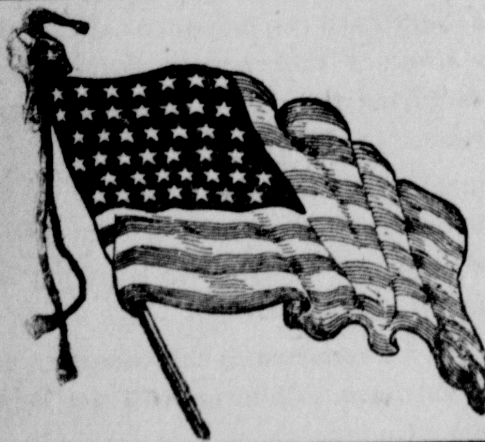
One year in advance.....\$5 00

Three months..... 1 25

By the week..... 10

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 12, 1900.



This Date In History—Sept. 12.

1494—Francis I of France was born; died 1547, the first eminent victim of an affection then called the "Italian sickness."

1642—De Cinq Mars, long a favorite of Louis XIII, was executed at Lyons, with his friend De Thou, on charge of conspiracy against Cardinal Richelieu.

1683—John Sobieski and his Poles drove an army of 200,000 Turks from the siege of Vienna.

1786—Griffith Jones, famous for children's stories, died.

1806—Andrew Hull Foote, American naval hero, famous for his exploits on the upper Mississippi in 1862, born in New Haven; died 1863.

1809—Mendelssohn born.

1819—Gebhard Leberecht von Blucher, the famous Prussian commander who saved Wellington at Waterloo, died; born 1742.

1857—The Central America foundered in the gulf of Mexico, carrying down nearly 500 persons.

1885—Guizot, French historian and statesman, died; born 1787.

1896—Rev. Dr. Charles Hall, prominent Episcopal divine, died in Brooklyn; born 1831.

1896—General James D. Morgan, veteran of the Mexican and civil wars, died in Quincy, Ill.; born 1810.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

NATIONAL.

For President,
WILLIAM M'KINLEY,
of Ohio.

For Vice President,
THEODORE ROOSEVELT,
of New York.

STATE.

Secretary of State,
L. C. LAYLIN,
of Huron.

Supreme Judge,
JOHN A. SHAUCK,
of Montgomery.

Food Commissioner,
JOS. E. BLACKBURN,
of Belmont.

School Commissioner,
L. D. BONEBRAKE,
of Knox.

Public Works Board,
CHAS. A. GODDARD,
of Scioto.

Congress,
ROBERT W. TAYLER.

COUNTY.

Prosecuting Attorney,
JASON H. BROOKES,
Coroner.

JOHN L. STRAUGHN,
County Commissioner.

W. K. GEORGE,
Infirmary Director.

T. O. KELLY.

BRYAN ON GOLD STANDARD.

"If there is any one who believes the gold standard is a good thing, or that it must be maintained, I warn him not to cast his vote for me, because I promise him it will not be maintained in this country longer than I am able to get rid of it."

This language was used by Hon.



SPECIAL NOTICE.

We respectfully call the attention of our agents, and the music-loving public in general, to the fact that certain parties are manufacturing and have placed upon the market a cheap piano, bearing a name so similar to our own (with a slight difference in spelling) that the purchaser may be led to believe that he is purchasing a genuine "Sohmer Piano."

We deem it our duty to those who have been favorably impressed with the fine quality and high reputation of the "Sohmer Piano" to warn them against the possibility of an imposition by unscrupulous dealers or agents. Every genuine "Sohmer Piano" has the above Trade Mark stamped upon the sounding board.

SOHMER & CO.,
149-155 East 14th St.,
NEW YORK.

TO BE SEEN AT

Smith & Phillip's MUSIC HOUSE, East Liverpool, O.

William Jennings Bryan in a speech at Knoxville, Tenn., on September 16, 1896.

COUNCIL.

Our solons had an oh-be-joyful seance, lasting almost until midnight.

DEAR BOY LETTER.

Read the "Dear Boy Letter" No. 5 in today's issue. It is good reading.

MAYOR DAVIDSON'S APPEAL.

Read Mayor Davidson's appeal in favor of the Texas sufferers and then act.

THE CALAMITY.

It is a national calamity, and the nation is coming to the relief of Texas and her needy citizens. The death rate is appalling. The needs of the survivors are great. Act, act, act.

HUMAN LIFE.

It was a sad affair, the fire of last night. Two human lives lost—mother and daughter. Rumor is rife that they might easily have been saved had presence of mind and ordinary courage been exhibited. We hope that this statement is not true.

SUFFERING TEXAS.

We have a grandly charitable citizenship in East Liverpool. Let method control in the gathering of funds for the sufferers in Texas, and the money be sent forward to recognized authority as soon as possible. "Now" is the time assistance is needed.

THAT DINNER BUCKET.

It has been full of good things for the past four years under a Republican administration; and it will be full of good things for the next four years if the workingmen of the nation vote for McKinley and Roosevelt, soldiers and statesmen, lovers of Old Glory and all it embodies, as well as lovers of our common humanity.

GOOD FOR MAINE.

The largest Republican majority ever given in the state, with the exception of four years ago, when Democracy was utterly in the dumps—in the depths of despair. Democracy in this campaign worked in Maine as if for life, for political existence, and Maine Republicans have answered them in the most fitting manner. All honor to the leaders and to the rank

and file. McKinley can rejoice over the news from Maine.

GOVERNMENT AID.

Texas sufferers received almost instantaneous relief at the hands of our national government. Ten thousand tents and 60,000 rations met the emergency. McKinley acted from headquarters with his usual promptitude in the hour of emergency. Private funds will aid later; but the great need demanded quick action. Men and women can be made very comfortable in government tents, the very best of duck, shedding rain as nicely as the best mansard roof, while the government ration is good enough and large enough to satisfy the requirements of any hungry man, woman or child. Our nation respond promptly in the hour of trial, and our people, as a people, respond nobly to the call of sweet charity.

LOOSE PAPER.

In Toronto, Cleveland and other wide awake and progressive cities, boxes are arranged in certain places as legitimate receptacles for the placing of loose paper, and a penalty of \$5 is placed as a penalty against throwing loose paper upon the thoroughfares. The garbage wagons empty these receptacles at stated intervals, in accordance with arrangements made with city council. The enactment and enforcement of such an ordinance by the city council and executive body would prove beneficial to our municipality from a standpoint of neatness and cleanliness, and might possibly save the maiming or killing of human beings, or the destruction of valuable property, as runaways are very often caused by the throwing of bills, newspapers and other loose paper upon our streets and alleys. We believe that the enactment of such a measure as controls in Cleveland or Toronto will find general favor with our citizens at large.

STRIKES.

Well founded rumor says that strikes are being agitated by Bryan and his followers for political effect in the coming national contest, and that agitators, hired and paid for the purpose, are being sent into certain communities and labor centers for the express purpose of creating dissension between employers and workmen, and making it next door to impossible for the wiser heads on either

EVERYBODY SAYS

WE
SELL
THE
BEST
SHOES
FOR

LITTLE GENTS, sizes to 8½ 13,
at
\$1, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75.

YOUTHS, sizes 12 to 2, at
\$1, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75.

BOYS, sizes 2½, to 5½ at from
\$1.00 TO \$3.50.

GIRLS' SHOES at from
75c TO \$2.00.



Largest Stock
in Town . . .

BENDHEIM'S.

All Tan Shoes at Cost.

BOYS AND GIRLS

RETURNED HOME.

Rev. W. H. Gladden And Wife Have
Returned from Attending Conference at Washington, Pa.

Rev. W. H. Gladden and wife returned yesterday evening from Washington, Pa., where they attended the annual session of the Pittsburg M. P. conference and report a very successful session.

Rev. Gladden will be at the prayer meeting this evening and hopes there will be a large attendance of the members.

Next Sunday, the 16th, congregation will be favored with the singing of Prof. Thomas Evans, the blind singer of Pittsburg who charmed the attendants of this church last winter. Doubtless a very large congregation will greet this sweet singer of the gospel.

WILL GRADE.

Council Granted a Petition From the Residents of Chestnut Street.

The residents of Chestnut street asked council last night that the street be graded from Lisbon street to the north end of the street.

The property owners waived all formalities and upon motion of McHenry the request was granted.

The clerk was instructed to advertise for bids at once.

All the news in the News Review.

WANTED—A District Agent for one of the best old line life insurance companies; requirements, must be sober, industrious and honest, and between 30 and 50 years of age. Address General Agent, box 132, Youngstown, O.

FOR SALE—Will sell at a bargain, a family horse, suitably harnessed or buggy. Inquire of J. W. Irwin or Ray's Livery barn, Chestnut street.

side to effect a compromise or amicable settlement of existing difficulties. This agitation and cunning and chicanery is said to be clever and admissible in the political arena. It may be, from such a standpoint; but to thus trifle with the industries of the nation, and with a man's daily occupation, when he is receiving a "fair day's wage for a fair day's work," and throw him out of employment and cause him to remain idle, while his wife and children may need the necessities of life, is simply devilish, and the man or body of men who would engineer a strike under such circumstances, merely for the purpose of advancing their own selfish interests, deserve to be taken out and shot or knocked in the head.

ASSESSING ORDINANCES.

Council Prepared Last Night to Collect Some Money for Improvements They Have Made.

Council last night passed the following assessing ordinances:

East side of Avondale street, from Bradshaw avenue to Bnk street for sanitary purposes.

Woodlawn avenue from Basil avenue to Spring street.

Drury lane between Market and Jackson streets.

Take Notice.

There will be a special meeting of Stratton Circle, No. 40, Thursday, Sept. 13, at the home of J. C. Allison, 198 Fourth street. Very important business.

By order of

GEORGE SMITH,
President.

Quarreled: Named Separate Tickets.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Sept. 12.—The police had to restore order several times at the Democratic county convention. Finally the Garman and Lenahan factions held separate conventions and named separate tickets, the former naming, among other candidates, Dev enport for congress and the later De witt.

M'KINLEY HEARS FROM MAINE.



The President and Chairman Manley Exchange Greetings.

SOMERSET, PA., Sept. 11.—President McKinley was very much gratified with the news he received this evening from the Maine elections. The following dispatch was received by him from the chairman of the Republican state committee of Maine.

"Our majority will reach 37,000. This, under all the circumstances, is the most complete victory the Republicans of Maine ever cast in Maine since 1848, with the single exception of 1898; The Republicans of Maine send you their congratulations upon the splendid indorsement given your administration by the voters of this state.

"J. H. MANLEY,

"Chairman Republican State Committee."

The president's acknowledgement was as follows:

"The president receives your message with great satisfaction and reciprocates congratulations upon this significant victory.

GEORGE B. CORTELYOU,

"Secretary to the President."

JOHNSTOWN.

A Reminiscence of the Awful Flood Which Occurred at Johnstown.

Mrs. Harriet Beecher Johnson, of Delaware, Ohio, is visiting at the home of her brother, J. W. Henderson, Shadyside avenue.

Mrs. Johnson is one of the Johnstown survivors, and the lady relates thrilling reminiscences and incidents connected with that awful calamity, again brought into remembrance on account of the terrible disaster which has taken place in Texas.

Mrs. Johnson has met, since coming to East Liverpool, another survivor of that night of danger, dread and darkness in Cambria county. She tells how a lady now residing in this city was clinging for life to the roof of a

building and attempting to save the life of her dear little one, a mere babe, and how the little one's life went out in the struggle and the mother was advised to let the little body go with the waves; how she refused to do this, but maintained her hold with both hands, while clinging to the garments of her baby with her teeth, finally being rescued and having the satisfaction of knowing that her baby received proper burial.

Surely mother love is a wonderful feature in the human heart, sacred only to the love of God for sinful humanity.

Old Papers.

You will need them in your house-keeping, and we have them for sale at the News Review office.

MANAGER.

SAD NEWS.

Dr. Alvin H. Kerr Died Yesterday Morning at His Home in Pittsburg.

Dr. Alvin H. Kerr, brother of Andrew Kerr, of this city, died yesterday morning in Pittsburg, of heart trouble.

Deceased was the oldest son of Mrs. Nancy J. Kerr, of Sixth street, and has been practicing medicine in Pittsburg for many years.

The remains were brought here this morning and the funeral will be held tomorrow at 11 o'clock, interment being made in Riverview cemetery.

The sorrow of yesterday is as nothing; that of today is bearable; but that of tomorrow is gigantic, because in distinct.—Euripides.

SUBURBAN NEWS.

EAST END.

GOING TO GERMANY.

A Workman Employed at the Klondike Will Return to the Fatherland.

A German known as Joseph Hines, who has been employed in the decorating department at the Klondike pottery, sails today for the fatherland. He left there when quite young to escape an army life to which all German youths are assigned. He is an artist of undeniable talent and aside from his work at the pottery he did etching and other outside work in his line.

His parents and friends in Germany have grown weary of his absence and at last he yielded to their persuasive powers and has gone to serve time in the German army. He expects to return to America again when his time is fulfilled.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

Some One Fired a Shot and Clarence McKenty Had a Narrow Escape.

Clarence McKenty had a narrow escape yesterday while sitting in the door at the fire station. He heard some thing strike his chair and felt a sudden stinging sensation on his legs, and when he arose from his chair a bullet still warm rolled off. Who fired the shot or for what reason is unknown.

Died at Fredericktown.

Mrs. Isabella Daily died Sunday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Stafford, at Fredericktown. She was aged 57 years and has been a widow 12 years. She leaves nine children, eight sons and one daughter, four of whom are living at home single.

The body was buried at Clarkson. The deceased was an aunt of Mrs. Douglass, East End.

Visiting His Sister.

Press Toms, of Cleveland, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Ira Clark. He is a fireman on a fast freight, and while working around his engine in the Cleveland round house he had his shoulder broken. When he has recovered he will return to work.

An Enjoyable Time.

A number of people had a very enjoyable time at the lawn fete on James Noah's lawn last night. The only unpleasant feature of the evening was the wind, which kept blowing the lights out. Something over \$20 was taken in.

May Not Recover.

It is reported this morning that Rose, the Italian, who was so badly burned in the gasoline explosion yesterday, cannot recover. He has been taken to his home in Smith's Ferry.

Child Seriously Ill.

The youngest child of L. Malcolm is very low with a complication of whooping cough and pneumonia. There is very little hope for its recovery.

Every One Burned.

Noumle's railroad gang is completely disabled. Every one of his men were burned in yesterday's accident.

Attending a Convention.

H. C. Chambers left yesterday to attend the Young Peoples convention at Salineville.

Repairing the Bridge.

John Spence is repairing the High street bridge near the brick yards.

The News Review for all the news

SOUTH SIDE.

New Building Not Needed.

There was some talk of building a new school house in Chester, but it was decided that with the accommodation afforded by the building recently vacated by the Cunningham grocery company, that it would not be needed this year.

A Tree Blown Down.

A large tree was blown down and fell on top of Mrs. Noak's house. The house was badly shaken, but no material damage was done.

Enrollment Increasing.

The enrollment in the Chester schools is increasing very fast. Miss Baxter's room is overflowing.

The Picnic.

Washington county Maccabees are picnicking at Rock Springs today. One train of five coaches carried them all.

Meeting Postponed.

Dr. Meechem will not preach at Chester chapel until next Tuesday evening.

Personals.

Mrs. Howard Evans, who has been very ill, is recovering.

Gus Stewart is spending the week at the Wheeling fair.

Governor Stone Asks Contributions.

Harrisburg, Sept. 12.—Governor Stone issued a proclamation calling for contributions to aid the Galveston sufferers. Contributions of cash may be sent to Drexel & Co., Philadelphia; provisions or clothing may be sent to Theodore C. Knaus, the bourse, Philadelphia, who will promptly transmit the same to the authorities of Galveston. The Pennsylvania Railroad company will transport over their lines all contributions free of charge.

Victims of Bursting Steam Pipe.

Philadelphia, Sept. 12.—One man killed and seven others were seriously, some perhaps fatally injured, and a number of other men were slightly hurt by the bursting of a four-inch steam pipe at the Baldwin Locomotive works. The dead man is James Malachy, aged 24, and the most seriously injured are Dennis Delaney, aged 38; Andrew Burns, 48; James Kelly, 32; Harry McQuinn, 29; Adolph Hoeschler, 34; Patrick McConage, 36, and James Smith, 25.

Cochran Refused the Nomination.

Williamsport, Pa., Sept. 12.—The Democratic conference of the Sixteenth congressional district met here and tendered the nomination to State Senator J. Henry Cochran of this city. Mr. Cochran refused to accept the nomination for congress and the conference adjourned to meet here again one week from last Tuesday.

INTERSTATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

The Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania Colored Odd Fellows, met at Wilkes-barre, Pa.

The one hundred and twenty-third anniversary of the battle of Brandywine was celebrated on the battlefield.

Frank Andrews, a switchman, was run over and killed by an Erie train at Akron, O.

T. O'Mill, of Meadville, a Bessemer brakemen, was killed by a train near Grove City, Pa.

The trial of Ross Ferrell for the murder of Express Messenger Lane began at Marysville, O.

The new high school building at Toronto, O., was dedicated. The building is a three-story brick, containing 13 rooms, built at a cost of \$25,000.

James Warden Moore, a horse thief, was released from the Eastern penitentiary at Philadelphia after serving a 10 years' sentence, and immediately rearrested on a warrant from Lancaster, Pa., where he is wanted on several charges. He tried to escape. He was said once to own a saloon in Allegheny City, Pa.

Four members of the borough council of Dickson City, near Scranton, Pa., President John Dentham, Secretary Isaac Darr, Henry Hegar and Henry Cringle and the street commissioner, Jacob Miller, were charged before Alderman Fuller, of this city, with pilfering from the borough treasury by means of fictitious payrolls.

5,000 HAVE PERISHED

Estimate of Number Dead by Mayor of Galveston.

AN APPEAL MADE FOR AID.

At Least 5,000 People Are Shelterless and Destitute—Immediate Need of Food, Clothing and Household Goods of All Kinds.

Houston, Tex., Sept. 12.—The Post correspondent was instructed to forward the following address to the people of the United States:

"Galveston, Tex., Sept. 11.—It is my opinion, based on personal information, that 5,000 people have lost their lives here. Approximately one-third of the residence portion of the city has been swept away. There are several thousand people who are homeless and destitute. How many there is no way of finding out.

"Arrangements are now being made to have the women and children sent to Houston and other places, but the means of transportation are limited. Thousands are still to be cared for here. We appeal to you for immediate aid.

Walter C. Jones." Mr. Jones is the mayor of Galveston, Galveston, Tex., Sept. 12.—The following statement of conditions at Galveston and appeal for aid is issued by the local relief committee:

"A conservative estimate of the loss of life is that it will reach 3,000; at least 5,000 families are shelterless and wholly destitute. The entire remainder of the population is suffering in greater or less degree. Not a single church, school or charitable institution, of which Galveston had so many, is left intact. Not a building escaped damage and half the whole number were entirely obliterated. There is immediate need for food, clothing and household goods of all kinds. If nearby cities will open asylums for women and children the situation will be greatly relieved. Coast cities should send us water as well as provisions, including kerosene oil, gasoline and candles. (Signed)

"W. C. JONES, Mayor.

"M. LASKER, President Island City Savings Bank.

"J. D. SKINNER, President Cotton Exchange.

"C. H. McMASTER, for Chamber of Commerce.

"R. G. LOWE, Manager Galveston News.

"CLARENCE OWSLEY, Manager Galveston Tribune."

Galveston, Sept. 12 (via tug to Houston).—The white cotton screw men's organization held a meeting and tendered their services, that of 500 able bodied men, to the public committee to clear the streets of debris. Big forces were at work and the situation was much improved so far as the passage of vessels was concerned. The streets were patrolled by regular soldiers and citizen soldiers. No one was allowed on the street without a pass. Several negroes were shot for not halting when ordered. It was thought that three of the citizen soldiers were shot by negroes.

The steamer Lawrence arrived here from Houston with water and provisions.

A committee of 100 citizens were aboard, among them being doctors and cooks. W. G. Van Vleck, general manager of the Southern Pacific railroad, arrived here. He thought it would be possible to establish mail service from Houston to Texas City with transfer boats to Galveston.

Dead bodies had decomposed so badly it was impossible to send them to sea for burial. The water had receded so far, however, that it was possible to dig trenches and bodies were being buried where found. Debris, covering bodies, was being burned where it could be done so safely.

Work on the water works was being rushed. The city needs feed for horses. It is also badly in need of disinfectants. A large load of lime at this time would be a blessing.

Brazoria county offered armed men to protect the city.

THE QUAY MAN WON.

Berkelbach Almost Had a Walkover, in His Fight With Walton, at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Sept. 12.—The primary elections of the Republican party were held throughout this city from 6 to 8 o'clock last night. Delegates were elected to conventions which will be held today to nominate candidates. The contest in the Fifth senatorial district overshadowed every other battle in the city. The candidates for the

nomination were ex-Speaker of the House of Representatives Henry F. Walton, and Street Inspector Wm. H. Berkelbach. Walton had the endorsement of the anti Quay or Martin wing of the party, while the Quay faction and the city administration as far as it was controlled by Mayor Ashbridge was the power behind Berkelbach's candidacy.

Berkelbach had almost a walkover, he winning over Walton by about 16 to 55. There is an unconfirmed rumor in circulation that Walton will run independent.

In the legislative districts the contests were in the Twentieth, Twenty-first, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth districts, in all entitled to nine members. Of the 29 members nominated without opposition 12 are anti-Quayites.

HILL STILL BACKS COLER.

Determined to Have His Name Presented—Stanchfield to Be Named For Governor.

Saratoga, Sept. 12.—John B. Stanchfield will be nominated for governor by the Democratic state convention today, and his name will be presented to the convention by Judge S. S. Taylor, of Cheung.

Hon. Wm. F. Mackey, of Erie, has been offered second place on the ticket, and agreed to give an answer as to whether or not he would accept before the convention assembled today. Mr. Mackey was expected to accept. Other names on the ticket are not so certain, and probably will not be announced until tomorrow.

Despite the absolute hopelessness of the prospect, Mr. Hill is still determined to present the name of Mr. Coler to the convention and in order that the nomination shall come from his own county, Otto Kemper, of Kings, is understood to have been prevailed upon to make the nominating speech.

Senator Hill, it was expected, will make a speech seconding the nomination.

There was an eruption caused by the presentation of an anti-trust resolution by Prof. Duncan C. Lee, of Cornell.

AMERICANS DID NO LOOTING.

Such Reports From Officers—Secretary of War Ordered Punishment, if Guilty.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The war department made public the following telegram:

"Fowler, Che Foo:

"Send following cablegram to Coolidge, commanding United States forces Tien Tsin. Reported here extensive looting in Tien Tsin. Report immediately whether American troops took part. If so, punish severely, repress sternly. Absolute regard for life and property of non-combatants enjoined by order of secretary of war. (Signed) "Corbin."

Chee Foo.

Corbin, Washington: "Tien Tsin, July 25.—Looting by American troops wall city Tien Tsin unfounded and denied. Silver taken from burned mint under direction Col. Meade (Marine Corps) commanding, who was invalided today. No property destroyed except under military exigency. American troops have orders to protect life and property non-combatants in American southeast quarter (of) city assigned them. Will forward reports commanders of American guards in city. (Signed) "Coolidge."

Supplementary to the above, Colonel Coolidge also transmitted the reports of Major Waller, Major J. M. Lee and Major Morris C. Foote, and also an additional report signed by himself, all of which confirmed the above. All reports indicate that the Chinese themselves were foremost in the looting, and that pilaged property covered the streets before the allied forces entered the city.

The report of Major Foote, while excluding the Americans from any share in the plundering, testifies that looting was indulged in by the troops of the other nations.

EMPRESS REPORTED CAPTURED.

Li Decided to Proceed to Peking Aboard a Chinese Steamer.

Sagaski, Sept. 12.—It is announced here that the Russians have captured the empress dowager.

Shanghai, Sept. 12.—Li Hung Chang decided to proceed to Peking aboard the Chinese steamer Apping, via Taku, on Friday, September 14.

Some Miners Went Out.

Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 12.—It is reported that 126 men employed at the Scotch valley colliery, 15 miles from here and inaccessible by either telephone or telegraph, have gone out on a strike for higher wages. They are not members of the United Mine Workers' organization, and it is expected that the trouble will be settled in a few days.

CALLS FOR VENGEANCE

Horrors of Pao-Ting-Fu Massacre Revealed.

YET TROOPS REMAIN INACTIVE.

Complaint Made by London Times Correspondent—White Women Ravished and Carried Into Captivity—Russians Prepared to Remain in Peking.

London, Sept. 12.—The Times publishes this morning additional advices from its Peking correspondent, Dr. Morrison, under date of August 31. "The censorship, which is under Sir Alfred Gasale's control, makes it difficult," says the correspondent, "to convey a true picture of the present situation in Peking. Today the foreign community was thrilled with horror at the news of the massacre of the missionaries at Pao-Ting-Fu, who were under the protection of the imperial troops. Children were butchered before the eyes of their parents. White women were ravished and carried into captivity. Parents were tortured and murdered.

"Massacres by red Indians never call in vain for vengeance. Yet the troops remain here inactive. Their one thought and wish are to be given work or to be recalled from Peking. Surely the civilized world will not suffer this cruel massacre to remain unavenged and make no effort to ascertain the fate of the poor martyred Christians and white men.

"Since the relief of the legations one feature stands conspicuous, the predominance of Russia and the overmastering position she is now asserting here. The pazeant in the forbidden city on August 28 was a triumphant entry by Russia, followed by the other powers. Russia did the honors greatly to the chagrin of the other ministers.

"Russian troops are pouring into Peking daily. Nineteen hundred came yesterday and 2,800 the day before. Already the Russians outnumber the Japanese and they will soon outnumber the combined forces. Their stay is assuming every characteristic of permanency. Cossacks daily raid the country and drive the Chinese peasants and laborers in herds through the deserted and dismantled city, setting them to build their military camp.

"No one, not even Sir Claude Macdonald, is allowed to enter the Summer palace and the splendid palace buildings within the imperial domain which is occupied by the Russians without permission. The expected arrival of Vice Admiral Alexieff, who, it is announced, will remain during the winter, indicates the importance which Russia attaches to future developments.

"Russia has occupied Kin-Chau and the branch railway to the Nan-Piao collieries, thus securing the possible control of the richest coal mines in North China. She will also occupy Shan-Hai-Kwan.

"The British position is anomalous. The aimless action of detaining the brigades at Hong Kong has had a bad effect. The Japanese are openly expressing dissatisfaction that a smaller British force has been sent than was promised. The outlook is not promising. It is unaccountable why Japan, to whom belonged the honors of the rescue, should consent consistently to give way to Russia and apparently accept Russian predominance. Fortune favors Russia, for Baron Nishi formerly Japanese minister at St. Petersburg, is credited, perhaps unjustly, with being much under the influence of M. de Giers and the appointment of Li Hung Chang to negotiate peace is grateful tidings to Russia.

"Meanwhile a famine is inevitable. The government must quickly make preparations if the British troops are to winter here.

"The effect of Emperor William's impassioned speech has been marred by his permitting the Chinese minister to remain accredited to his quarters. The Kaiser now knows that Baron Von Ketteler was murdered, not by brigands, but by an imperial officer acting under imperial orders.

"It has been discovered that the empress dowager and Prince Tuan had planned a massacre of all the ministers that fatal morning. Whatever else is done, the powers should insist upon the deposition of the empress dowager and the execution of Prince Tuan and the high officials who led the Boxers and directed the massacres."

Foraker and McComas Spoke.

Baltimore, Sept. 12.—Under the auspices of the Maryland League of Republican clubs in Music Hall, Senator J. B. Foraker, of Ohio, and Sena-

tor Louis E. McComas, of this state, addressed a large and enthusiastic gathering in the interest of the Republican national candidates.

EVASIVE REPLY TO CHINA.

The United States Not Yet Ready to Open Negotiations With Li Hung Chang.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The Chinese Minister Wu was twice a caller at the state department. It was understood that his first call was in part, at least, to secure transportation for Li Hung Chang from Shanghai to Taku on a United States vessel. His later call was to receive the answer of the department to that application, as well as to the communication respecting Li Hung Chang's functions. The answer returned by the state department to the latter communication apparently made it necessary at this time to pursue the inquiry as to the ship.

The answer of the United States of the notification of Li's appointment with full powers, said:

"The United States does not feel called upon to express any opinion at this time as to the sufficiency of Li Hung Chang's authority, but hopes it will transpire that his credentials are full and authoritative not only for negotiations, but to enable him without further delay to give assurance that the life and property of Americans will henceforth be respected throughout the Chinese empire."

22 Dead About Velasco.

Houston, Tex., Sept. 12.—Editor O. O. Nation, of the Velasco World, brings information of the death of 22 persons in and around Velasco as a result of the storm. Seventeen are negroes.

Via Pennsylvania Lines, Account the Exposition.

The dates on which excursion tickets to Pittsburg will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines this year, account the Exposition are as follows: Thursdays, September, 6, 13, 20 and 27, and October 4, 11 and 18. The rate will be single fare for round trip, plus 25 cents to cover admission coupon to the Exposition.

Excursion tickets will be sold at that rate from Dennison, Ohio; Cadiz, Ohio; Chester, W. Va.; Wheeling, W. Va.; Washington, Pa. and intermediate ticket stations on the Southwest system; and from Massillon, O.; Ashabula, O.; Erie, Pa.; Stoneboro, Pa.; New Philadelphia, O.; Powhatan, O., and intermediate ticket stations on the Northwest system. Excursion tickets, including admission to the Exposition, will not be sold for less than 75 cents.

The return limit on all tickets will be three days, including date of sale.

The Pittsburg Exposition will be greater and grander this season than ever before. The popular features of former years will be retained, and many new ones will be added, including A Day in the Alps; Jim Key, the marvelous Educated Horse; A Crystal Maze; A Mexican Village; special exhibits of the products of the entire world from the Philadelphia Commercial Museum.

Music will be furnished by the world's leading musical organizations. The famous Banda Rossa, Italy's greatest musical organization, will appear at the Exposition Sept. 5 to 15; Emil Paur, with the New York Metropolitan Opera House orchestra, will be here Sept. 15 to 22; Damrosch's New York Symphony orchestra of 50 pieces will be the musical attraction Oct. 1 to Oct. 13; Sousa and his great band, direct from triumphs in Europe, will fill two engagements at the Expo., the first from Sept. 24 to Sept. 29 and the second from Oct. 15 to Oct. 20, closing the Exposition on the latter date.

Information concerning tickets, rates, time of trains, etc., will be furnished upon application to Pennsylvania Lines ticket agents in territory mentioned.

Excursions to Fort Wayne via Pennsylvania Lines.

September 9, 10, 11 and 12 for National encampment, Union Veteran Legion, excursion tickets will be sold to Fort Wayne via Pennsylvania lines, good returning until Tuesday, September 18.

M'KINLEY EVENT TONIGHT.

Miss Mabel Weds This Evening—President and Mrs. McKinley and Others Entertained at Dinner.

Somerset, Pa., Sept. 12.—President and Mrs. McKinley and Mr. and Mrs. Abner McKinley were entertained at dinner last evening at the house of P. A. Schell, Mrs. Abner McKinley's brother-in-law. This will be the only time the president and his wife will be entertained at any place other than at the home of his brother.

Those present at the dinner were:

Miss Mabel McKinley, Miss Nora Jarvis, Miss Mary Barber, Miss Grace McKinley, Miss Lide Endsley, Mrs. Wilbur K. Endsley, Miss Rachael Aiken, Dr. Hermanus Baer, Col. W. C. Brown, Rayburn C. Fairman, Louis H. Baer.

The decorations were pink carnations and pink lamps. The bride wore a light blue gown. Col. W. C. Brown, in a happy little speech, toasted the bride.

The president expressed himself as enjoying himself here exceedingly well. He is annoyed very little with callers. In fact none but his friends call to see him and most of them have already paid their respects and will not again see him until the wedding tonight.

Wake up, wage-earners, each of you to his own interest imperilled by Bryanism. Imperialism is a bugaboo, and away off, at any rate; but a business panic, repeating the experiment of 1892, is right at hand for 1900, if you fail to work and vote against Bryan and all his associates.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.	335	309	361	303	339	301
	AM	AM	PM	PM	PM	PM
Pittsburgh	10:10	10:10	10:10	10:10	10:10	10:10
Bridgeport	6:20	8:10	8:10	2:12	5:20	11:50
Smiths Ferry	6:25	8:15	8:15	2:17	5:25	11:55
Portland	6:30	8:21	8:21	2:22	5:30	12:00
Industry	6:40	8:31	8:31	2:32	5:40	12:10
Vanport	6:42	8:34	8:34	2:35	5:43	12:13
Rever	6:53	8:41	8:41	2:40	5:48	12:18
Rockester	7:03	8:53	8:53	2:49	5:58	12:23
Cleveland	7:18	9:10	9:10	3:02	6:13	12:43

Eastward.	340	338	300	316	41	363
	AM	AM	PM	PM	PM	PM
Wellsville	7:30	11:12	8:10	3:17	6:37	12:40
Wellsville Shop	7:35	11:15	8:15	3:22	6:42	12:45
Yellow Creek	7:40	11:20	8:20	3:27	6:47	12:50
Empire	7:50	11:28	8:28	3:37	6:57	12:53
Freeman	7:54	11:31	8:31	3:40	6:57	12:53
Corinto	8:02	11:38	8:40	3:55	7:07	12:58
Teabenville	8:23	11:50	8:50	4:23	7:20	13:07
Yingo Je	8:29	12:01	9:00	4:35	7:28	13:17
Brilliant	8:38	12:07	9:10	4:44	7:38	13:27
Yash Run	8:47	12:15	9:20	4:54	7:48	13:36
Portland	8:52	12:21	9:26	5:00	7:53	13:44
Yorkville	8:57	12:26	9:31	5:05	7:58	13:49
Smiths Ferry	9:15	12:33	9:51	5:20	8:08	13:55
Bridgeport	9:25	12:40	10:00	5:25	8:13	14:01
Cleveland	9:35	12:50	10:07	5:35	8:25	14:10

Eastward.	340	338	300	316	41	363
	AM	AM	PM	PM	PM	PM
Wellsville	14:40	19:00	11:05	14:45	16:30	23:25
Bridgeport	4:48	9:05	11:15	4:53	6:38	23:35
Smiths Ferry	4:55	9:15	11:25	4:58	6:45	23:42
Yorkville	5:05	9:25	11:35	5:07	6:55	23:52
Portland	5:09	9:28	11:38	5:10	7:04	23:57
Yash Run	5:14	9:33	11:43	5:14	7:10	24:03
Brilliant	5:21	9:41	11:52	5:24	7:20	24:13
Yingo Je	5:31	9:48	12:00	5:31	7:28	24:21
Teabenville	5:41	9:56	12:08	5:40	7:37	24:30
Corinto	6:03	10:21	12:29	6:11	8:02	24:55
Freeman	6:05	10:25	12:33	6:15	8:07	24:55
Empire	6:13	10:35	12:37	6:21	8:15	25:00
Yellow Creek	6:23	10:48	12:47	6:33	8:26	25:08
Wellsville Shop	6:30	10:54	12:53	6:38	8:32	25:13
Wellsville	6:35	10:58	12:55	6:43	8:38	25:18

Eastward.	340	338	300	316	41	363
	AM	AM	PM	PM	PM	PM
Wellsville	6:45	11:10	3:02	6:55	3:50	5:18
East Liverpool	7:03	11:25	3:12	7:05	4:01	5:33
Smiths Ferry	7:13	11:35	3:22	7:16	4:10	5:43
Smiths Ferry	7:18	11:42	3:30	7:24	4:17	5:50
Industry	7:25	11:50	3:36	7:28	4:23	5:56
Vanport	7:35	12:03	3:46	7:38	4:32	6:05
Rever	7:42	12:08	3:50	7:45	4:36	6:11
Rockester	7:50	12:18	3:58	7:55	4:45	6:21
Pittsburgh	8:40	1:05	4:55	8:40	5:40	7:10

Dark Faced Type denotes 12 noon to 12 midnight. Light Faced, 12 midnight to 12 noon. Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 301 and 302, and Parlor Cars on Nos. 303 and 316 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashabula and intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie, Ashabula and intermediate stations. Nos. 335 and 303 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. Nos. 340 and 360 connect with Nos. 335 and 303 at Wellsville. L. F. LORÉE, General Manager, E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent. 7-8-00-H PITTSBURGH, PENNA. For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

FEARS FOR A SHIP.

Vessel Left Holland, Mich., In Fierce Gale.

OVER 300 PASSENGERS ABOARD.

Life Saving Crew Patrolled the Beach, at Milwaukee, but Had Not Sighted the Steamer—Two People Lost Their Lives at Chicago.

Milwaukee, Sept. 12.—In midst of a 60 mile gale the steamer F and P No. 5, of the Pere Marquette line, is reported to have left Holland, Mich., Tuesday afternoon with over 300 passengers. The life saving crew at this port was patrolling the lake front, but up to 12:30 this morning the steamer had not been sighted. The passenger list is said to include a number of delegates to the convention of Red Men. The Marquette line's agent said the steamer was not yet due, and he believed the vessel was safe.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—The storm here was one of the most severe that has visited Chicago in years. At one time the wind reached a velocity of 72 miles an hour, and was not less than 50 miles some of the time. Two people lost their lives as a result of the gale and a number were injured. The damage from broken windows, falling signs and trees will run into thousands of dollars. Marine interests were warned by storm signals early in the day and only the staunchest vessels of the regular lines ventured out.

STRIKE SEEMS IMMINENT.

Mitchell Says Operators Must Confer, or He Will Order Anthracite Miners Out.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—"I will leave for Indianapolis tomorrow night and if upon arrival there Thursday morning I fail to hear anything from the operators in New York indicative of their willingness to meet us in conference I shall immediately order a strike."

These were the words of John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America last night.

"It is with the greatest reluctance that I take this step," continued Mr. Mitchell, "but nothing else remains for us to do. It is possible that the operators will at the last moment agree to arbitrate our difficulties but I must say the prospect is not encouraging."

A DAY IN WALL STREET.

Prevalent Ease of Money Apparently Due to Scanty Demand—Movements of Some Stocks.

New York, Sept. 12.—There was a larger attendance of members of the stock exchange at the opening of the board Tuesday morning than for several months past. This was due partly to the returning tide from summer vacations, but there seemed to be an expectation among brokers and operators, which was not realized, that some renewal of interest in securities was about to be shown. London bought on a moderate scale here, that market being encouraged by continued ease of money and this helped the recovery from the opening decline here. The enthusiasm of the professional traders was short-lived, however. They created a slight flurry in the coalers, marking up New Jersey Central 2½ and Reading first preferred a point on the prevalent belief that a way will be found to adjust the differences of the miners and coal operators. There was some short covering in Sugar, People's Gas and Brooklyn Transit, these three stocks maintaining their conspicuous position in the trading. Later there was some demand for Southern Railway preferred and Louisville & Nashville, seemingly based on the immunity of their cotton territory from damage by the hurricane. There were isolated movements in United States Leather preferred, General Electric, Colorado Fuel preferred, Chicago & Eastern Illinois, Cleveland C. C. & St. Louis preferred, and Chicago Great Western preferred. These were all gains except for Chicago & Eastern Illinois. The better comprehension of the extent of the Texas disaster and St. Paul's decreased earnings proved depressing factors and helped to overcome the advance. Missouri Pacific, Kansas & Texas preferred and St. Louis Southwest preferred were all weak. Otherwise the roads in the affect-4 territory moved narrowly. This was true, in fact, of the whole list and the final prices showed very few important net changes. A stiffening of the rate for call loans to 2 per cent attracted attention to the possibilities of a money squeeze during the autumn. The rate fell back to 1½ per cent when the banks came into the stock exchange with their unplaced balances late in the day. The prevalent ease of money is evidently due to the exceedingly scanty demand, and any active speculation will probably make rapid inroads upon the resources of the banks. It is pointed out that the surplus of the associated banks is concentrated in a few institutions.

Kansas City Southern 3s rallied 2½.

Otherwise the bond market was without any feature. Total sales par value, \$940,000.

United States old 4s advanced ¼ and the 8s reg. ½ do. coup. ½ per cent in the bid price.

WANT THE MILWAUKEE TERMS.

Youngstown Union Plants Demand Ill. Steel Company's Privileges.

Youngstown, O., Sept. 12.—Manager Patrick, of the American Steel Hoop Company's plant in this city, which, with all other mills having relations with the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, are shut down pending a settlement of the scale question, assembled his men, and after informing them of the agreement entered into by the Amalgamated officials with the Illinois Steel Company, whereupon the latter is privileged to operate its Milwaukee plant on the terms proposed by the manufacturers at the late conference at Detroit, demanded that they go to work on the same terms.

The men would not commit themselves, but agreed to communicate the demand to President Shaffer and abide by his decision. District Manager Campbell, of the Republican Iron & Steel Company, also announced his purpose to make a similar demand on the men employed in the several plants under his jurisdiction.

THE WEATHER.

West Virginia—Fair, cooler today. Tomorrow fair; south to west winds.

Western Pennsylvania—Showers and cooler today, with south to west gales. Tomorrow fair.

Ohio—Cooler today, with showers, except in extreme southern portion, south to west gales on Lake Erie. Tomorrow fair.

LEAGUE GAMES YESTERDAY.

At New York—Chicago, 3 runs, 8 hits and 5 errors; New York, 14 runs, 23 hits and 2 errors. Batteries—Callahan, Dexter and Chance; Hawley and Bowerman. Umpire—Emslie.

At New York—(Second game)—Chicago, 3 runs, 7 hits and 0 errors; New York, 3 runs, 6 hits and 2 errors. Batteries—Griffith and Kling; Carrick and Bowerman. Umpire—Emslie. Attendance—2,000.

At Philadelphia—Pittsburg, 2 runs, 8 hits and 1 error; Philadelphia, 0 runs, 3 hits and 0 errors. Batteries, Leever and O'Connor; Orth and McFarland. Umpire—O'Day. Attendance, 2,942.

At Boston—Boston, 7 runs, 10 hits and 2 errors; St. Louis, 4 runs, 7 hits and 3 errors. Batteries—Lewis and Clark; Sudhoff and Baelow. Umpire—Hurst. Attendance—1,000.

At Brooklyn—Cincinnati, 6 runs, 14 hits and 2 errors; Brooklyn, 6 runs, 7 hits and 2 errors. Batteries—Phillips and Kahoe; McGinnity, Howell and McGuire. Umpire—Snyder. Attendance—1,100.

How the Clubs Stand.

W. L. Pe.	W. L. Pe.
Brooklyn.....66 44 600	Chicago.....55 60 478
Pittsburg.....66 49 574	St. Louis.....52 63 464
Phila.....58 54 518	Cincinnati.....52 60 464
Boston.....54 58 482	New York.....47 65 420

League Schedule Today.

Pittsburg at Philadelphia, Chicago at New York, Cincinnati at Brooklyn and St. Louis at Boston.

American League Games Yesterday.

At Chicago—Chicago, 9 runs, 11 hits and 4 errors; Cleveland, 1 run, 6 hits and 3 errors. Batteries—Denzer and Wood; Baker and Cross. Umpire—Dwyer. Attendance—400.

At Kansas City—Kansas City, 6 runs, 11 hits and 2 errors; Indianapolis, 3 runs, 11 hits and 5 errors. Batteries—Gear and Goding; Milligan and Heydon. Umpire—Cantillon. Attendance—1,000.

At Kansas City—(Second game)—Kansas City, 4 runs, 15 hits and 6 errors; Indianapolis, 10 runs, 11 hits and 1 error. Batteries—Patten and McManus; Gardner and Powers. Umpire—Cantillon.

The two Minneapolis-Buffalo games were postponed on account of rain.

Milwaukee-Detroit game postponed account wet grounds.

Yesterday's Inter-State Results.

At Toledo—Toledo, 2 runs, 9 hits and 3 errors; Dayton, 7 runs, 14 hits and 0 errors. Batteries—Kenna and Arthur; Gilpatrick and Deal.

At Wheeling—Wheeling, 4 runs, 12 hits and 2 errors; Mansfield, 3 runs, 11 hits and 0 errors. Batteries—Pardee and Ritter; Ames and Fox.

At Wheeling—(Second game)—Wheeling, 3 runs, 6 hits and 4 errors; Mansfield, 8 runs, 7 hits and 2 errors. Batteries—Skopec and Ritter; Meredith and Fox.

At Marion—Marion, 3 runs, 5 hits and 5 errors; New Castle, 2 runs, 7 hits and 0 errors. Batteries—Guese and Lynch; Taylor and Graffius.

At Anderson—Anderson, 0 runs, 7 hits and 4 errors; Fort Wayne, 7 runs, 9 hits and 1 error. Batteries, Mahaffey and Quinn; Swaim and Kleinow.

The Inter-State Standing.

W. L. Pe.	W. L. Pe.
Dayton.....89 44 609	Mansfield.....67 64 511
Ft. Wayne.....81 54 600	Anderson.....68 75 486
Toledo.....79 56 585	New Castle.....44 92 324
Wheeling.....76 57 571	Marion.....40 92 303

Inter-State Games Scheduled For Today.

Anderson at New Castle, Toledo at Marion, and Mansfield at Wheeling.

OHIO IN CONGRESS

FROM 1803 TO 1901.

CHARLES E. BROWN.

Charles Elwood Brown was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, July 4, 1834. He was educated in the public schools, Greenfield academy and Miami university, where he graduated in the class of 1854. He went to Baton Rouge in the capacity of a tutor, and while thus engaged read law. He returned to Chillicothe, Ohio, in 1859, and was admitted to the bar and began the practice of his profession. On the 23d of October, 1861, he enlisted as a private soldier in Company B, Sixty-third Ohio Volunteer Infantry, was commissioned captain and promoted to major for meritorious service, March 20, 1863, and to lieutenant colonel May 17 of the same year.

He commanded his regiment in the Atlanta campaign, and in the battle in front of Atlanta, July 22, 1864, lost his left leg. While invalided he served as provost marshal of the Eighteenth Ohio district. He was promoted to colonel June 6, 1865, and subsequently brevetted brigadier general for gallant and meritorious conduct in front of Atlanta. He resumed the practice of law in Chillicothe in 1866. In 1872 he was appointed pension agent at Cincinnati by President Grant, and took up his residence there.

He was elected as a Republican to the Forty-ninth congress in 1884 from the Second district, a part of Hamilton county. He was elected to the Fiftieth congress from the same district in 1886. His record in congress was highly commendable. After retiring from congress he continued the practice of his profession in Cincinnati.

CHARLES M. ANDERSON.

Charles M. Anderson of Greenville, Darke county, where he still resides in the practice of his profession, has been for many years a Democratic leader and organizer, has been chairman of the Democratic state executive committee, and during the civil war was a brave, dashing and gallant soldier and officer, winning repeated promotions.

He was born in Juniata county, Pennsylvania, Jan. 5, 1845, and came to Ohio ten years later. He was educated in the public schools, and through his own exertions read law and was admitted to the practice in 1868, and rose to the head of his profession. He is a brilliant and forcible speaker and incisive debater.

He was elected to the Forty-ninth congress in 1884 from the Fourth district, comprising the counties of Darke, Miami and Montgomery. Owing to a change of districts he failed of a renomination. He has since followed the practice of his profession in his adopted city, and was for many years one of the managers of the Soldiers' Home at Dayton, in which he still takes a deep interest.

JOHN LITTLE.

John Little of Xenia, Greene county, was born in Ross township of that county in 1837. He attended the common schools and graduated from Antioch college in 1862. He read law with Judge James A. Winans, and was admitted to the practice in 1865, and entered actively upon his profession in 1867.

He was prosecuting attorney of Greene county from 1867 to 1869, when he resigned to enter the Ohio legislature as a member of the house, where he served two terms, from 1870 to 1873. He was elected attorney general of the state in 1873 and re-elected to the same position in 1875, being among the ablest attorneys general of the state.

He was elected as a Republican to the Forty-ninth congress in 1884, from the Eighth district, composed of the counties of Greene, Fayette, Champaign, Clark and Clinton. He served but one term in congress. In 1899 he is in the practice of his profession at Xenia.

WILLIAM C. COOPER.

William C. Cooper of Mt. Vernon was born in that city Dec. 18, 1832, receiving his education in the public schools and the Mt. Vernon academy. He was admitted to the bar and achieved success in the legal profession, being still active in it. He was prosecuting attorney of Knox county from January, 1859, to January, 1863; mayor of Mt. Vernon from April, 1862, to April, 1864; was a member of the lower house of the legislature from January, 1872, to January, 1874, and was judge advocate general of the state from January, 1879, to January, 1884, and was for many years president of the board of education of Mt. Vernon. He has always been a Republican.

In 1884 he was elected to the Forty-ninth congress from the Ninth district, Knox, Delaware, Madison, Marion, Morrow and Union counties. He was elected to the Fiftieth in 1886 from the Ninth district, then composed of Knox, Delaware, Morrow, Union, Marion and Hardin counties, and was re-elected from the same district in 1888 to the Fifty-first congress. His services in congress were satisfactory to his party and constituents generally.

WILLIAM W. ELLSBERRY.

Dr. William W. Ellsberry of Georgetown was one of the leading physicians of that part of the state. He was born in New Hope, Brown county, Ohio, Dec. 18, 1833. He received a thorough education in the public schools and in a private academy in Clermont county, and graduated with high honors from the Cincinnati Medical college.

He was prominent in medical societies and circles, and actively participated in all conventions for the improvement of medical science. He declined the position of superintendent of the Central Hospital for the Insane tendered him by Governor R. M. Bishop. He was an active Democrat and was a delegate to the Democratic national convention in Cincinnati, 1880.

He was elected to the Forty-ninth congress in 1884 from the Eleventh district, Brown, Adams, Highland and Ross counties, and served one term.

ALBERT C. THOMPSON.

Judge Albert Clifton Thompson of Portsmouth was born in Brookville, Jefferson county, Pennsylvania, Jan. 23, 1842, and received his education in the common schools of that town and at Cannonsburg, Pennsylvania. He was admitted to the bar Dec. 13, 1864, and began the practice at Portsmouth.

He was elected probate judge of Scioto county in October, 1869, and judge of the court of common pleas in the Seventh judicial district in 1881. During the Civil War he served as second lieutenant of company B, One Hundred and Fifth Pennsylvania volunteer infantry, and was made captain of company K of the same regiment Nov. 28, 1861, and was discharged March 23, 1863, because of wounds received in battle.

He was elected as a Republican to the Forty-ninth congress in 1884 from the Twelfth district, Scioto, Lawrence, Vinton, Pike and Jackson counties; was elected to the Fiftieth in 1886 from the Eleventh district, consisting of Scioto, Adams, Lawrence, Gallia, Jackson and Vinton, and re-elected from the same district to the Fifty-first congress in 1888. He was legislated out of congress in 1890 after making a good record.

In 1897 he was a made a member of the commission to codify the laws of the United States, and in 1898 was made a United States district judge, a position for which he was peculiarly fitted, and is still on the bench.

TO BE CONTINUED

The First National Bank Of East Liverpool, O.

President—DAVID BOYCE.
Vice President—J. M. KELLY.
Cashier—N. G. MACRUM.
Asst. Cash'r—THOS. H. FISHER.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

DAVID BOYCE. W. L. THOMPSON.
J. M. KELLY. O. C. VODREY.
B. C. SIMMS. JNO. C. THOMPSON.
JAS. N. VODREY.

Capital, - - - \$100,000
Surplus, - - - 80,000

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7-room dwelling on Ridgeway ave., lot 31 by 130, with summer kitchen, in perfect condition. Price \$8,700.

11-room business building on East Market street, with all modern improvements, one square from Diamond. Call at office for price.

8-room double dwelling on Second street, a splendid investment. Price \$2,800.

A modern dwelling on Sixth street, lot 30 by 130. This is one of the most desirable dwellings on Sixth street, and anyone that is desirous of owning a home without having the trouble of building should look at this. Price \$5,500.

Geo. H. Owen & Co.

General Insurance and Real Estate Agents.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,
Both Phones 49.



Time table effective May 28, 1900. Trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

	Lv. Lisbon.	Ar. N. Galliee.
No. 6.....	2 35 p. m.	3 40 p. m.
No. 40.....	6 20 a. m.	7 25 a. m.
No. 36.....	12 00 a. m.	2 20 p. m.

	Lv. N. Galliee.	Ar. Lisbon.
No. 6.....	8 25 a. m.	9 30 a. m.
No. 45.....	5 10 p. m.	6 08 p. m.
No. 35.....	5 00 a. m.	11 15 a. m.

CONNECTIONS AT NEW GALILEE.

Connections at New Galilee with Pennsylvania Co's trains to and from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburgh, Beaver Falls, East Liverpool, Wellsville, Bellaire, Alliance, Canton, Chicago, Erie, New Castle, Ashtabula, Youngstown, and intermediate points.

R. F. BARINGER,
General Passenger Agent

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CHOICE MEALS. Only 25c.

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Well, we have opened our fountain for the season and can promise you, on our reputation, to furnish you the best Soda Water in the city. We do not ask you to patronage our soda if we do not satisfy you that the above is correct.

Respectfully,

ALVIN H. BULGER.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Applegate left today for Pittsburg.

Miss Bertha Sample returned home yesterday from New York.

Rev. and Mrs. O. C. Crawford are the guests of friends in the city.

Mayor Davidson collected \$207 40 in fines and licenses last month.

William Cline was drunk this morning and Officers Rhue and Rose arrested him.

The household goods of William Witche were received at the freight station yesterday.

The remains of Miss Jane Elizabeth Ault were taken to Beaver on the noon train for interment.

Fred Booth, jr., of this city, and Miss Myrtle Moore, of Lisbon, were married today by Rev. George Fowler.

Miss Kate Hurley, of Salineville, who has been the guest of Miss McGailey, returned to her home yesterday.

Mrs. Blanche Corns has returned to her home in Pittsburg after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Clark, Sixth street.

A small boy while endeavoring to jump a street car on Franklin street hill last night, was thrown and slightly injured.

At council last night Nice called attention to the fact that the fire plugs ordered had never been placed at the National pottery.

The will in the estate of George Morton, late of this city, was admitted to probate. The estate is left to the legal heirs.

Patrol boxes will be placed in the East End in order that the East End fire department may be called when they are needed.

The street commissioner's report presented at council last night showed that his department did general street work last month.

The Wellsville clerks and East Liverpool clerks played ball yesterday afternoon and the Wellsville clerks won by a score of 11 to 10.

Oscar Russell, of Trentvale street, met with a painful accident while scuffling with a friend a day or so ago. His left shoulder and neck received an awful wrench.

Council last night instructed the clerk to notify the light company to either make the light burn at the corner of Illinois and Fairview streets or put up a new light.

The Young Men's Christian Association met last night and decided to close a part of the building between September 15 and October 15. The bath and reading rooms will be open from 1 to 10 o'clock each day.

The monument now being erected in Riverview cemetery in memory of Joseph Barker, who died at Akron March 9, will be unveiled next Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The monument was donated by the local unions of the Brotherhood of Operative Pottery.

S. Swearangan, of Hancock county, who conducts a dairy near Hookstown, was driving along the road not far from his home at an early hour this morning, when a tree was blown down directly across the road, tearing the rear end of his covered milk wagon completely away.

NOBLY RESPONDING.

EAST LIVERPOOL WILL DO HER SHARE

Toward Contributing Funds to Relieve the Distress at Galveston, Texas.

The East Liverpool people are doing all in their power to aid the Galveston sufferers.

Morris Lang, of the Surprise Clothing House, and George Heisler, of the shoe firm of Heisler & Bence, yesterday started a subscription and it was circulated among the merchants of the Diamond and Fifth and Sixth streets.

They met with excellent success and were only a short time in raising \$58.

The work will be taken up again tomorrow, when they anticipate no difficulty in raising the balance necessary to make up \$100.

The amount collected yesterday was deposited in the First National bank.

Mayor Davidson today issued the following proclamation:

To the Citizens of East Liverpool:

An awful calamity has fallen upon the city of Galveston, Texas. The city has been swept almost out of existence by one of the most terrible floods of modern times. The disaster is one of the most appalling in our country's history, and the survivors are left homeless and in utter destitution. A cry for help comes from the sorely stricken people of Galveston, which should meet with instant response.

Now, therefore, as the mayor of the city of East Liverpool, I most earnestly appeal to the people of East Liverpool to contribute to the relief of the suffering thousands of Galveston with that same prompt generosity which has ever marked their response to appeals for suffering humanity in the past. Prompt relief is necessary if many of the lives which escaped the disastrous flood are to be saved, and it is sincerely to be hoped that East Liverpool will not be backward in furnishing a liberal share of it. The Pottery Building & Savings Co. has kindly consented to act as treasurer of the Galveston Relief Fund, and all remittances to the fund, whether in cash or by check, should be sent to that company at its office on Fifth street. Remember that instant relief is needed. Every day but adds to the horrors of the situation of the sufferers in Galveston, so let your contributions be quick and generous, that they may do the most good before sickness and death set in among the stricken people.

W. C. DAVIDSON,
Mayor.

DODGE THE FACT.

When cornered by the plain proof that Bryan, if he were president, could start silver into circulation as practically the sole currency, putting the country upon a silver basis, by a mere presidential order; the only Democratic reply is that, "Oh, the Republicans control the senate and house just now, and therefore there is no danger." If it is so good to have a Republican senate and house, let's keep them, and keep a president of the same opinion. Why risk a panic?

Business men are very busy, and all are glad of it. Many of them are perhaps too busy to give time to politics. But Democratic politics will give time to them and to their business, and if they don't look out they may get caught as they were in 1892, and in the same way. Then they will not be too busy.

Bank clearings at the money centers show that actual business throughout the country is practically as good as it was last year at this time, but as to new investments, there is everywhere a holding off until it is found out whether Bryanism and its attack upon all values stands a ghost of a chance in the election.

The News Review for all the news.

IN THE PAST.

Democratic Views of Lincoln In the Civil War.

OPINIONS IN THAT CRISIS

Contrasted With What They Say at Present.

LOOKING BACK TO THE CIVIL WAR.

Arguments of Bryan Today the Same as Those in the Storm and Stress of the Civil War—Same Charges Against Lincoln as Are Made Now Against the Present Republican Administration.

A Republican voter who was on the stage of active life during the civil war, and remembers the infamous treatment that Abraham Lincoln received at the hands of the Democratic party and press, will not be deceived by the sham laudations of Mr. Bryan, or the complimentary references to the great war president by the Democratic national platform this year. These are mere traps to catch new voters—men who were not old enough at that period to know of the depth of infamy to which the Democrats descended in their abuse of Lincoln and their opposition to the war for the maintenance of the Union.

No man in American political history (unless it be Washington himself) ever received so much vulgar abuse as did Abraham Lincoln at the hands of the Democratic press and orators. He was habitually referred to as a tyrant, a gorilla, a baboon, a Nero, a Caesar, and an imperialist. He was accused of violating the constitution, of having departed from the principles of the Declaration of Independence, of having a desire to overthrow the republic and set up an empire, and the same cry of "imperialism" was raised against him as is now raised against McKinley. It was alleged that the immense Union army would be used to subvert the liberties of the people, crush the republic, and set up an imperial regime. The absolute folly of all this is patent to every observer. Only a third of a century has passed, and we find the chief apostle of Democracy, and the party itself, in its platform, lauding Lincoln and deploring the departure of the Republican party of today from the precedents he set.

There is no warrant for this. Abraham Lincoln was a progressive man. The Republican party is progressive. There is no doubt that, were Lincoln alive today, he would be in the van of the Republican party and a staunch supporter of every policy which it enunciates. The Democratic cry this year is the same as it was 37 years ago. Below are given a number of extracts from Democratic newspapers of Ohio in the campaigns of '64. They have a familiar ring today, because, allowing for the change in conditions, the charges brought against the Republican party by Mr. Bryan and his crowd, are the same that were brought in those years of civil war:

"It is inconceivable how a war like that which is now carried on against the South, can, if successful, do any thing else than establish a government of force."—Editorial in Cincinnati Enquirer, Oct. 11, 1864.

"Many thousands of soldiers in the army have been grossly duped, deceived and defrauded by the radical Republican and Abolition leaders."—Editorial of Ohio Statesman Sept. 20, 1863, discussing Lincoln's war policy.

"The only way the country and Union can be saved is for the people, in such numbers and such force, to rally and unite for the restoration of peace on the basis of the constitution, that the consent of dreamy, crazy Abolition fanatics shall not be necessary."—Editorial in Ohio Statesman, Sept. 8, 1863.

"Nero fiddled while Rome was burning, Cromwell bedaubed the face of another judge with ink while he was signing the death warrant of Charles

I, and Abraham Lincoln called for a comic negro song when he was surrounded by corpses upon the battlefield of Antietam."—Editorial in Cincinnati Enquirer, Sept. 8, 1864.

"A restoration of the Union on the basis of the constitution, and the consequent cessation of this murderous and desolating war."—Editorial in Ohio Statesman, July 1, 1863.

"Some go so far as to desire Mr. Lincoln's death, to get him out of the way."—Editorial in Cincinnati Enquirer, Aug. 29, 1864.

"If Lincoln is entitled to the gratitude of the black, ought he not to receive the eternal curses and maledictions of the white race?"—Editorial in Cincinnati Enquirer, Aug. 11, 1864.

"The administration will find out that tyranny can not permanently succeed in this country."—Editorial in Cincinnati Enquirer, Aug. 10, 1864.

"The Negro and Lincoln stand in the way of peace."—Editorial in Ohio Statesman, Aug. 1, 1864.

"An Absolute dictator—as absolute as Peter the Great or Philip II. Thus has American liberty perished in form, as well as in substance."—Editorial in Cincinnati Enquirer, Aug. 4, 1864.

"A voluntary union of 20 or even 10 states is to be preferred to a coerced unity of 40 states."—Editorial in Cincinnati Enquirer, Aug. 3, 1864.

"We are now making excellent progress toward calling out that 'last man and last dollar,' to whom the Lincolnites are so partial."—Editorial in Cincinnati Enquirer, July 21, 1864.

"The Lincoln flag is the red one of carnage and the black one of unlicensed pillage."—Editorial in Cincinnati Enquirer, Sept. 17, 1864.

"The issue between George B. McClellan and Abraham Lincoln we regard as involving the life and death of the nation—the former carries with it the best hopes of republican government; the latter is the representative and exponent of the destructive element in our politics."—Editorial in Ohio Statesman, Nov. 3, 1894.

"There is in the presidential chair of the United States a ruler as heartless and wicked as any that ever oppressed a people."—Editorial in Ohio Statesman, Oct. 25, 1864.

"The greatest, bloodiest and least profitable war ever waged, must still go on."—"Four years more of war if Lincoln is re-elected."—Editorial in Ohio Statesman, July 23, 1864.

"If Abraham the First should take it into his head to try to re-elect himself 'at the point of the bayonet.'"—Editorial in Ohio Statesman, July 12, 1864.

The American people are soon to be brought face to face at the polls with the author (Lincoln) of all our national calamities. They are to pass upon the conduct of him who, in order to carry out a fanatical theory, has carried mourning into every household."—Editorial in Cincinnati Enquirer, Oct. 14, 1864.

"My paramount object is to save the Union."—From Lincoln's letter to Horace Greeley on Aug. 23, 1862.

This reminds one of Mr. Bryan's "paramount issue" on account of the difference.

BILLY B.
Says he
Don't want
Prosperity.

—Fostoria Review-Dispatch.

About \$250,000,000 is the shrinkage in 18 months in the stock quotations in some 20 of the principal trusts, and all of it brought about by natural conditions—the best enemy of unnatural trade combinations.

The Toledo Blade asks in all seriousness "Can Bryan Dodge?" There never was a mudhen that could beat him, and they're pretty good at that. —Urbana Citizen.

COLORLED EMPLOYEES.

Many of the Race In Governmental Employ.

SALARIES OVER \$6,000,000 A YEAR

What the Present Republican Administration Is Doing For the Race Whose People Dare Not Vote In the South. Facts and Figures.

An official of the treasury department has prepared statistics which show that the tremendous sum of \$6,224,508 has been paid in the form of salaries to colored people by the Federal government in one year. This doubtless will surprise most of those who read this, but it indicates what the present administration has been doing while the Democratic party has been disfranchising the negro in the south.

Many extremely desirable places are filled by colored men under the present administration. J. W. Lyon, as registrar of the treasury, and H. P. Cheatham, as recorder of deeds, get salaries of \$4,000. In the consular service one colored man gets \$5,000 annually, another \$4,000, two \$2,500, three \$2,000, and several others receive a smaller compensation. Former State Senator John P. Green, of Cleveland, is enjoying a salary of \$2,500 a year as chief of the stamp division of the postoffice department.

There are 50 other colored employees in the postoffice department whose salaries aggregate \$31,530, and in the secretary's office of the department of the interior 23 get \$19,400.

In the land office 26 colored men get \$34,244, and in the pension office 96 get over \$90,000. In the printing office \$167,737.50 is annually paid to colored men, and under the government of the District of Columbia they get \$55,260. In the treasury department \$250,000 goes in salaries to colored men. In the war department, \$25,000; state department, \$36,000.

In the war with Spain the pay rolls showed that \$4,751,072 was paid to colored men in the army, and in the war in the Philippines the amount paid them annually is \$487,200. In the Spanish war 266 colored men held commissions in the army and received an average salary of \$1,600 each. In the war in the Philippines 72 colored men are commissioned officers and receive salaries of from \$1,400 to \$1,800 per annum. In the war with Spain there were 14,784 enlisted colored men, and in the Philippine war there are now 2,400 colored privates. Two colored men hold appointments as assistant surgeons in the Philippines, and four colored men have been promoted from the ranks to be lieutenants in the army.

NO DEED NEEDED.

Unbroken Democratic Precedent Opposed by Mr. Bryan.

Mr. Bryan said recently: "If a Republican says 'Imperialism' is good, you ask him why it is; if he says that the Filipinos belong to us, ask him how we got them; demand of him an abstract of title to the Filipinos, and he can not show even a quitclaim deed from anybody whoever who had authority to give it."

Let Mr. Bryan ask the same questions about our purchase of Florida from Spain, of Louisiana from France, of Arizona and California from Mexico. Andrew Jackson, Thomas Jefferson and James K. Polk ought to be good enough Democrats, even yet, to have their presidential acts stand approved by the present Democratic party; and they acquired French, Spaniards, Mexicans and Indians, along with the lands, in the very way that the Filipinos have been included with the islands, and not otherwise. What was good enough for the extension of slavery under the old Democracy, certainly ought to be good enough for the extension of freedom in these days.

The managers of the Democratic national campaign are in a predicament. They are realizing that it will become necessary to undertake the most difficult feat possible in a political campaign—to change position and front. The anti-imperialism bugaboo does not go as an issue.